



Figure 15.1-18 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Grand Saline, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-19 Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Harlingen, Texas. Location and Land Use.





Figure 15.1-21 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Hicks, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-22 Proposed Common Point Connection: Houston, Texas. Location and Land Use.







Figure 15.1-24 Proposed Common Point Connection: Houston, Texas. Location and Land Use.





Figure 15.1-25 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: latan, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-26 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Iona, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-28 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Lawrence, Texas. Location and Land Use.







Figure 15.1-29 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Loraine, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-30 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Merkel, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-31 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Miller, Texas. Location and Land Use.



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Figure 15.1-32 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Mineola, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-33 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Monahans, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-34 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Morita, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-35 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Pecos, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-36 Proposed Corridor Uprade: Pegasus, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-37a Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Port Laredo, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-37b Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Port Laredo, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-38 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Preble, Texas. Location and Land Use.





Figure 15.1-40 Proposed Common Point Connections and Construction at Intermodal Facility: San Antonio, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-41 Proposed Common Point Connection: San Antonio, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-42 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: San Martine, Texas. Location and Land Use.



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Figure 15.1-43. Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Stoneburg, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-44 Proposed Construction at Rail Yard: Strang, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-45 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Strawn, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-46 P. oposed Corridor Upgrade: Sweetwater, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-47 Proposed Common Point Connections: Tatsie/Mumford, Texas. Location and Land Use.



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Figure 15.1-48 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Tiffin, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-49 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Toyah, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-50 Proposed Common Point Connection: Valley Junction, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-51 Proposed Common Point Connection: Waco, Texas. Location and Land Use.


Figure 15.1-52 Proposed Common Point Connection: Waco, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-53 Proposed Common Point Connection: West Point, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-54 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Wild Horse, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.1-55 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Wills Point, Texas. Location and Land Use.

NWI LEGEND

SYSTEM

M - MARINE

SUBSYSTEM	1	1 - SUBTID	AL		2	- INTERT	IDAL	•
CLASS	RB ROCK BOTTOM	UB UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM	AB AQUATIC BED	RF REEF OW OPEN I	AB AQUATIC BED	RF - REEF	RS - ROCKY SHORE	US - UNCONSOLIDATED
Subclass	1 Bedrock 2 Rubble	1 Cobble-Gravel 2 Sand 3 Mud 4 Organic	1 Algat 3 Rooted Vascular 5 Unknown Submergent	1 Corat 3 Worm	1 Algal 3 Rooted Vascular 5 Unknown Submergent	1 Coral 3 Worm	1 Bedrock 2 Rubble	1 Cobble-Gravel 2 Sand 3 Mud 4 Organic

SYSTEM

R - RIVERINE

SUBSYSTEM	1 — TI	DAL	2 -	LOWER PERENN	IIAL 3-UF	PER PERE	INNIAL 4-INTE	RMITTENT 5-	UNKNOWN PERENNIA
CLASS	RB ROO BOI	CK	UB UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM	SB STREAMBED	AB AQUATIC BED	RS ROCKY SHORE	US UNCONSOLIDATED	**************************************	OW OPEN WATER/ Unknown Bottom
Subciass	1 Bedrock 2 Rubbie		2 Sand 2 Rut 3 Mud 3 Cot 4 Organic 4 Sar 5 Mu 6 Org	1 Bedrock 2 Rubble 3 Cobble Gravel 4 Sand 5 Mud 6 Organic 2 Vegenic	1 Algal 2 Aquatic Moss 3 Rooted Vascular 4 Floating Vascular 5 Unknown Submergent 6 Unknown Surface	1 Bedrock 2 Rubbie	1 Cobble Gravel 2 Sand 3 Mud 4 Organic 5 Vegetated	2 Nonpersistent	

*STREAMBED is limited I. TIDAL and INTERMITTENT SUBSYSTEMS, and comprises the only CLASS in the INTERMITTENT SUBSYSTEM **EMERGENT is limited to TIDAL and LOWER PERENNIAL SUBSYSTEMS

SYSTEM	P PALUSTRINE								
CLASS	RB - ROCK BOTTOM	UB - UNCONSOLIDATED BOTTOM	AB - AQUATIC BED	US UNCONSOLIDATED	ML - MOSS LICHEN	EM - EMERGENT	SS SCRUB-SHRUB	FO – FORESTED OW – OPEN WA	
Subclass	1 Bedrock 2 Rubble	1 Cobble-Gravel 2 Sand 3 Mud 4 Organic	1 Algai 2 Aquatic Moss 3 Rooted Vascular 4 Floating Vascular 5 Unknown Submergeni 6 Unknown Surface	1 Cobble Gravet 2 Sand 3 Mud 4 Organic 5 Vegetated	1 Moss 2 Lichen	1 Persistent 2 Nonpersistent	1 Broad-Leaved Deciduous 2 Needle-Leaved Deciduous 3 Broad-Leaved Evergreen 4 Needle-Leaved Evergreen 5 Dead	1 Broad-Leaved Deciduous 2 Naedte-Leaved Deciduous 3 Broad-Leaved Evergreen 4 Needte-Leaved Evergreen	
		Instructions for	or using the le	gend:			6 Deciduous 7 Evergreen	5 Dead 6 Deciduous 7 Evergreen	

Instructions for using the legend:

The NWI Inventory uses a hierarchy of alphabetical and numerical symbols to indicate wetland characteristics. The following example illustrates how the hierarchy works. For a hypothetical wetland type indicated as "L2AB3a" begin by finding the system type indicated by the first symbol; that is, "L" indicates "Lacustrine." The next symbol "2" indicates that the system type is "Littoral." The symbols "AB" indicate that the class is "Aquatic Bed." The symbol "3" indicates that the subclass is "Rooted Vascular." The last symbol "a" is explained in the Modifiers part of the system; the modifier indicates "acid."



NWI LEGEND

Instructions for using the legend:

The NWI Inventory uses a hierarchy of alphabetical and numerical symbols to indicate wetland characteristics. The following example illustrates how the hierarchy works. For a hypothetical wetland type indicated as "L2AB3a" begin by finding the system type indicated by the first symbol; that is, "L" indicates "Lacustrine." The next symbol "2" indicates that the system type is "Littoral." The symbols "AB" indicate that the class is "Aquatic Bed." The symbol "3" indicates that the subclass is "Rooted Vascular." The last symbol "a" is explained in the Modifiers part of the system; the modifier indicates "acid."

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP LEGEND EXPLANATION OF ZONE DESIGNATIONS

Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) display the zone designations for communities according to areas of designated flood hazards. The zone designations used by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) are:

Zone	Explanation
А	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.
AO	Areas of 100-year shallow flooding; flood depth 1 to 3 feet; product of flood depth (feet) and velocity (feet per second) less than 15.
AH	Areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths are between one (1) and three (3) feet; base flood elevations are shown, but no flood hazard factors are determined.
A1-A30	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors determined.
AE	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations determined (for Louisiana).
A99	Areas of 100-year flood to be protected by a flood protection system under construction; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.
В	Areas between limits of 100-year flood and 500-year flood, areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths less than 1 foot.
С	Areas outside 500-year flood.
Х	Areas of combined B and C zones (for Louisiana).
D	Areas of undetermined; but possible, flood hazards.
v	Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.
V1-V30	Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevation and flood hazard factor determined.

Notes

Certain areas not in the special flood hazard areas (zones A and V) may be protected by flood control structures.

FIRMs are for flood insurance rate purposes only; maps may not necessarily show all areas subject to flooding in the community or all planimetric features outside special flood hazard areas.



Figure 15.2-1a Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Big Sandy, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-1b Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Big Sandy, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-2 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Big Sandy, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-3 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Boyd, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-4 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Brazos, Texas. Wetland Information.





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Figure 15.2-6 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Buford to Alfalfa, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-7 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Buford to Alfalfa, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-8 Proposed Common Point Connection: Carrollton Texas. Wetland Information.

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Figure 15.2-9 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Chico, Texas. Wetland Information.



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Figure 15.2-11 Proposed Construction at Rail Yard: Dayton, Texas. Wetland Information.







Figure 15.2-12b Proposed Corridor Upgrade: El Paso, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-13 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Flatonia to Victoria, Texas. Wetland Information.

Figure 15.2-14 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Flatonia to Victoria, Texas. Wetland Information.



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Figure 15.2-16 Proposed Common Point Connections: Fort Worth, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-17 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Grand Prairie, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.2-18 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Grand Saline, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-19 Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Harlingen, Texas. Wetland Information.







Figure 15.2-21 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Hicks, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-22 Proposed Common Point Connection: Houston, Texas. Wetland Information.







Figure 15.2-24 Proposed Common Point Connection: Houston, Texas. Wetland Information.

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NA.



Figure 15.2-25 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: latan, Texas. Location and Land Use.






Figure 15.2-27 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Jayell, Texas. Wetland Information.













Base Map: USGS 7.5' Topographic Quadrangles: Loraine, Texas 1969; Colorado City, Texas 1952 (Photorevised 1979)



Figure 15.2-30 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Merkel, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-31 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Miller, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-32 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Mineola, Texas. Wetland Information.

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Figure 15.2-33 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Monahans, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-34 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Morita, Texas. Wetland Information.

Figure 15.2-35 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Pecos, Texas. Wetland Information.





Figure 15.2-36 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Pegasus, Texas. Wetland Information.





Figure 15.2-37b Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Port Laredo, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-38 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Preble, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-39 Proposed Corridor Upgrade and Common Point Connection: Saginaw, Texas. Location and Land Use.



Figure 15.2-40 Proposed Common Point Connections and Construction at Intermodal Facility: San Antonio, Texas. Wetland Information.





Base Map: USGS 7.5' Topographic Quadrangle: San Antonio East, Texas 1967 (Photorevised 1973)

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Figure 15.2-42 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: San Martine, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-43 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Stoneburg, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-44 Proposed Construction at Rail Yard: Strang, Texas. Wetland Information.

Figure 15.2-45 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Strawn, Texas. Wetland Information. Middle 1053





Figure 15.2-46 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Sweetwater, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-47 Proposed Corridor Upgrades: Tatsie/Mumford, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-48 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Tiffin, Texas. Wetland Information.



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Figure 15.2-49 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Toyah, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-50 Proposed Common Point Connection: Valley Junction, Texas. Wetland Information.



Figure 15.2-51 Proposed Common Point Connection: Waco, Texas. Wetland Information.





Figure 15.2-53 Proposed Common Point Connection: West Point, Texas. Wetland Information.





Figure 15.2-55 Proposed Corridor Upgrade: Wills Point, Texas. Wetland Information.

16.0 UTAH

16.1 PROPOSED ACTIONS AND NO-ACTION ALTERNATIVES

The proposed action in Utah would involve the construction of the project described below which would be constructed generally as described in Section 2.0. The proposed construction is necessary to the efficiency of the merged operations and will result in the benefits discussed in Section 1 of this Part. The no-action alternative assumes that the projects would not be constructed.

Salt Lake - The operation of the merged systems anticipates consolidation of intermodal traffic from SP's existing facility into the UP's intermodal facility which will require the expansion of existing facilities at the North Yard, including additional parking and conversion to crane operations.

16.2 DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING ENVIRONMENT AND POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF PROPOSED ACTIONS

Existing land use information and potential impacts for proposed construction projects in Utah are included in Table 16-1 and shown on Figure 16.1-1. Water resources and wetland information is summarized in Table 16-3 and shown on Figure 16.2-1. Existing biological resources information and potential impacts are presented in Tables 16-4 and 16.5. Information concerning historic and cultural resources information at proposed construction project sites is included in Table 16-6.

Suggested mitigation measures are described in Section 17. Such measures as are appropriate will be implemented before and during construction activities.

16.3 POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF NO-ACTION ALTERNATIVES

Under the no-action alternative, it is assumed that the proposed projects would not be constructed and land use and environmental conditions that currently exist at the proposed sites would remain unchanged. However, if the merger is approved and implemented, elimination of the projects would result in less efficient rail service causing capacity constraints, delays, and slower operating speeds which would result in additional fuel consumption and air emissions.

16.4 SUMMARY OF COMMENTS

To assist in assessing the potential environmental impacts of the proposed UP/SP merger, Dames & Moore sent letters requesting information to various federal, state, and local agencies. In these letters, information was requested for the areas of: air quality, noise, land use, biological and water resources, historic and cultural resources, transportation systems, energy, and public health and safety. Copies of all correspondence received and telephone conversation notes recorded in response to the requests for information are included in Part 6.

For the proposed construction project in this state, the following agencies responded: Salt Lake County Board of Commissioners. A summary of comments received prior to October 30, 1995 for Utah is listed below.

 The Salt Lake County Board of Commissioners identified the Northwest Multipurpose Center to be within approximately 1.5 miles of the project site and stated that the proposed project would have negligible impacts on the park.

16.5 REFERENCES

16.5.1 Land Use

- Campbell, Doug, 1995. Personal communication with the County of Salt Lake Development Services from D. Lowery, Dames & Moore.
- Davis County, 1995. Personal communication with Davis County from Irene Merrifield, Dames & Moore.
- Doerr, Paul, Personal communication with Salt Lake City Building Services & Licensing Department from Irene Merrifield, Dames & Moore.
- Hawkins, Lois, 1995. Personal communication with Davis County from D. Lowery, Dames & Moore.
- Wood, Rod, 1995. Personal communication with Davis County from D. Lowery, Dames & Moore.

- U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1994. State soil geographic (STATSGO) data base.
- U.S. Geological Survey, various dates. Land use and land cover maps.
- U.S. Geological Survey, various dates. 1:24,000-scale topographic maps.
- Vasquez, Isabel, 1995. Letter to Julie Donsky, Dames & Moore, from Salt Lake County Board of Commissioners.

16.5.2 Water Resources and Wetlands

- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), various dates. FEMA Flood Insurance. Rate Maps (FIRM) for Utah.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, various dates. National Wetland Inventory Maps. U.S. Geological Survey, various dates. 1:24,000-scale topographic maps.

16.5.3 Biological Resources

- England, Larry, 1995. Personal communication with Brian Leatherman, Dames & Moore, from United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Salt Lake City, Utah, October 5.
- Perkins, Jane, 1995. Personal communication/correspondence with Brian Leatherman, Dames & Moore, from Utah Division of Wildlife. October 6.
- Robinette, Kevin, 1995. Personal communication/correspondence with Brian Leatherman, Dames & Moore, from Utah Division of Wildlife. October 10.

16.5.4 Historic and Cultural Resources

Bradley, Denise, Dames & Moore, 1995. Telephone message to Utah Historic Preservation Office.

16.5.5 Air Quality

- 40 CFR Part 81 Designation of Areas for Air Quality Planning Purposes, Appendix A to Part 81.
- 40 CFR Part 81 Designation of Areas for Air Quality Planning Purposes, Sub Part C Section 107, Attainment Status Designation.
- 40 CFR Part 1105 Procedures for Implementation of Environmental Laws.

16.5.6 Noise

Rathe, E.J., 1977. "Railway Noise Propagation," Journal of Sound and Vibration, vol. 51, no. 3, pp. 371-388.

Saurenman, H.J., Nelson, J.T. and Wilson, G.P., 1982. "Handbook of Urban Rail Noise and Vibration Control," UMTA-MA-06-099-82-1.

TABLE 16-1

EXISTING LAND USE INFORMATION AT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LOCATIONS IN UTAH

Location/Station	Existing Land Uses	General Plan Designation	Zoning Designation	Structures Near Site		Occurrence Within	
				Within 500 Feet	Length in Urbanized Areas (feet)	Prime Farmland	Coastal Zone
Salt Lake City	Site: Transportation Surrounding: Strip mines or quarries or gravel pits, industrial, transportation, other urban or built-up land, residential, mixed rangeland.	Manufacturing	Manufacturing (R-R development allowed)	71	0	Yes	No

TABLE 16-2

POTENTIAL LAND USE IMPACTS AT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LOCATIONS IN UTAH

Location/Station	Compatible with Surrounding Land Uses	Consistent with General Plan/Zoning Designation	Potential Loss of Prime Farmland
Salt Lake City	Yes - Not significant	Yes - Not significant	Not expected - Not significant ¹

Construction is anticipated to be largely within existing right-of-way and no prime farmland is expected to be affected.
WATER RESOURCES AND WETLAND INFORMATION AT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LOCATIONS IN UTAH

				Water Resou	rce Type ¹			
Location/Station	bls	wb	wl	cd	tc	mf	55	SD
Salt Lake City	1	-		2		-	-	-

blue-line streams (bls) waterbodies (wb)	11 11	permanent and intermittent watercourses, including creeks, streams, rivers, washes, and sloughs permanent and intermittent bodies of standing water including ponds, lakes, reservoirs, bayous,
wetlands (wl) canals, culverts,	=	catchments, and beaver ponds areas depicted with the USGS wetland symbol, primarily including marshes and wet meadows
ditches (cd)	=	human-made water conveyances
tidal channels (tc)	=	tidal channels including inlets, harbors, bays, and sloughs subject to tidal influences
mudflats (mf) sewage-treatment ponds, industrial waste ponds,	Ξ	permanent to intermittently wet, non-vegetated, usually alkaline, mudflats
salt evaporators, etc. (ss)	=	areas used for public facilities or commercial purposes
springs (sp)	=	areas depicted with the USGS spring symbol

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES INFORMATION AT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LOCATIONS IN UTAH

Location Vege		ation Type	Known and Potential	Parks, Forests,	
	At the Site	Adjacent	Occurrence of Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species in the Area	Refuges, or Sanctuaries within 5 Miles	
Salt Lake City	Ruderal Non-Native Grassland	Ruderal Riparian Wetland	None	Wasatch National Forest	

POTENTIAL IMPACTS TO SENSITIVE BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES AT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LOCATIONS IN UTAH

Location		Potential Impacts To						
	Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species	Critical Habitat	Parks, Forests, Refuges, Sanctuaries					
Salt Lake City	None - NS	None - NS	Not Significant					

NS = Not Significant

EXISTING CONDITIONS AND POTENTIAL IMPACTS FOR HISTORIC AND CULTURAL RESOURCES AT PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION LOCATIONS IN UTAH

Location	Hist	Historic Resources		Archaeological Resources			Potential Impacts
	L	E	U	L	E	U	
Salt Lake City	CI	CI	C1	CI	CI	CI	ND

Note: L, listed on National Register of Historic Places (NRHP); E, determined or recommended eligible for NRHP; U, eligibility for NRHP is unknown; CI, consultation with SHPO and/or data repository has been initiated but not completed at time of report submittal; ND, not determined. The numbers on table denote the number of known historic or archaeological resources within 100 feet of construction areas.

KEY FOR LAND USE

URBAN OR BUILT-UP LAND

RANGELAND

- RE Residential
- C Commercial and services
- I Industrial
- T Transportation, communications and utilities
- I/C Industrial and commercial complexes
- MU Mixed urban or build-up land
- OU Other urban or built-up land

AGRICULTURAL LAND

- CP Cropland and pasture
- CH Orchards, groves, vineyards, nurseries, and ornamental horticultural areas
- CF Confined feeding operations
- CO Other agricultural land

WATER

- WS Streams and canals
- WL Lakes
- WR Reservoirs
- WB Bays and estuaries

WETLAND

WE Forested wetland, and/or nonforested wetland

KEY FOR CULTURAL RESOURCES SITES

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Location of known historic or or archaeological site

- Rh Herbaceous rangeland
- Rsb Shrub and brush rangeland
- Rm Mixed rangeland

FOREST LAND

- FD Deciduous forest land
- FE Evergreen forest land
- FM Mixed forest land

BARREN LAND

- Bsf Dry salt flats
- Bb Beaches
- Bs Sandy areas other than beaches
- Br Bare exposed rocks
- Bm Strip mines, quarries, and gravel pits
- Bt Transitional areas
- B Mixed barren land



Figure 16.1-1 Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Salt Lake City, Utah. Location and Land Use.

NWI LEGEND



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NWI LEGEND



Instructions for using the legend:

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FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP LEGEND EXPLANATION OF ZONE DESIGNATIONS

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A1-A30	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors determined.
AE	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations determined (for Louisiana).
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В	Areas between limits of 100-year flood and 500-year flood, areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths less than 1 foot.
С	Areas outside 500-year flood.
Х	Areas of combined B and C zones (for Louisiana).
D	Areas of undetermined; but possible, flood hazards.
V	Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.
V1-V30	Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevation and flood hazard factor determined.

Notes

Certain areas not in the special flood hazard areas (zones A and V) may be protected by flood control structures.

FIRMs are for flood insurance rate purposes only; maps may not necessarily show all areas subject to flooding in the community or all planimetric features outside special flood hazard areas.



Figure 18.2-1 Proposed Construction at Intermodal Facility: Salt Lake City, Utah. Wetland Information.

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17.0 SUGGESTED MITIGATION

Based on a review of: (1) the resources at and near the proposed construction projects; (2) standard practices and measures used on previous projects; and (3) agency suggestions and recommendations received in communications, the following mitigation measures are suggested for implementation, where appropriate, before and during construction activities.

17.1 LAND USE

- Disposal of woody vegetation and other construction debris in compliance with applicable state and local regulations.
- Compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act, including submittal of completed Form AD-100€ to the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.
- Consultation with local agencies as necessary to determine the need to obtain land use permits.

17.2 WATER RESOURCES AND WETLANDS

- Minimization of disturbance to water resources, including design considerations to:
 - reduce construction footprints,
 - adjust proposed locations or alignments of connections, corridor upgrades, and facilities to avoid water resources, crossings of permanent streams and waterbodies, if possible.
- Proper servicing of mechanized equipment to lessen the potential for leakage of petrochemicals (such as diesel and lubricants) in and near wetlands areas.
- In and near wetlands areas, restriction of mechanized equipment to the area required to complete construction activities.
- Proper disposal of excavated material (cut) in excess of that required for use as railbed material and materials excavated within tunnels.

- Staging construction equipment and stockpiles of construction materials away from water resources, both on-site and off-site.
- Implementation of additional BMPs as necessary to minimize impacts to water resources and wetlands.
- Consultation with the appropriate state and federal agencies prior to the start of construction activities to determine the need for permits.

17.3 BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

- Implementation of BMPs as necessary regarding the use of mechanized equipment and ground-disturbing activities to minimize impacts to vegetation types and wildlife habitats.
- Consultation with the USFWS and appropriate state agencies if rare, threatened, or endangered species are discovered at or near the construction projects and development of additional mitigation measures as necessary.
- Identification of vegetation and habitat types in areas of potential disturbance and areas likely to contain rare, threatened or endangered plant or wildlife species.
 Survey during the appropriate time of year for species identification and observation.

17.4 HISTORIC AND CULTURAL RESOURCES

- Further consultation with SHPOs, if appropriate, to develop mitigation measures for historic properties that are determined eligible for, or are listed on, the National Register and to determine the need for additional surveys at some construction locations.
- Consultation with the SHPO if previously unknown archaeological remains are discovered during ground disturbance.

17.5 SAFETY

 Installation, as necessary, of appropriate safety devices at grade crossings during construction.

- Performance of construction in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements.
- Consultation with appropriate agencies if hazardous waste issues are discovered at the sites.

17.6 TRANSPORTATION

 If appropriate, rerouting construction traffic along the least traveled roads and during off peak travel hours.

17.7 AIR QUALITY

- Application of appropriate dust suppressants to exposed surfaces during construction.
- Installation of wind barriers as appropriate.
- Restriction of vehicles and equipment to construction areas and haul routes.

17.8 NOISE

- Performance of construction activities in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements.
- Maintenance of equipment used on construction projects in good operating condition.
- Restriction of vehicles and equipment to construction areas and haul routes.
- Employment of BMP's to reduce noise levels in residential areas.





FILED	Before the INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION	ENTERED Office of the Secretary
NUV 3 0 1995	Finance Docket No. 32760	1.05 0 0 1995
INTERSTATE	FIC CORPORATION, UNION PACIFIC RAILROA	For Partel

CONTROL AND MERGER — SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAIL CORPORATION, SOUTHERN PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, SPCSL CORP. AND THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY

AND MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

RAILROAD MERGER APPLICATION

VOLUME 6, PART 6

ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT (EXHIBIT 4) -APPENDIX

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November 30, 1995

ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY/ SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY MERGER

PART 6 OF 6 APPENDIX

Prepared by: Dames & Moore 5425 Hollister Avenue Suite 160 Santa Barbara, California 93111

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SECTION A

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CONSULTATION

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SECTION A-1

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

SAMPLE LETTER TO AGENCIES

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

The solution

September 30, 1995

Mr. Mike Chiratti Chief Projects Analyst Office of Planning and Research 1400 Tenth Street Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Mr. Chiratti:

Dames & Moore is preparing the Environmental Report for the application for merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The attached list and maps show construction projects which are currently identified within your state. In some states there may be additional construction projects and/or rail segments which will be affected by the proposed merger. We will advise you if and when these additional projects become identified.

To prepare our Environmental Report, we are requesting that you inform us of any concerns you have and provide information regarding:

- protected species information (State; Federal) within 5 miles of each site.
- listing of critical habitats within 5 miles of each site.
- locations of parks and refuges in proximity to the proposed projects.
- citations to any permitting/approval authority which you believe your state has over the actions identified.
- any other information you would like to provide regarding environmental matters or local concerns at these sites.

We woul I appreciate receiving the requested information at your earliest convenience. We would further appreciate it if the information could be supplied in writing or orally to the undersigned at the address and phone/fax numbers on this letterhead. The railroads will be filing our Environmental Report with their application to the Interstate Commerce Commission ("ICC") on or before December, and thus your prompt reply will ensure that our report, which the ICC will consider in preparing its own environmental assessment of the above-described project, includes consideration of your views.

We very much appreciate your assistance.

Very truly yours, DAMES & MOORE, INC.

Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist

CONTACT LIST

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

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FEDERAL

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AGENCY RESPONSES

CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

y....



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY GALVESTON DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 1229

GALVESTON, TEXAS 77553-1229

ATTENTION OF

October 26, 1995

Environmental Resources Branch

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore, Jnc. 1701 Golf Road Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

This is in response to your letters of September 22 and September 30, 1995 concerning sites within the State of Texas which are being considered for abandonment or construction as a result of the merger between Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The segments under Galveston District jurisdiction are in Fayette, Jefferson, Liberty, Harris, Galveston, Victoria, and Cameron counties. A copy of the September 22 letter with accompanying information was forwarded to the Fort Worth District on October 2, while copies of the September 30 letter with accompanying information has been forwarded to the Fort Worth, Albuquerque and Tulsa districts. The Fort Worth District may be contacted at:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Planning Division P.O. Box 17300 Fort Worth, Texas 76102-0300

The Albuquerque District may be contacted at:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Engineering and Planning Division P.O. Box 1580 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103-1580

The Tulsa District may be contacted at:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Planning Division P.O. Box 61 Tulsa, Oklahoma 74121-0061

Review of those segments under Galveston District jurisdiction has elicited the following comments:

a. The Chief of our Evaluation Section should be contacted at 409/766-3938, once plans are finalized, to determine if Department of the Army permits are required. Please reference File No. D-7125 in your communications.

b. The Environmental Report should indicate if structures will be removed at stream crossings or if other actions will be taken to ensure unrestricted streamflow through abandoned crossings, cuts, and ditches.

We appreciate the opportunity to review and comment upon the proposed projects and trust that this response facilitates your planning and implementation process.

Sincerely,

Richard Medina Chief, Environmental Resources Branch



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY ALBUQUERQUE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O.BOX 1580 ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87103-1580 FAX (505) 766-2770

ATTENTION OF:

October 31, 1995

Construction and Operations Division Regulatory Branch

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore, Inc. One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

This letter is in reference to your letter dated September 30, 1995, regarding the proposed construction and extension of rail siding concomitant with the merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads at the following seven locations:

1. In the vicinity of North Mill Creek, near Oscura, Lincoln County, New Mexico;

2. In the vicinity of White Oaks Spring, near Robsart, Lincoln County, New Mexico;

3. In the vicinity of an unnamed tributary to Pintada Arroyo, near Arabella, Guadalupe County, New Mexico;

4. In the vicinity of San Pablo Draw, near Leoncito, — Guadalupe County, New Mexico;

5. In the vicinity of Blanca Creek, near Palomas, Quay County, New Mexico;

6. In the vicinity of Sevenmile Creek, near Clifford, Lincoln County, Colorado; and

7. In the vicinity of First View, Cheyenne County, Colorado.

We have assigned Action No. 199500443 to your file. This letter supplements the letter sent to you by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, El Paso, Texas, Regulatory Office, dated October 23, 1995, regarding the construction of siding at the site near Tularosa, Otero County, New Mexico. Additionally, we have referred five Colorado sites--Utah Jct. to Sandown Jct., SP Denver, Mesa, Strasburg, and Cedar Point--to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Omaha District, Trilakes Regulatory Office, because these sites are within their jurisdiction, and it was their preference that they respond directly to your inquiry. The point of contact is Tim Carey, and his phone number is (303) 979-4120. Your letter was faxed to Mr. Carey on October 30, 1995.

Regulations pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (Appendix A to 33 CFR 330) describe Nationwide Permit No. 26 for discharges of dredged or fill materials into headwaters and isolated waters of the United States, including wetlands. A summary of Nationwide Permit No. 26 and a brochure describing the Corps regulatory program are enclosed for your information.

The described project includes potential discharge into headwaters (at the Arabella, Palomas, New Mexico, and Clifford, Colorado sites) and possible discharge into isolated waters (at the Oscura, Robsart, and Leoncito, New Mexico sites). It does not appear from the available information that construction at the First View, Colorado site will affect any waters of the United States. Railroad siding can be constructed or extended at these sites, provided it does not result in the loss of more than one acre of waters of the United States at each site. The party responsible for the project must insure compliance with all conditions of the permit.

For discharges which cause the loss of one to ten acres of such waters, notification is required in accordance with General Condition No. 13. Discharges resulting in the loss of more than ten acres of these waters will require an individual Section 404 permit. The acreage of loss of waters of the U.S. includes the filled area plus waters of the U.S. that are adversely affected by flooding, excavation or drainage as a result of the project.

No work can be performed in any wetland (affecting over 1/2 acre) or perennial surface water of New Mexico under this nationwide permit until the permittee has notified the Surface Water Quality Bureau of the New Mexico Environment Department, and has received Environment Department approval of plans and specifications detailing how water quality standards will be attained. An application for the State Water Quality Certification is enclosed. You may contact them at:

New Mexico Environment Department Harold Runnels Building 1190 St. Francis Drive, P.O. Box 26110 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502 Attn: Ms. Cecilia Brown ph. (505) 827-0106 This verification will be valid for 2 years unless the nationwide permit is modified, reissued or revoked. The verification will remain valid if, during that time, the nationwide permit is reissued without modification or the activity complies with any subsequent modification of the nationwide permit authorization. If the nationwide permit authorization expires, is suspended, revoked, or modified such that the activity would no longer comply with the terms and conditions of the nationwide permit, the provisions of 33 CFR 330.6(b) will apply.

To avoid violation of the National Historic Preservation Act, you should immediately notify me if you encounter an archeological or historic site. You should avoid activities that impact the site until clearance is obtained.

Finally, for a list of federally protected species and critical habitats within five miles of each New Mexico site, you may contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife's New Mexico field office at the following address:

> U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service New Mexico Ecological Services State Office 2105 Osuna, N.E. Albuquerque, New Mexico 87113 telephone: (505) 761-4525' fax: (505) 761-4542

Should you have any questions regarding these regulations, please feel free to write or call me at (505) 766-2776.

Sincerely,

essian

Cassandra L. D'Antonio Project Manager

3 Enclosures 1. Nationwide Permit Summary 2. Brochure

3. WQ Cert Appl

-3-

APPLICATION FOR NEW MEXICO WATER QUALITY APPROVAL TO CONDUCT WORK UNDER A NATIONWIDE SECTION 404 PERMIT

New Mexico Environment Department Water and Waste Management Division Surface Water Quality Bureau 1190 St. Francis Drive, P.O. Box 26110, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502

State of New Mexico water quality certification of nationwide permits requires that plans for any work in a perennial water course or work that disturbs more than ½ acre of wetlands must be approved by the Environment Department prior to conducting the work.

1.	Applicant: Name	
	Address	
	Contact	
	Person:	
	Phone	
	Number:	

2. Describe the location of the proposed dredging or filling activity (include an area map) and river or waterbody affected. Be as specific as possible:

3. Type of work: ____* Bank Stabilization

- Maintenance
- ____ Road Crossing
 ____ Above Headwaters
- Above Head
- ____ Other (describe) ____

Describe the work to be done and its purpose:



US Army Corps

Albuquerque District

of Engineers

P.O. Bes 1888

Nationwide APR 3 1992 Permit Summary

HEADWATERS AND ISOLATED WATER DISCHARGES (Reference 33 CFR 330 Appendix A, Paragraph 26)

Discharges of dredged or fill material into headwaters and isolated waters are authorized by this nationwide permit provided:

a. The discharge does not cause the loss of more than 10 acres of waters of the United States;

b. The permittee notifies the district engineer if the discharge would cause the loss of waters of the United States greater than one acre in accordance with the "Notification" general condition. For discharges in special aquatic sites, including wetlands, the notification must also include a delineation of affected special aquatic sites, including wetlands; and,

c. The discharge, including all attendant features, both temporary and permanent, is part of a single and complete project.

For the purposes of this nationwide permit, the acreage of loss of waters of the United States includes the filled area plus waters of the United States that are adversely affected by flooding, excavation, or drainage as a result of the project. The ten-acre and one-acre limits of NWP 26 are absolute, and cannot be increased by any mitigation plan offered by the applicant or required by the district engineer.

Subdivisions: For any real estate subdivision created or subdivided after October 5, 1984, a notification pursuant to subsection (b) of this nationwide permit is required for any discharge which would cause the aggregate total loss of waters of the United States for the entire subdivision to exceed one (1) acre. Any discharge in any real estate subdivision which would cause the aggregate total loss of waters of the United States in the subdivision to exceed ten (10) acres is not authorized by this nationwide permit; unless the district engineer exempts a particular subdivision or parcel by making a written determination that: (1) the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects would be minimal and the property owner had, after October 5, 1964, but prior to January 21, 1992, committed substantial resources in reliance on NWP 26 with regard to a subdivision, in circumstances where it would be inequitable to frustrate his investment-backed expectations, or (2) that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects

would be minimal, high quality wetlands would not be adversely affected, and there would be an overall benefit to the aquatic environment. Once the exemption is established for a subdivision, subsequent lot development by individual property owners may proceed using this nationwide permit. For purposes of this nationwide permit, the term "real estate subdivision" shall be interpreted to include circumstances where a landowner or developer divides a tract of land into smaller parcels for the purposes of selling, conveying, transferring, leasing, or developing said parcels. This would include the entire area of a residential, commercial or other real estate subdivision, including all parcels and parts thereof. (Section 404)

NATIONWIDE PERMIT CONDITIONS

<u>General Conditions</u>: The following general conditions must be followed in order for any authorization by a nationwide permit to be valid:

 Navigation. No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.

 Droper maintenance. Any structure or fill authorized shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety.

3. Erosion and siltation controls. Appropriate erosion and siltation controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date.

4. Aquatic life movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the movement of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species which normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water.

5. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands must be placed on mats or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

6. Regional and case-by-case conditions. The activity must comply with any regional conditions which may have been added by the division engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and any case-specific conditions added by the Corps. To date, one regional condition has been added to this permit (see condition #3, Section 404 only conditions).

7. Wild and Scenic Rivers. No activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System; or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for study

adverse environmental effects or will be contrary to the public interest. The prospective permittee may, at his option, submit a proposed mitigation plan with the predischarge notification to expedite the process and the district engineer will consider any optional mitigation the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects of the proposed work are minimal. The district engineer will consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the nationwide permits and the need for mitigation to reduce the project's adverse environmental effects to a minimal level. The district engineer will, upon receipt of a notification, provide immediately (e.g., facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy to the appropriate offices of the Fish and Wildlife Service, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, and, if appropriate, the National Marine Fisheries Service. With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will then have 5 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to :elephone the district engineer if they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 10 calendar days before making a decision on the notification. The district engineer vill fully consider agency comments received within the specified ime frame, but will provide no response to the resource agency. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. Applicants are encouraged to provide the corps multiple copies of notifications to expedite agency otification. If the district engineer determines that the activity that the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse effects are minimal, he will notify the permittee and include any conditions he deems necessary. If the district engineer determines that the adverse effects of the proposed are more than minimal, he will notify the applicant either (1) that the project does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; or (2) that the project is authorized under the nationwide permit subject to the applicant's submitting a mitigation proposal that would reduce the adverse effects to the minimal level. This mitigation proposal must be approved by the district engineer prior to commencing work. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a mitigation plan, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed mitigation plan, but will not commence a second 30-day notification procedure. If the net adverse effects of the project (with the mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant informing him that the project can proceed under the terms and conditions of the nationwide permit.

(s) Wetlands Delineations: Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the

Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic site. There may be some delay if the Corps does the delineation. Furthermore, the 30-day period will not start until the wetland delineation has been completed.

(f) Mitigation: Factors that the district engineer will consider when determining the acceptability of appropriate and practicable mitigation include, but are not limited to:

(1) To be practicable the mitigation must be available and capable of being done considering costs, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes;

(2) To the extent appropriate, permittees should consider mitigation banking and other forms of mitigation including contributions to wetland trust funds, which contribute to the restoration, creation, replacement, enhancement, or preservation of wetlands.

Furthermore, examples of mitigation that may be appropriate and practicable include, but are not limited to, reducing the size of the project; establishing buffer zones to protect aquatic resource values; and replacing the loss of aquatic resource values by creating, restoring, and enhancing similar functions and values. In addition, mitigation must address impacts and cannot be used to offset the acreage of wetland losses that would occur in order to meet the acreage limits of some of the nationwide permits (e.g., 5 acres of wetlands cannot be created to change a 6-acre loss of wetlands to a 1-acre loss; however, the 5 created acres can be used to reduce the impacts of the 6-acre loss).

Section 404 Only Conditions: In addition to the General Conditions, the following conditions apply only to activities that involve the discharge of dredged or fill material and must be followed in order for authorization by the nationwide permits to be valid:

1. Water supply intakes. No discharge of dredged or fill material may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the discharge is for repair of the public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

2. Shellfish production. Not applicable.

3. Suitable material. No discharge of dredged or fill material may consist of unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, etc.) and material discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see section 307 of the Clean Water Act). Regional Condition for the State of Colorado: The following condition is added to Section 404 Only Conditions, No. 3 Suitable material: Unsuitable materials also include bituminous concrete (asphalt).



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY KANSAS CITY DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 700 FEDERAL BUILDING KANSAS CITY. MISSOURI 64106-2896

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

CEMRK-CO-RE(PJD)

August 22, 1995

CONSULTANTS

THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF INDIVIDUALS OR FIRMS WHO HAVE REQUESTED THAT THEY BE INCLUDED ON A LIST OF CONSULTANTS AVAILABLE TO CONDUCT PRELIMINARY JURISDICTIONAL WETLAND DETERMINATIONS FOR SUBMISSION TO THE KINSAS CITY DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS. THIS LIST IS NOT ALL INCLUSIVE. THERE MAY BE OTHER CONSULTANTS WHO ARE NOT ON THIS LIST. THE KANSAS CITY DISTRICT PROVIDES THIS LIST AS A SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC. THIS LIST IN NOT AN ENDORSEMENT BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS. USERS OF THIS LIST MUST SATISFY THEMSELVES THAT ANY LISTED CONSULTANT IS QUALIFIED. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS LIST, CONTACT MR. MARK FRAZIER AT \$16-426-2118 (FAX \$16-426-2321).

CONSULTANT LIST

B & F Engineering, Inc. 928 Airport Road Hot Springs, Arkansas 71913

POC: Bill Fletcher, President Telephone: (501) 767-2366, FAX: (501) 767-6859

Black & Veatch P.O. Box 8405 Kansas City, MO 64114

POC: Ralph E. Brocks, PhD, Wetland Specialist Telephone: (913) 339-7290, FAX: (913) 339-2934

Burns & McDonnell P.O. Box 419173 Kansas City, MO 64141-6173

POC: Robert Sholl, P.E., Manager, Environmental Studies Telephone: (816) 822-3154, FAX: (816) 333-3690

PCC: Point of Contact



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

KANSAS CITY DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 700 FEDERAL BUILDING KANSAS CITY. MISSOURI 64106-2896

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

October 25, 1995

Western Project Section 96-00113 (KANSAS, MISSOURI, GEN)

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

This is in reply to your September 30, 1995, letter requesting a Department of the Army (DA) permit determination concerning proposed railroad construction projects that are associated with the merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads in Kansas and Missouri.

The Corps of Engineers has jurisdiction over all waters of the United States. Excavation or discharges of dredged or fill material in waters of the United States, including wetlands, require prior authorization from the Corps under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 USC 1344). The implementing regulation for this Act is found at 33 CFR 320-330.

Should the proposed construction require the discharge of fill material into any waters of the United States which includes lakes, streams, rivers, and wetlands a DA permit will be required. However, if the project will not involve work in any waters or wetlands a DA permit will not be required. If a DA permit is required, it must be obtained prior to initiation of the work requiring the permit.

Also, if there is a possibility that a project may involve work in a wetland area a jurisdictional wetland determination should be conducted. Enclosed for your information is a list of wetland consultants that are available for conducting jurisdictional wetland determinations for submission with DA permit applications.

Also enclosed are application forms and copies of our brochure entitled "Activities Requiring Permits" in the Regulatory Jurisdiction of the Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers. Information regarding the projects effect on wildlife, threatened and endangered species may be obtained by contacting the Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks, Route 2, Box 54A, Pratt, Kansas 67124, and the Missouri Department of Conservation, P.O. Box 180, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.

For a permit determination concerning the project sites located in Dexter, Stoddard County, Missouri, you must contact the Memphis District, Corps of Engineers, Federal Building, Room B-202, Memphis, Tennessee.

If you have any questions, please feel free to write me or call me at 816-426-5643 (FAX 816-426-2321).

Sincerely,

Bab Le Danne

Bob McDowell Regulatory Specialist Regulatory Branch

Enclosures



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY VICKSBURG DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 2101 NORTH FRONTAGE ROAD VICKSBURG MISSISSIPPI 39180-5191

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

November 6, 1995

Planning Division Environmental Resources Branch

Ms. Julie Donsky Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60003

Dear Ms. Donsky:

I refer to your letter of September 30, 1995, regarding the merger of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Vicksburg District, has no ongoing or proposed activities in proximity to the proposed projects. However, regarding actions within waters of the United States, I refer to our previous response and enclosure dated October 16, 1995.

I trust this information meets your needs. If you have any other questions, please contact Mr. Stuart McLean of this office (telephone (601) 631-5965) or write to the above address, ATTN: CELMK-PD-Q.

Sincerely,

William B. Hobgdoh Chief, Planning Division

Copy Furnished:

Ms. D. Lynn Newton Rural Economic and Community Development Services 700 West Capitol, Room 5411 Section RBCD Little Rock, Arkansas 72201-3225



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY ROCK ISLAND DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS CLOCK TOWER BUILDING - P.O. BOX 2004 ROCK ISLAND. ILLINOIS 61204-2004

Operations Division

Enclosed for your use is a Joint Application packet entitled, "Protecting Illinois Waters." The packet contains the necessary application forms, drawings sheets, instructions, and information for applying for Department of the Army and State of Illinois permits to perform work in waters within Illinois.

Copies of the completed application, drawing sheets, and any other pertinent information should be mailed to three agencies. The most current addresses for these agencies are listed below:

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Rock Island ATTN: CENCR-OD-S Post Office Box 2004 Rock Island, Illinois 61204-2004
- 2. Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 2200 Churchill Road Springfield, Illinois 62706
- 3. Illinois Department of Transportation Division of Water Resources 3215 Executive Park Drive Post Office Box 19484 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9484

Your application to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency should request Section 401 water quality certification. Your application to the Illinois Department of Transportation should request a construction permit. Please forward a copy of all approvals to this office as you receive them.

For your convenience, the copies of the application and drawing sheets are identified at the bottom of each page. Detailed instructions for completing the application are located on the back of the Joint Application form. In addition, the Joint Application form and drawing sheets are on self-copying paper, so please press down firmly with a hard point pen when completing them.

Should you have any questions, please contact our Regulatory Functions Branch by letter, or telephone Ms. Donna Willey, 309/794-5373.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY ST. LOUIS DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 1222 SPRUCE STREET ST. LOUIS. MISSOURI 63103-2833



REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

October 30, 1995

Regulatory Branch File Number 199511610

Ms. Julie Donsky Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

This letter is in response to your correspondence dated September 30, 1995 regarding the preparation of an Environmental Assessment for the merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The specific geographic areas, within your assessment, which are covered by this District include: Girard, Salem, and Valley Junction, Illinois.

Section 404 of the Clean Water Act assigns responsibility to the Secretary of the Army to administer a permit program to regulate the placement of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States. The placement of any dredged or fill material into, or excavation from, waters of the United States below ordinary high water elevation, or in wetlands adjacent to these waters, must be authorized by a Section 404 Permit.

It is possible that your project will require Section 404 authorization from the Corps of Engineers, however, this cannot be determined until we have received a copy of your full wetland delineation. A wetland delineation must be performed in accordance with the "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual", dated January 1987.

Additionally, should your project require Section 404 authorization from this office you would further be required to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Properties Preservation Act of 1966 (16 USC 470), as amended, and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR 800: "Protection of Historic Properties".

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (314) 331-8185. Please refer to file n mer 199511610 when discussing this project.

Sincerely,

anota-Summers

Susan L. Janota-Summers Supervisory Project Manager Illinois Permits Region



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY ST. LOUIS DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS 1222 SPRUCE STREET ST. LOUIS. MISSOURI 63103-2833



REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

October 12, 1995

Regulatory Branch File Number 199511610

Ms. Julie Donsky Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

This letter is in response to your correspondence dated September 30, 1995 regarding the preparation of an Environmental Assessment for the merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The specific geographic areas, within your assessment, which are covered by this District include: Girard, Salem, and Valley Junction, Illinois.

Section 404 of the Clean Water Act assigns responsibility to the Secretary of the Army to administer a permit program to regulate the placement of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States. The placement of any dredged or fill material into, or excavation from, waters of the United States below ordinary high water elevation, or in wetlands adjacent to these waters, must be authorized by a Section 404 Permit.

It is possible that your project will require Section 404 authorization from the Corps of Engineers, however, this cannot be determined until we have received a copy of your full wetland delineation. A wetland delineation must be performed in accordance with the "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual", dated January 1987.

Additionally, should your project require Section 404 authorization from this office you would further be required to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Properties Preservation Act of 1966 (16 USC 470), as amended, and its implementing regulations, 36 CFR 800: "Protection of Historic Properties". If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (314) 331-8185. Please refer to file number 199511610 when discussing this project.

Sincerely,

Susan L. Janota-Summers Supervisory Project Manager Illinois Permits Region



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY ROCK ISLAND DISTRICT. CORPS OF ENGINEERS CLOCK TOWER BUILDING - PO BOX 2004 ROCK ISLAND. ILLINOIS 61204-2004

October 20, 1995

Planning Division

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

I received your letter dated September 30, 1995, concerning the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads merger and related abandonment sites. Rock Island District staff reviewed the information you provided and have the following comments:

a. Your proposal does not involve Corps of Engineers (Corps) administered land; therefore, no further Corps real estate coordination is necessary within this district. You will need to contact the St. Louis District concerning lands within their boundaries. The address is as follows:

District Engineer U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, Missouri 63103-2833

b. Only the Springfield, Illinois, project is in the Rock Island District. More details of that project are required for our Regulatory Branch to determine whether a permit is needed. When details are available, please fill out the enclosed application form and send it to Ms. Donna Jones at our address above, ATTN: Operations Division (Donna Jones).

c. You should coordinate with the Illinois State Historic Preservation Officer, Old State Capitol, Springfield, Illinois 62701 to determine impacts to historic properties.

d. You also should contact the Rock Island Field Office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine if any federally listed endangered species are being impacted and, if so, how to avoid or minimize impacts. The Rock Island Field Office address is: 4469 - 48th Avenue Court, Rock Island, Illinois 61201. Mr. Rick Nelson is the Field Supervisor. You can reach him by calling 309/793-5800.

No other concerns surfaced during our review. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on your proposal. If you need more information, please call Mr. Randy Kraciun of our Environmental Analysis Branch, telephone 309/794-5174.

Sincerely,

= 5. LL

Dudley M. Hanson, P.E. Chief, Planning Division

Enclosure

A. ...



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, SACRAMENTO CORPS OF ENGINEERS 1325 J STREET SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814-2922

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF

October 25, 1995

Planning Division

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore, Incorporated One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

We have reviewed the material concerning the environmental report for the application for merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads, provided with your September 30, 1995, letter.

The proposed project will not affect existing Corps projects or studies within our Sacaramento District boundaries. However, discharge of dredged or fill material placed in or excavated from any waters or wetlands of the United States will require a Department of the Army permit. Please contact our Regulatory Branch at (916) 557-5250 for additional information on permit requirements.

Some rail segments traverse areas within the boundaries of the San Francisco and Los Angeles Districts of the Corps of Engineers, which you may also wish to contact. We forwarded them a copy of your letter to us.

Thank you for coordinating with us.

Sincerely,

Walter Yep Chief, Planning Division

Co, Furnished:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, San Francisco District, ATTN: Regulatory, 211 Main Street, San Francisco, California 94105-1905

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District, ATTN: Regulatory, P.O. Box 2711, Los Angeles, California 90012

DAMES & MOORE

ONE CONTINENT MERS, 1701 GOLF ROAD, MITTE 1000, EOLLING MEADOWS MEADOWS (708) 228-0707 FXX: (708) 228-1115

September 30, 1995

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Region 4 Richard B. Russell Federal Building, Room 1200 1875 Century Blvd., Ste 200 Atlanta, GA 30345

U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE VICKSBURG, MS

Dames & Moore is preparing the Environmental Report for the application for merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The attached list and maps show construction projects which are currently identified within your state. In some states there may be additional construction projects and/or rail segments which will be affected by the proposed merger. We will advise you if and when these additional projects become identified.

To prepare our Environmental Report, we are requesting that you inform us of any concerns you have and provide information regarding:

- protected species information (State; Federal) within 5 miles of each site.
- listing of critical habitats within 5 miles of each site.
- locations of parks and refuges in proximity to the proposed projects.
- citations to any permitting/approval authority which you believe your state has over the actions identified.
- any other information you would like to provide regarding environmental matters or local concerns at these sites.

We would appreciate receiving the requested information at your earliest convenience. We would further appreciate it if the information could be supplied in writing or orally to the undersigned at the address and phone/fax numbers on this letterhead. The railroads will be filing our Environmental Report with their application to the Interstate Commerce Commission ("ICC") on or before December, and thus your prompt reply will ensure that our report, which the ICC will consider in preparing its own environmental assessment of the above-described project, includes consideration of your views.

We very much appreciate your assistance.

Very truly yours, DAMES & MOORE, INC.

Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist

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NE CONTINENT 4. (1990) WERS, 1701 GOLF ROAD, 111TH 1000, ROLL 25G, 48:417238 (708) 228-0707 F VN: (708) 228-1135

DAMES & MOORE

September 30, 1995

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Region 4 Richard B. Russell Federal Building, Room 1200 1875 Century Blvd., Ste 200 Atlanta, GA 30345

U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE VICKSBURG, MS

Dames & Moore is preparing the Environmental Report for the application for merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The attached list and maps show construction projects which are currently identified within your state. In some states there may be additional construction projects and/or rail segments which will be affected by the proposed merger. We will advise you if and when these additional projects become identified.

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- listing of critical habitats within 5 miles of each site.
- locations of parks and refuges in proximity to the proposed projects.
- citations to any permitting/approval authority which you believe your state has over the actions identified.
- any other information you would like to provide regarding environmental matters or local concerns at these sites.

We would appreciate receiving the requested information at your earliest convenience. We would further appreciate it if the information could be supplied in writing or orally to the undersigned at the address and phone/fax numbers on this letterhead. The railroads will be filing our Environmental Report with their application to the Interstate Commerce Commission ("TCC") on or before December, and thus your prompt reply will ensure that our report, which the ICC will consider in preparing its own environmental assessment of the above-described project, includes consideration of your views.

We very much appreciate your assistance.

Very truly yours, DAMES & MOORE, INC.

Julje Donsky Environmental Scientist

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10. 96-02

4-7-716-043

DAMES & MOORE

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ONE CONTINENTAL (OWERS, 1701 GOLF ROAD, SUTTE 1000, ROLLING MES, OWS COLDINOIS (OW) (708) 228-0707 FAX: (708) 228-1115

OCT 2 4 1953

September 30, 1995

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ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT

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U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Region 4 Richard B. Russell Federal Building, Room 1200 1375 Century Blvd., Ste 200 Atlanta, GA 30345

Dames & Moore is preparing the Environmental Report for the application for merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads. The attached list and maps show construction projects which are currently identified within your state. In some states there may be additional construction projects and/or rail segments which will be affected by the proposed merger. We will advise you if and when these additional projects become identified.

To prepare our Environmental Report, we are requesting that you inform us of any concerns you have and provide information regarding:

- protected species information (State; Federal) within 5 miles of each site.
- listing of critical habitats within 5 miles of each site.
- locations of parks and refuges in proximity to the proposed projects.
- citations to any permitting/approval authority which you believe your state has over the actions identified.
- any other information you would like to provide regarding environmental matters or local concerns at these sites.

We would appreciate receiving the requested information at your earliest convenience. We would further appreciate it if the information could be supplied in writing or orally to the undersigned at the address and phone/fax numbers on this letterhead. The railroads will be filing our Environmental Report with their application to the Interstate Commerce Commission ("TCC") on or before December, and thus your prompt reply will ensure that our report, which the ICC will consider in preparing its own environmental assessment of the above-described project, includes consideration of your views.

We very much appreciate your assistance.

Very truly yours, DAMES & MOORE, INC.

Inwig Julie Donsky

Environmental Scientist

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TG: 1 " 110 03 . A MDANGF D.A.La 10.19-41



United States Department of the Interior Fish and Wildlife Service Arizona Ecological Services Field Office 2321 W. Royal Palm Road, Suite 103 Phoenix, Arizona 85021-4951 (602) 640-2720 Fax (602) 640-2730



In Reply Refer To:

In Reply Refer To: AESO/SE 2-21-96-I-047 October 26, 1995

Mr. Michael S. Huff Dames & Moore Cambric Corporate Center 1790 E. River Road, Suite E-300 Tucson, Arizona 85718-5876

Dear Mr. Huff:

This letter responds to your October 24, 1995, request for a list of species which are listed as threatened, endangered, or are proposed to be listed as such under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act), which may potentially occur in your project area. The enclosed list may include candidate species as well. In the past, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has provided project-specific species lists and information. However, staff reductions no longer permit us to provide this detailed level of assistance. We regret any inconvenience this may cause you and hope the enclosed county list of species will be helpful. In future communications regarding this project, please refer to consultation number 2-21-96-I-047.

The enclosed list of the endangered, threatened, proposed, and candidate species includes all those potentially occurring anywhere in the county, or counties, where your project occurs. Please note that your project area may not necessarily include all or any of these species. The information provided includes general descriptions, habitat requirements, and other information for each species on the list. Also on the enclosed list is the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) citation for each listed or proposed species. Additional information can be found in the CFR and is available at most public libraries. This information should assist you in determining which species may or may not occur within your project area. Site-specific surveys could also be helpful and may be needed to verify the presence or absence of a species or its habitat as required for the evaluation of proposed project-related impacts.

Endangered and threatened species are protected by Federal law and must be considered prior to project development. If the action agency determines that listed species or critical habitat may be adversely affected by a federally funded, permitted, or authorized activity, the action agency must request formal consultation with the Service. If the action agency determines that the planned action may jeopardize a proposed species or destroy or adversely modify proposed critical habitat, the action agency must enter into a section 7 conference with the Service. Candidate species are those which are being considered for addition to the list of threatened or endangered species. Candidate species are those for which there is sufficient information to support a proposal for listing. Although candidate species have no legal protection under the Act, we recommend that they be considered in the planning process in the event that they become listed or proposed for listing prior to project completion.

If any proposed action occurs in or near areas with trees and shrubs growing along watercourses, known as riparian habitat, the Service recommends the protection of these areas. Riparian areas are critical to biological community diversity and provide linear corridors important to migratory species. In addition, if the project will result in fill materials into waterways, we recommend you contact the Army Corps of Engineers which regulates this activity under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The State of Arizona protects some plant and animal species not protected by Federal law. We recommend you contact the Arizona Game and Fish Department and the Arizona Department of Agriculture for State-listed or sensitive species in your project area.

The Service appreciates your efforts to identify and avoid impacts to listed and sensitive species in your project area. If we may be of further assistance, please contact Tom Gatz.

Sincerely,

Sant Spiller

Sam F. Spiller Field Supervisor

Enclosure

cc: Director, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix, AZ

LISTED, PROPOSED, AND CANDIDATE CATEGORY-1 SPECIES FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTY: "MARICOPA"

LISTED TOTAL = 13

NAME: ARIZONA AGAVE

AGAVE ARIZONICA

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 49 FR 21055, 05-18-1984 DESCRIPTION: HAS ATTRACTIVE ROSETTES OF BRIGHT GREEN LEAVES WITH DARK MAHOGANY MARGINS. FLOWER: BORNE ON SUB-UMBELLATE INFLORESCENCES.

RANGE: 3000-6000 FT.

COUNTIES: GILA, YAVAPAI, MARICOPA

HABITAT: TRANSITION ZONE BETWEEN OAK-JUNIPER WOODLAND & MOUNTAIN MAHOGANY-OAK SCRUB

SCATTERED CLONES IN NEW RIVER MOUNTAINS AND SIERRA ANCHA. USUALLY FOUND ON STEEP, ROCKY SLOPES. POSSIBLY MAZATAL MOUNTAINS SHOULD BE LOOKED FOR WHEREVER THE RANGES OF Agave tourneyana var. bella AND Agave chrystantha OVERLAP.

NAME: ARIZONA CLIFFROSE

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 49 FR 22326 5-29-84 DESCRIPTION: EVERGREEN SHRUB OF THE ROSE FAMILY (ROSEACEAE). BARK PALE SHREDDY, YOUNG TWIGS WITH DENSE HAIRS, LEAVES 1-5 LOBES AND EDGES CURL DOWNWARD (REVOLUTE). FLOWERS: 5 WHITE OR YELLOW ELEVATION PETALS <0.5 INCH LONG. RANGE: :4000 FT

COUNTIES: GRAHAM YAVAPA! MARICOPA MOHAVE

HABITAT: CHARACTERISTIC WHITE SOILS OF TERTIARY LIMESTONE LAKEBED DEPOSITS CAN BE SEEN FROM A DISTANCE.

NAME: ARIZONA HEDGEHOG CACTUS

ECHINOCEREUS TRIGLOCHIDIATUS ARIZONICUS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 44 FR 61556, 10-15-1979 DESCRIPTION: DARK GREEN CYLINDROID 2.5-12 INCHES TALL, 2-10 INCHES IN DIAMETER, SINGLE OR IN CLUSTERS. 1-3 GRAY OR PINKISH CENTRAL SPINES LARGEST DEFLEXED AND 5-11 SHORTER RADIAL SPINES. ELEVATION FLOWER: BRILLIANT RED, SIDE OF STEM IN APRIL- MAY RANGE: 3700-5200 FT.

COUNTIES: MARICOPA, GILA, PINAL

Sec. Sec.

HABITAT: ECOTONE BETWEEN INTERIOR CHAPPARAL AND MADREAN EVERGREEN WOODLAND

OPEN SLOPES, IN NARROW CRACKS BETWEEN BOULDERS, AND IN UNDERSTORY OF SHRUBS. THIS VARIETY IS BELIEVED TO INTERGRADE AT THE EDGES OF ITS DISTRIBUTION WITH VARIETIES MELANCANTHUS AND NEOMEXICANUS CAUSING SOME CONFUSION IN IDENTIFICATION.

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PURSHIA SUBINTEGRA

ELEVATION

NAME: LESSER LONG-NOSED BAT LEPTONYCTERIS CURASOAE YERBABUENAE STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 53 FR 38456, 09-30-88 DESCRIPTION: ELONGATED MUZZLE, SMALL LEAF NOSE, AND LONG TONGUE. YELLOWISH BROWN OR GRAY ABOVE AND CINNAMON BROWN BELOW. TAIL MINUTE AND APPEARS TO BE LACKING. EASILY DISTURBED. ELEVATION RANGE: <6000 FT COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ, GRAHAM, PINAL, MARICOPA HABITAT: DESERT SCRUB HABITAT WITH AGAVE AND COLUNMNAR CACTI PRESENT AS FOOD PLANTS DAY ROOSTS IN CAVES AND ABANDONED TUNNELS. FORAGES AT NIGHT ON NECTAR, POLLEN, AND FRUIT OF PANICULATE AGAVES AND COLUMNAR CACTI. THIS SPECIES IS MIGRATORY AND IS PRESENT IN ARIZONA . USUALLY FROM APRIL TO SEPTMBER AND SOUTH OF THE BORDER THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR. NAME: SONORAN PRONGHORN ANTILOCAPRA AMERICANA SONORIENSIS STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-67 DESCRIPTION: BUFF ON BACK AND WHITE BELOW, HOOFED WITH SLIGHTLY CURVED BLACK HORNS HAVING A SINGLE PRONG. SMALLEST AND PALEST OF THE PRONGHORN SUBSPECIES. ELEVATION RANGE: 2000-4000 FT. COUNTIES: PIMA, YUMA, MARICOPA HABITAT: BROAD, INTERMOUNTAIN ALLUVIAL VALLEYS WITH CREOSOTE-BURSAGE & PALO VERDE-MIXED CACTI ASSOCIATIONS TYPICALLY, BAJA DAS ARE USED AS FAWNING AREAS AND SANDY DUNE AREAS PROVIDE FOOD SEASONALLY. HISTORIC RANGE WAS PROBABLY LARGER THAN EXISTS TODAY. THIS SUBSPECIES ALSO OCCURS IN MEXICO.

NAME: DESERT PUPFISH

CYPRINODON MACULARIUS

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 51 FR 10842, 03-31-1986

 DESCRIPTION:
 SMALL (2 INCHES) SMOOTHLY ROUNDED BODY SHAPE WITH NARROW
 VERTICAL BARS ON THE SIDES. BREEDING MALES BLUE ON HEAD AND

 SIDES WITH YELLOW ON TAIL. FEMALES & DVENILES TAN TO OLIVE
 ELEVATION

 COLORED BACK AND SILVERY SIDES.
 RANGE: <5000</td>
 FT.

COUNTIES: LA PAZ, PIMA, GRAHAM, MARICOPA, PINAL, YAVAPAI, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: SHALLOW SPRINGS, SMALL STREAMS, AND MARSHES. TOLERATES SALINE & WARM WATER

CRITICAL HABITAT INCLUDES QUITOBAQUITO SPRING, PIMA COUNTY, PORTIONS OF SAN FELIPE CREEK, CARRIZO WASH, AND FISH CREEK WASH, IMPERIAL COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, TWO SUBSPECIES ARE RECOGNIZED: DESERT PUPFISH (C. m. macularis) AND QUITOBAQUITO PUPFISH (C. m. eremus).

NAME: GILA TOPMINNOW

POECILIOPSIS OCCIDENTALIS OCCIDENTALIS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967 DESCRIPTION: SMALL (2 INCHES), GUPPY-LIKE, LIVE BEARING, LACKS DARK SPOTS ON ITS FINS. BREEDING MALES ARE JET BLACK WITH YELLOW FINS.

> ELEVATION RANGE: <4500 FT

COUNTIES: GILA, PINAL, GRAHAM, YAVAPAI, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, MARICOPA, LA PAZ

HABITAT: SMALL STREAMS, SPRINGS, AND CIENEGAS VEGETATED SHALLOWS

NAME: RAZORBACK SUCKER

XYRAUCHEN TEXANUS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 55 FR 21154, 05-22-1990; DESCRIPTION: LARGE (UP TO C. FET AND UP TO 16 POUNDS) LONG, HIGH SHARP-59 FR 13374, 03-21-1994 EDGED KEEL-LIKE HUMP BEHIND THE HEAD. HEAD FLATTENED ON TOP. OLIVE-BROWN ABOVE TO YELLOWISH BELOW. ELEVATION

RANGE: <6000 FT COUNTIES: GREENLEE, MOHAVE, PINAL, YAVAPAI, YUMA, LA PAZ, MARICOPA (REFUGIA), GILA, COCONINO, GRAHAM

HABITAT: RIVERINE & LACUSTRINE AREAS, GENERALLY NOT IN FAST MOVING WATER AND MAY USE BACKWATERS

SPECIES IS ALSO FOUND IN HORSESHOE RESERVOIR (MARICOPA COUNTY).

NAME: AMERICAN PEREGRINE FALCON

FALCO PEREGRINUS ANATUM

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 35 FR 16047, 10-13-70; 35 DESCRIPTION: A RECLUSIVE, CROW-SIZED FALCON SLATY BLUE ABOVE WHITISH FR 8495, 06-02-70 BELOW WITH FINE DARK BARRING. THE HEAD IS BLACK AND APPEARS TO BE MASKED OR HELMETED. WINGS LONG AND POINTED. LOUD ELEVATION

WAILING CALLS ARE GIVEN DURING BREEDING PERIOD.

RANGE: 3500-9000 FT. COUNTIES: MOHAVE COCONINO NAVAJO APACHE SANTA CRUZ MARICOPA COCHISE YAVAPAI GILA PINAL PIMA GREENLEE GRAHAM

HABITAT: CLIFFS AND STEEP TERRAIN USUALLY NEAR WATER OR WOODLANDS WITH ABUNDANT PREY

THIS IS A WIDE RANGING MIGRATORY BIRD THAT USES A VARIETY OF HABITATS. BREEDING BIRDS ARE YEAR-ROUND RESIDENTS. OTHER BIRDS WINTER AND MIGRATE THROUGH ARIZONA. SPECIES IS ENDANGERED FROM REPRODUCTIVE FAILURE FROM PESTICIDES.

LISTED, PROPOSED, AND CANDIDATE CATEGORY-1 SPECIES FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTY: "MARICOPA"

NAME. BALD EAGLE

HALIAEETUS LEUCOCEPHALUS

STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 60 FR 35299, 07-12-95 DESCRIPTION: LARGE, ADULTS HAVE WHITE HEAD AND TAIL. HEIGHT 28 - 38": WINGSPAN 65 - 96". 1-4 YRS DARK WITH VARYING DEGREES OF

MOTTLED BROWN PLUMAGE. FEET BARE OF FEATHERS.

ELEVATION RANGE VARIES FT.

COUNTIES: YUMA, LA PAZ, MOHAVE, YAVAPAI, MARICOPA, PINAL, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, GILA, GRAHAM

HABITAT: LARGE TREES OR CLIFFS NEAR WATER (RESERVOIRS, RIVERS AND STREAMS) WITH ABUNDANT PREY

SOME BIRDS ARE NESTING RESIDENTS WHILE A LARGER NUMBER WINTERS ALONG RIVERS AND RESERVOIRS. AN ESTIMATED 200 TO 300 BIRDS WINTER IN ARIZONA. ONCE ENDANGERED (32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967; 43 FR 6233, 02-14-78) BECAUSE OF REPRODUCTIVE FAILURES FROM PESTICIDE POISONING AND LOSS OF HABITAT. THIS SPECIES WAS DOWN LISTED TO THREATENED ON AUGUST 11, 1995. ILLEGAL SHOOTING, DISTURBANCE, LOSS OF HABITAT CONTINUES TO BE A PROBLEM.

NAME: MEXICAN SPOTTED OWL

STRIX OCCIDENTALIS LUCIDA

STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 56 FR 14678, 04-11-91 DESCRIPTION: MEDIUM SIZED WITH DARK EYES AND NO EAR TUFTS, BROWNISH AND HEAVILY SPOTTED WITH WHITE OR BEIGE.

ELEVATION

RANGE: 4100-9000 FT.

COUNTIES: MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, YAVAPAI, GRAHAM, GREENI ZE, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, PINAL, GILA, MARICOPA

HABITAT: NESTS IN CANYONS AND DENSE FORESTS WITH MULTI-LAYERED FULIAGE STRUCTURE

GENERALLY NESTS IN OLDER FORESTS OF MIXED CONIFER OR PONDERSA PINE/GAMBEL OAK TYPE. IN CANYONS, AND USE VARIETY OF HABITATS FOR FORAGING, SITES WITH COOL MICROCLIMATES APPEAR TO BE OF IMPORTANCE OR ARE PREFERED.

NAME: SOUTHWESTERN WILLOW FLYCATCHER

EMPIDONAX TRAILLII EXTIMUS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 10694, 02-27-95 DESCRIPTION: SMALL PASSERINE (ABOUT 6") GRAVISH-GREEN BACK AND WINGS, WHITISH THROAT, LIGHT OLIVE-GRAY BREAST AND PALE YELLOWISH BELLY, TWO WINGBARS VISIBLE. EYE-RING FAINT OR ABSENT. ELEVATION

RANGE: <8500 FT

COUNTIES: YAVAPAI, GILA, MARICOPA, MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, PINAL, LA PAZ, GREENLEE, GRAHAM, YUMA, PIMA, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: COTTONWOOD/WILLOW & TAMARISK VEGETATION COMMUNITIES ALONG RIVERS & STREAMS

MIGRATORY RIPARIAN OBLIGATE SPECIES THAT OCCUPIES BREEDING HABITAT FROM LATE APRIL TO SEPTEMBER. DISTRIBUTION WITHIN ITS RANGE IS RESTRICTED TO RIPARIAN CORRIDORS. DIFFICULT TO DISTINGUISH FROM OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EMPIDONAX COMPLEX BY SIGHT ALONE. TRAINING SEMINAR REQUIRED FOR THOSE CONDUCTING FLYCATCHER SURVEYS.
NAME: YUMA CLAPPER RAIL

RALLUS LONGIROSTRIS YUMANENSIS

RANGE: <4500

FT.

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: No
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-67; 48

 DESCRIPTION: WATER BIRD WITH LONG LEGS AND SHORT TAIL. LONG SLENDER
 FR 34182, 07-27-83

 DECURVED BILL. MOTTLED BROWN ON GRAY ON ITS RUMP. FLANKS
 FR 34182, 07-27-83

 AND UNDERSIDES ARE DARK GRAY WITH NARROW VERTICAL STRIPES
 ELEVATION

 PRODUCING A BARRING EFFECT.
 DANCE:
 1500

COUNTIES: YUMA, LA PAZ, MARICOPA, PINAL, MOHAVE

HABITAT: FRESH WATER AND BRACKISH MARSHES

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SPECIES IS ASSOCIATED WITH DENSE EMERGENT RIPARIAN VEGETATION. REQUIRES WET SUBSTRATE (MUDFLAT, SANDBAR) WITH DENSE HERBACEOUS OR WOODY VEGETATION FOR NESTING AND FORAGING. CHANNELIZATION AND MARSH DEVELOPMENT ARE PRIMARY SOURCES OF HABITAT LOSS.

PROPOSED TOTAL= 1

NAME: CACTUS FERRUGINOUS PYGMY-OWL GLAUCIDIUM BRASILIANUM CACTORUM

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STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 59 FR 63975, 12-12-94 DESCRIPTION: SMALL (APPROX, 7"), DIURNAL OWL REDDISH BROWN OVERALL WITH CREAM-COLORED BELLY STREAKED WITH REDDISH BROWN. SOME INDIVIDUALS ARE GRAYISH BROWN ELEVATION

RANGE: <4000 FT.

COUNTIES: MARICOPA, YUMA, SANTA CRUZ, GRAHAM, GREENLEE, PIMA, PINAL, GILA, YAVAPAI

HABITAT: MATURE COTTONWOOD/WILLOW, MESQUITE BOSQUES, AND DESERT SCRUB

RANGE LIMIT IN ARIZONA IS FROM NEW RIVER (NORTH) TO GILA BOX (EAST) TO CABEZA PRIETA MOUNTAINS (WEST). ONLY A FEW DOCUMENTED SITES WHERE THIS SPECIES PERSISTS ARE KNOWN, ADDITIONAL SURVEYS ARE NEEDED. CRITICAL HABITAT HAS BEEN PROPOSED FOR THIS SPECIES.

LISTED TOTAL= 13

NAME: ARIZONA HEDGEHOG CACTUS

ECHINOCEREUS TRIGLOCHIDIATUS ARIZONICUS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 44 FR 61556,10-15-1973 DESCRIPTION: DARK GREEN CYLINDROID 2.5-12 INCHES TALL, 2-1C INCHES IN DIAMETER, SINGLE OR IN CLUSTERS. 1-3 GRAY OR PINKISH CENTRAL

SPINES LARGEST DEFLEXED AND 5-11 SHORTER RADIAL SPINES. FLOWER: BRILLIANT RED, SIDE OF STEM IN APRIL- MAY

ELEVATION RANGE: 3700-5200 FT.

COUNTIES: MARICOPA, GILA, PINAL

HABITAT: ECOTONE BETWEEN INTERIOR CHAPPARAL AND MADREAN EVERGREEN WOODLAND

OPEN SLOPES, IN NARROW CRACKS BETWEEN BOULDERS, AND IN UNDERSTORY OF SHRUBS. THIS VARIETY IS BELIEVED TO INTERGRADE AT THE EDGES OF ITS DISTRIBUTION WITH VARIETIES MELANCANTHUS AND NEOMEXICANUS CAUSING SOME CONFUSION IN IDENTIFICATION.

NAME: NICHOL'S TURK'S HEAD CACTUS

ECHINOCACTUS HORIZONTHALONIUS VAR NICHOLII

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 44 FR 61927, 10-26-1979 DESCRIPTION: BLUE-GREEN TO YELLOWISH-GREEN, COLUMNAR, 18 INCHES TALL, 8 INCHES IN DIAMETER. SPINE CLUSTERS HAVE 5 RADIAL & 3 CENTRAL SPINES; ONE DOWNWARD SHORT; 2 SPINES UPWARD AND RED OR BASALLY GRAY, FLOWER: PINK FRUIT: WOOLLY WHITE

ELEVATION RANGE: 2400-4100 FT.

COUNTIES: PINAL, PIMA, YUMA

HABITAT: SONORAN DESERTSCRUB

FOUND IN UNSHADED MICROSITES IN SONORAN DESERTSCRUB ON DISSECTED ALLUVIAL FANS AT THE FOOT OF LIMESTONE MOUNTAINS AND ON INCLINED TERRACES AND SADDLES ON LIMESTONE MOUNTAINSIDES. NEW POPULATION ON YUMA PROVING GROUNDS.

NAME: LESSER LONG-NOSED BAT

LEPTONYCTERIS CURASOAE YERBABUENAE

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 53 FR 38456, 09-30-88 DESCRIPTION: ELONGATED MUZZLE, SMALL LEAF NOSE, AND LONG TONGUE. YELLOWISH BROWN OR GRAY ABOVE AND CINNAMON BROWN BELOW. TAIL MINUTE AND APPEARS TO BE LACKING. EASILY DISTURBED.

ELEVATION RANGE: <6000 FT

COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ, GRAHAM, PINAL, MARICOPA

HABITAT: DESERT SCRUB HABITAT WITH AGAVE AND COLUNMNAR CACTI PRESENT AS FOOD PLANTS

DAY ROOSTS IN CAVES AND ABANDONED TUNNELS. FORAGES AT NIGHT ON NECTAR, POLLEN, AND FRUIT OF PANICULATE AGAVES AND COLUMNAR CACTI. THIS SPECIES IS MIGRATORY AND IS PRESENT IN ARIZONA . USUALLY FROM APRIL TO SEPTMSER AND SOUTH OF THE BORDER THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR.

NAME: DESERT PUPFISH

CYPRINODON MACULARIUS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN. Yes CFR: 51 FR 10842, 03-31-1986 DES TRIPTION: SMALL (2 INCHES) SMOOTHLY ROUNDED BODY SHAPE WITH NARROW VERTICAL BARS ON THE SIDES. BREEDING MALES BLUE ON HEAD AND SIDES WITH YELLOW ON TAIL. FEMALES & JUVENILES TAN TO OLIVE ELEVATION

COLORED BACK AND SILVERY SIDES.

RANGE: <5000 FT.

COUNTIES: LA PAZ, PIMA, GRAHAM, MARICOPA, PINAL, YAVAPAI, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: SHALLOW SPRINGS, SMALL STREAMS, AND MARSHES, TOLERATES SALINE & WARM WATER

CRITICAL HABITAT INCLUDES QUITOBAQUITO SPRING, PIMA COUNTY, PORTIONS OF SAN FELIPE CREEK, CARRIZO WASH, AND FISH CREEK WASH, IMPERIAL COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, TWO SUBSPECIES ARE RECOGNIZED: DESERT PUPFISH (C. m. macularis) AND QUITOBAQUITO PUPFISH (C. m. eremus).

NAME: GILA TOPMINNOW

POECILIOPSIS OCCIDENTALIS OCCIDENTALIS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967 DESCRIPTION: SMALL (2 INCHES), GUPPY-LIKE, LIVE BEARING. LACKS DARK SPOTS ON ITS FINS. BREEDING MALES ARE JET BLACK WITH YELLOW FINS.

ELEVATION RANGE: <4500 FT.

COUNTIES: GILA, PINAL, GRAHAM, YAVAPAI, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, MARICOPA, LA PAZ

HABITAT: SMALL STREAMS, SPRINGS, AND CIENEGAS VEGETATED SHALLOWS

NAME: LOACH MINNOW

TIAROGA COBITIS

 STATUS: THREATENED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 51 FR 39468, 10-28-1986;

 DESCRIPTION:
 SMALL (<3 INCHES LONG) SLENDER, ELONGATED FISH, OLIVE COLORED</td>
 59 FR 10898, 03-08-1994

 WITH DIRTY WHITE SPOTS AT THE BASE OF THE DORSAL AND CAUDAL
 59 FR 10898, 03-08-1994

 FINS. BREEDING MALES VIVID RED ON MOUTH AND BASE OF FINS
 ELEVATION

RANGE: <7000 FT.

COUNTIES: PINAL, GRAHAM, GREENLEE, GILA, APACHE, NAVAJO, (AZ); GRANT, CATRON, (NM)

HABITAT: BENTHIC SPECIES OF SMALL TO LARGE PERENNIAL STREAMS WITH SWIFT SHALLOW WATER OVER COBBLE& GRAVEL

CRITICAL HABITAT IS IN ARAVAIPA CREEK, BLUE RIVER, CAMPBELL BLUE CREEK, SAN FRANCISCO RIVER, DRY BLUE CREEK, TULAROSA RIVER, EAST WEST AND MIDDLE FORKS OF THE GILA RIVER, AND THE MAINSTEM UPPER GILA RIVER. PRESENTLY FOUND IN ALL CRITICAL HABITAT PLUS WHITE RIVER AND EAGLE CREEKS.

NAME: RAZORBACK SUCKER

XYRAUCHEN TEXANUS

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes
 RECOVERY PLAN: No
 CFR: 55 FR 21154, 05-22-1990;

 DESCRIPTION: LARGE (UP TO 3 FEET AND UP TO 16 POUNDS) LONG, HIGH SHARP-EDGED KEEL-LIKE HUMP BEHIND THE HEAD. HEAD FLATTENED ON TOP;
 59 FR 13374, 03-21-1994

OLIVE-BROWN ABOVE TO YELLOWISH BELOW.

ELEVATION RANGE: <6000

FT

COUNTIES: GREENLEE, MOHAVE, PINAL, YAVAPAI, YUMA, LA PAZ, MARICOPA (REFUGIA), GILA, COCONINO, GRAHAM

HABITAT: RIVERINE & LACUSTRINE AREAS, GENERALLY NOT IN FAST MOVING WATER AND MAY USE BACKWATERS

SPECIES IS ALSO FOUND IN HORSESHOE RESERVOIR (MARICOPA COUNTY).

NAME: SPIKEDACE

MEDA FULGIDA

STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 51 FR 23769,07-01-1986; DESCRIPTION: SMALL (<3 INCHES) SLIM WITH SLIVERY SIDES & 'SPINE" ON DORSAL FIN. BREDING MALES BRASSY GOLDEN COLOR 59 FR 10906, 03-08-1994

> ELEVATION RANGE: <6000 FT.

ELEVATION

RANGE: 3500-9000 FT.

COUNTIES: GRAH&M. PINAL, GREENLEE, YAVAPAI, (AZ); GRANT, (NM)

HABITAT: MODEPATE TO LARGE PERENNIAL STREAMS WITH GRAVEL COBBLE SUBST ATES AND MODERATE TO SWIFT VELOCITIES

CRITICAL HABITAT IN ARAVAIPA CREEK, UPPER VERDE RIVER, AND PORTIONS OF GILA RIVER IN NEW MEXICO. PRESENTLY FOUND IN ARAVAIPA CREEK, EAGLE CREEK, VERDE RIVER ABOVE VERDE VALLEY, EAST-WEST- MAIN AND MIDDLE FORKS OF THE GILA RIVER IN NEW MEXICO, AND GILA RIVER FROM SAN PEDRO RIVER TO ASHURST HAYDEN DAM.

NAME: AMERICAN PEREGRINE FALCON

FALCO PEREGRINUS ANATUM

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 35 FR 16047, 10-13-70; 35 DESCRIPTION: A RECLUSIVE, CROW-SIZED FALCON SLATY BLUE ABOVE WHITISH FR 8495, 06-02-70

BELOW WITH FINE DARK BARRING. THE HEAD IS BLACK AND APPEARS

TO BE MASKED OR HELMETED. WINGS LONG AND POINTED. LOUD WAILING CALLS ARE GIVEN DURING BREEDING PERIOD.

STEED THE OTTER DONING BREEDING PERIOD.

COUNTIES: MOHAVE COCONINO NAVAJO APACHE SANTA CRUZ MARICOPA COCHISE YAVAPAI GILA PINAL PIMA GREENLEE GRAHAM

HABITAT: CLIFFS AND STEEP TERRAIN USUALLY NEAR WATER OR WOODLANDS WITH ABUNDANT PREY

THIS IS A WIDE-RANGING MIGRATORY BIRD THAT USES A VARIETY OF HABITATS. BREEDING BIRDS ARE YEAR-ROUND RESIDENTS. OTHER BIRDS WINTER AND MIGRATE THROUGH ARIZONA. SPECIES IS ENDANGERED FROM REPRODUCTIVE FAILURE FROM PESTICIDES.



NAME: BALD EAGLE

HALIAEETUS LEUCOCEPHALUS

STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 60 FR 35999. 07-12-95 DESCRIPTION: LARGE, ADULTS HAVE WHITE HEAD AND TAIL, HEIGHT 28 - 38" WINGSPAN 66 - 96". 1-4 YRS DARK WITH VARYING DEGREES OF

MOTTLED BROWN PLUMAGE. FEET BARE OF FEATHERS.

ELEVATION

RANGE VARIES FT

COUNTIES: YUMA, LA PAZ, MOHAVE, YAVAPAI, MARICOPA, PINAL, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, GILA GRAHAM

HABITAT: LARGE TREES OR CLIFFS NEAR WATER (RESERVOIRS, RIVERS AND STREAMS) WITH ABUNDANT PREY

SOME BIRDS ARE NESTING RESIDENTS WHILE A LARGER NUMBER WINTERS ALONG RIVERS AND RESERVOIRS. AN ESTIMATED 200 TO 300 BIRDS WINTER IN ARIZONA. ONCE ENDANGERED (32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967; 43 FR 6230 02-14-78) BECAUSE OF REPRODUCTIVE FAILURES FROM PESTICIDE POISONING AND LOSS OF HABITAT, THIS SPECIES WAS DOWN LISTED TO THREATENED ON AUCUST 11, 1995. ILLEGAL SHOOTING, DISTURBANCE, LOSS OF HABITAT CONTINUES TO BE A PROBLEM.

NAME: MEXICAN SPOTTED OWL

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STRIX OCCIDENTALIS LUCIDA

STATUS THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 56 FR 14678, 04-11-91 DESCRIPTION: MEDIUM SIZED WITH DARK EYES AND NO EAR TUFTS. BROWNISH AND HEAVILY SPOTTED WITH WHITE OR BEIGE.

ELEVATION

RANGE: 4100-9000 FT

COUNTIES: MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, YAVAPAI, GRAHAM, GREENLEE, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, PINAL, GILA, MARICOPA

HABITAT: NESTS IN CANYONS AND DENSE FORESTS WITH MULTI-LAYERED FOLIAGE STRUCTURE

GENERALLY NESTS IN OLDER FORESTS OF MIXED CONIFER OR PONDERSA PINE/GAMBEL OAK TYPE, IN CANYONS. AND USE VARIETY OF HABITATS FOR FORAGING. SITES WITH COOL MICROCLIMATES APPEAR TO BE OF IMPORTANCE OR ARE PREFERED.

NAME: SOUTHWESTERN WILLOW FLYCATCHER

EMPIDONAX TRAILLII EXTIMUS

STATUS ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 10694, 02-27-95 DESCRIPTION: SMALL PASSERINE (ABOUT 6") GRAYISH-GREEN BACK AND WINGS. WHITISH THROAT, LIGHT OLIVE-GRAY BREAST AND PALE YELLOWISH BELLY. TWO WINGBARS VISIBLE, EYE-RING FAINT OR ABSENT. ELEVATION

RANGE: <8500

FT

COUNTIES: YAVAPAI, GILA, MARICOPA, MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, PINAL, LA PAZ, GREENLEE, GRAHAM, YUMA, PIMA, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: COTTONWOOD/WILLOW & TAMARISK VEGETATION COMMUNITIES ALONG RIVERS & STREAMS

MIGRATORY RIPARIAN OBLIGATE SPECIES THAT OCCUPIES BREEDING HABITAT FROM LATE APRIL TO SEPTEMBER. DISTRIBUTION WITHIN ITS RANGE IS RESTRICTED TO RIPARIAN CORRIDORS. DIFFICULT TO DISTINGUISH FROM OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EMPIDONAX COMPLEX BY SIGHT ALONE. TRAINING SEMINAR REQUIRED FOR THOSE CONDUCTING FLYCATCHER SURVEYS.

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NAME: YUMA CLAPPER RAIL

RALLUS LONGIROSTRIS YUMANENSIS

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: No
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-67; 48

 DESCRIPTION: WATER BIRD WITH LONG LEGS AND SHORT TAIL. LONG SLENDER
 FR 34182, 07-27-83

 DECURVED BILL. MOTTLED BROWN ON GRAY ON ITS RUMP. FLANKS

AND UNDERSIDES ARE DARK GRAY WITH NARROW VERTICAL STRIPES ELEVATION PRODUCING A BARRING EFFECT.

RANGE: <4500 FT.

COUNTIES: YUMA, LA PAZ, MARICOPA, PINAL, MOHAVE

HABITAT: FRESH WATER AND BRACKISH MARSHES

SPECIES IS ASSOCIATED WITH DENSE EMERGENT RIPARIAN VEGETATION. REQUIRES WET SUBSTRATE (MUDFLAT, SANDBAR) WITH DENSE HERBACEOUS OR WOODY VEGETATION FOR NESTING AND FORAGING. CHANNELIZATION AND MARSH DEVELOPMENT ARE PRIMARY SOURCES OF HABITAT LOSS.

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PROPOSED TOTAL= 1

NAME: CACTUS FERRUGINOUS PYGMY-OWL

GLAUCIDIUM BRASILIANUM CACTORUM

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 59 FR 63975, 12-12-94 DESCRIPTION: SMALL (APPROX. 7"), DIURNAL OWL REDDISH BROWN OVERALL WITH CREAM-COLORED BELLY STREAKED WITH REDDISH BROWN. SOME INDIVIDUALS ARE GRAYISH BROWN

ELEVATION RANGE: <4000

FT.

COUNTIES: MARICOPA, YUMA, SANTA CRUZ, GRAHAM, GREENLEE, PIMA, PINAL, GILA, YAVAPAI

HABITAT: MATURE COTTONWOOD/WILLOW, MESQUITE BOSQUES, AND DESERT SCRUB

RANGE LIMIT IN ARIZONA IS FROM NEW RIVER (NORTH) TO GILA BOX (EAST) TO CABEZA PRIETA MOUNTAINS (WEST). ONLY A FEW DOCUMENTED SITES WHERE THIS SPECIES PERSISTS ARE KNOWN, ADDITIONAL SURVEYS ARE NEEDED. CRITICAL HABITAT HAS BEEN PROPOSED FOR THIS SPECIES.

CANDIDATE TOTAL= 1

NAME: ACUNA CACTUS

ECHINOMASTUS ERECTOCENTRUS ACUNENSIS

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: DESCRIPTION: <12 INCHES HIGH SPINE CLUSTERS BORNE ON TUBERCLES. EACH WITH A GROOVE ON THE UPPER SURFACE. 2-3 CENTRAL SPINES AND 12 RADIAL SPINES. FLOWERS PINK TO PURPLE

ELEVATION RANGE: 1300-2000 FT.

COUNTIES: PINAL, PIMA

HABITAT: WELL DRAINED KNOLLS AND GRAVEL RIDGES IN SONORAN DESERT SCRUB

IMMATURE PLANTS DISTINCTLY DIFFERENT FROM MATURE PLANTS. THEY ARE DISC-SHAPED OR SPHEP (CAL AND HAVE NO CENTRAL SPINES UNTIL THEY ARE ABOUT 1.5 INCHES . RADIAL SPINES ARE DIRTY WHITE WITH MAROON TIPS.

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LISTED TOTAL= 16

NAME: COCHISE PINCUSHION CACTUS CORYPHANTHA ROBBINSORUM STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 51 FR 952, 1-9-1986 DESCRIPTION: A SMALL UNBRANCHED CACTUS WITH NO CENTRAL SPINES AND 11-17 WHITE RADIAL SPINES. THE BELL-SHAPED FLOWERS ARE BORNE ON THE ENDS OF TUBERCULES (Protrusions). FLOWERS: BELL SHAPED, PALE YELLOW-GREEN. FRUITS: ORANGE-RED TO RED ELEVATION RANGE: >4200 FT COUNTIES: COCHISE AND SONORA, MEXICO HABITAT: SEMIDESERT GRASSLAND WITH SMALL SHRUBS, AGAVE, OTHER CACTI, AND GRAMA GRASS. GROWS ON GRAY LIMESTONE HILLS. NAME: NEW MEXICAN RIDGE-NOSED RATTLESNAKE CROTALUS WILLARDI OBSCURUS STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 43 FR 34479, 04-04-1978 DESCRIPTION: SMALL 12-24 INCHES, SECRETIVE GRAVISH-BROWN WITH DISTINCT RIDGE ON THE END OF THE SNOUT. THE DORSAL SURFACE HAS OBSCURE, IRREGULARLY SPACED WHITE CROSSBARS EDGED WITH ELEVATION BROWN (NOT A BOLD PATTERN). RANGE: 5600-9000 FT. COUNTIES: COCHISE HABITAT: PRESUMABLY CANYON BOTTOMS IN PINE-OAK & PINE-FIR COMMUNITIES WITH ALDER, MAPLE, OAK, & BOX ELDER THE SUBSPECIES HAS NOT BEEN DOCUMENTED IN ARIZONA. HOWEVER, IT HAS BEEN OBSERVED NEAR THE ARIZONA BORDER IN THE PELONCILLO MOUNTAINS AND LIKELY OCCURS IN THE ARIZONA PORTION OF THAT RANGE AS WELL. ANOTHER SUBSPECIES, (CROTALUS WILLARDI WILLARDI), IS AN ARIZONA STATE CANDIDATE. NAME: JAGUARUNDI FELIS YAGOUAROUNDI TOLTECA STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 41 FR 24064; 06-14-76 DESCRIPTION: SMALL CAT WITH SHORT LEGS; SLENDER, ELONGATE BODY; AND LONG TAIL. HEAD SMALL & FLATTENED WITH SHORT ROUNDED EARS. REDDISH-YELLOW OR BLACKISH TO BROWN-GRAY IN COLOR AND ELEVATION WITHOUT SPOTS. RANGE: 3500-6000 FT. COUNTIES: SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, COCHISE HABITAT: CAN BE FOUND IN A VARIETY OF HABITATS (SEE BELOW) SEMI-ARID THORNY FORESTS, DECIDOUS FORESTS, HUMID PRE-MONTANE FORESTS, UPLAND DRY SAVANNAHS, SWAMPY GRASSLANDS, RIPARIAN AREAS, AND DENSE BRUSH, UNCONFIRMED REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED. NO SPECIMENS HAVE BEEN COLLECTED IN

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 53 FR 38456, 09-30-88 DESCRIPTION: ELONGATED MUZZLE, SMALL LEAF NOSE, AND LONG TONGUE. YELLOWISH BROWN OR GRAY ABOVE AND CINNAMON BROWN BELOW.

TAIL MINUTE AND APPEARS TO BE LACKING. EASILY DISTURBED.

ELEVATION RANGE: <6000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ, GRAHAM, PINAL, MARICOPA

HABITAT: DESERT SCRUB HABITAT WITH AGAVE AND COLUNMNAR CACTI PRESENT AS FOOD PLANTS

DAY ROOSTS IN CAVES AND ABANDONED TUNNELS. FORAGES AT NIGHT ON NECTAR, POLLEN, AND FRUIT OF PANICULATE AGAVES AND COLUMNAR CACTI. THIS SPECIES IS MIGRATORY AND IS PRESENT IN ARIZONA . USUALLY FROM APRIL TO SEPTMBER AND SOUTH OF THE BORDER THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR.

NAME: MEXICAN GRAY WOLF

CANIS LUPUS BAILEYI

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-67; 43 DESCRIPTION: LARGE DOG-LIKE CARNIVORE WITH VARYING COLOR, BUT USUALLY A FR 1912, 03-09-78 SHADE OF GRAY, DISTINCT WHITE LIP LINE AROUND MOUTH. WEIGH 60-90 POUNDS.

ELEVATION RANGE: 4.000-12.00/FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: CHAPPARAL, WOODLAND, AND FORESTED AREAS. MAY CROSS DESERT AREAS.

HISTORIC RANGE IS CONSIDERED TO BE LARGER THAN THE COUNTIES LISTED ABOVE. UNCONFIRMED REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED. INDIVIDUALS MAY STILL PERSIST IN MEXICO.

NAME: OCELOT

FELIS PARDALIS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 47 FR 31670; 07-21-82 DESCRIPTION: MEDIUM-SIZED SPC TED CAT WHOSE TAIL IS ABOUT 1/2 THE LENGTH OF HEAD AND BUDY, YELLOWISH WITH BLACK STREAKS AND STRIPES RUNNING FROM FRONT TO BACK. TAIL IS SPOTTED AND FACE IS LESS ELEVATION HEAVILY STREAKED THAN THE BACK AND SIDES. RANGE: <8000 FT

COUNTIES: SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, COCHISE

HABITAT: HUMID TROPICAL & SUB-TROPICAL FORESTS, SAVANNAHS, AND SEMI-ARID THORNSCRUB.

MAY PERSIST IN PARTLY-CLEARED FORESTS, SECOND-GROWTH WOODLAND, AND ABANDONED CULTIVATION REVERTED TO BRUSH. UNIVERSAL COMPONENT IS PRESENCE OF DENSE COVER. UNCONFIRMED REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED.

LISTED,	PROPOSED, AND CANDIDATE CATEGORY-1 SPECIES FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTY: COCH	ISE*
LISTED,	PROPOSED, AND CANDIDATE CATEGORY-1 SPECIES FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTY: COCH	ISE"

NAME: BEAUTIFUL SHINER CYPRINELLA FORMOSA STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 49 FR 34490, 8-31-1984 DESCRIPTION: SMALL (2.5 INCHES) SHINY MINNOW AND VERY SIMILAR TO RED SHINER. MALES COLORFUL DURING BREEDING (YELLOW-ORANGE OR ORANGE ON CAUDAL AND LOWER FINS AND BLUISH BODY. ELEVATION RANGE: <4500 FT COUNTIES: COCHISE HABITAT: SMALL TO MEDIUM SIZED STREAMS AND PONDS WITH SAND, GRAVEL, AND ROCK BOTTOMS. VIRTUALLY EXTIRPATED IN THE UNITED STATES, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF A FEW ISOLATED POPULATIONS ON NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES AND IN MEXICO. SAME CRITICAL HABITAT AS YAQUI CHUB AND CATFISH (SEE 49 FR 34490, 08-31-1984). NAME: YAQUI CATFISH ICTALURUS PRICEI STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 49 FR 34490, 08-31-1984 DESCRIPTION: SIMILAR TO CHANNEL CATFISH (Ictalurus punctatus) EXCEFT ANAL FIN BASE IS SHORTER AND THE DISTAL MARGIN OF THE ANAL FIN IS BROADLY ROUNDED WITH 23-25 SOFT RAYS. BODY USUALLY ELEVATION PROFUSELY SPECKLED. RANGE: 4000-5000 FT. COUNTIES: COCHISE HABITAT: MODERATE TO LARGE STREAMS WITH SLOW CURRENT OVER SAND AND ROCK BOTTOMS CRITICAL HABITAT ALL AQUATIC HABITATS IN THE MAIN PORTION OF SAN BERNADINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

NAME: YAQUI CHUB

GILA PURPUREA

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 49 FR 34490, 08-31-1984 DESCRIPTION: MEDIUM SIZED MINNOW (<6 INCHES) DARK COLORED, LIGHTER BELOW. DARK TRIANGULAR CAUDAL SPOT

> ELEVATION RANGE: 4000-6000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE (AZ), MEXICO

HABITAT: DEEP POOLS OF SMALL STREAMS, POOLS, OR PONDS NEAR UNDERCUT BANKS.

CRITICAL HABITAT INCLUDES ALL AQUATIC HABITATS OF THE MAIN PORTION SAN BERNADINO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE.

NAME: YAQUI TOPMINNOW

POECILIOPSIS OCCIDENTALIS SONORIENSIS

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967 DESCRIPTION: SMALL (2 INCHES) TOPMINNOW GUPPY-LIKE, LIVE BEARING, LACKING DARK SPOTS. BREEDING MALES JET BLACK WITH YELLOW FINS.

> ELEVATION RANGE. <4500 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE

HABITAT: SMALL TO MODERATE SIZED STREAMS, SPRINGS, & CIENEGAS GENERALLY IN SHALLOWS

NAME: AMERICAN PEREGRINE FALCON

FALCO PEREGRINUS ANATUM

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: No
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 35 FR 16047, 10-13-70; 35

 DESCRIPTION: A RECLUSIVE, CROW-SIZED FALCON SLATY BLUE ABOVE WHITISH
 FR 8495, 06-02-70

 BELOW WITH FINE DARK BARRING. THE HEAD IS BLACK AND APPEARS
 TO BE MASKED OR HELMETED. WINGS LONG AND POINTED. LOUD

WAILING CALLS ARE GIVEN DURING BREEDING PERIOD.

RANGE: 3500-9000 FT.

COUNTIES: MOHAVE COCONINO NAVAJO APACHE SANTA CRUZ MARICOPA COCHISE YAVAPAI GILA PINAL PIMA GREENLEE GRAHAM

HABITAT: CLIFFS AND STEEP TERRAIN USUALLY NEAR WATER OR WOODLANDS WITH ABUNDANT PREY

THIS IS A WIDE RANGING MIGRATORY BIRD THAT USES A VARIETY OF HABITATS. BREEDING BIRDS ARE YEAR-ROUND RESIDENTS. OTHER BIRDS WINTER AND MIGRATE THROUGH ARIZONA. SPECIES IS ENDANGERED FROM REPRODUCTIVE FAILURE FROM PESTICIDES.

NAME: CALIFORNIA CONDOR

GYMNOPS CALIFORNIANUS

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: No
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-67

 DESCRIPTION: VERY LARGE VULTURE (55 INCHES HEAD TO TAIL, WING=34, TAIL=16, TARSUS=4.25). HEAD AND UPPER PARTS OF NECK BARE, BILL YELLOW, CERE, HEAD, AND NECK YELLOWISH-RED, PLUMAGE CREY-BLACK.
 ELEVATION

RANGE: VARIES FT.

COUNTIES: MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO COCHISE

HABITAT: HIGH DESERT CANYONLANDS, AND PLATEAUS

RECOVERY/REINTRODUCTION PROGRAM CURRENTLY EVALUATING THE FEASIBILITY OF REINTRODUCTION INTO ARIZONA BY 1996. NO LONGER OCCURS IN ARIZONA.

NAME: MEXICAN SPOTTED OWL STRIX OCCIDENTALIS LUCIDA STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 56 FR 14678, 04-11-91 DESCRIPTION: MEDIUM SIZED WITH DARK EYES AND NO EAR TUFTS. BROWNISH AND HEAVILY SPOTTED WITH WHITE OR BEIGE. ELEVATION RANGE: 4100-9000 FT. COUNTIES: MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, YAVAPAI, GRAHAM, GREENLEE, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, PINAL, GILA, MARICOPA HABITAT: NESTS IN CANYONS AND DENSE FORESTS WITH MULTI-LAYERED FOLIAGE STRUCTURE GENERALLY NESTS IN OLDER FORESTS OF MIXED CONIFER OR PONDERSA PINE/GAMBEL OAK TYPE. IN CANYONS. AND USE VARIETY OF HABITATS FOR FORAGING. SITES WITH COOL MICROCLIMATES APPEAR TO BE OF IMPORTANCE OR ARE PREFERED. NAME: NORTHERN APLOMADO FALCON FALCO FEMORALIS SEPTENTRIONALIS STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 51 FR 6686, 01-25-86 DESCRIPTION: RUFOUS UNDERPARTS, GRAY BACK, LONG BANDED TAIL, AND A DISTINCT BLACK AND WHITE FACIAL PATTERN. SMALLER THAN PEREGRINE LARGER THAN KESTREL BREEDS BETWEEN MARCH-JUNE ELEVATION RANGE: 3500-9000 FT. COUNTIES: COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ HABITAT: GRASSLAND AND SAVANNAH SPECIES FORMERLY NESTED IN SOUTHWESTERN US. NOW CCCURS AS AN ACCIDENTAL. GOOD HABITAT HAS LOW GROUND COVER AND MESQUITE OR YUCCA FOR NESTING PLATFORMS. CONTINUED USE OF PESTICIDES IN MEXICO ENDANGERS THIS SPECIES. NO RECENT CONFIRMED REPORTS FOR ARIZONA. NAME: SOUTHWESTERN WILLOW FLYCATCHER EMPIDONAX TRAILLII EXTIMUS STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 10694, 02-27-95 DESCRIPTION: SMALL PASSERINE (ABOUT 6") GRAYISH-GREEN BACK AND WINGS. WHITISH THROAT, LIGHT OLIVE-GRAY BREAST AND PALE YELLOWISH BELLY. TWO WINGBARS VISIBLE. EYE-RING FAINT OR ABSENT. ELEVATION RANGE: <8500 COUNTIES: YAVAPAI, GILA, MARICOPA, MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, PINAL, LA PAZ, GREENLEE, GRAHAM, FT YUMA, PIMA, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ HABITAT: COTTONWOOD/WILLOW & TAMARISK VEGETATION COMMUNITIES ALONG RIVERS & STREAMS MIGRATORY RIPARIAN OBLIGATE SPECIES THAT OCCUPIES BREEDING HABITAT FROM LATE APRIL TO SEPTEMBER, DISTRIBUTION WITHIN ITS RANGE IS RESTRICTED TO RIPARIAN CORRIDORS. DIFFICULT TO DISTINGUISH FROM OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EMPIDONAX COMPLEX BY SIGHT ALONE. TRAINING SEMINAR REQUIRED FOR THOSE CONDUCTING FLYCATCHER SURVEYS.

NAME: WHOOPING CRANE

GRUS AMERICANA

 STATUS: ENDANGERED
 CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes
 RECOVERY PLAN: Yes
 CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967: 43

 DESCRIPTION:
 TALLEST AMERICAN BIRD (UP TO 5 FEET) SNOWY WHITE, LONG NECK
 FR 20938, 05-15-78

 AND LEGS, BLACK WING TIPS, RED CROWN, AND BLACK WEDGE
 SHAPED PATCH OF FETHERS BEHIND ITS EYE.

ELEVATION RANGE: 4500 FT.

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COUNTIES: COCHISE

HABITAT: MARSHES, PRAIRIES, RIVER BOTTOMS

BIRDS IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN POPULATION ARE OCCASIONAL VISITORS IN ARIZONA DURING MIGRATION. USUALLY NEAR WILCOX PLAYA.

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PROPOSED TOTAL= 4

NAME: CANELO HILLS LADIES' TRESSES

SPIRANTHES DELITESCENS

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 16836, 4-3-1995 DESCRIPTION: SLENDER ERECT MEMBER OF THE ORCHID FAMILY (ORCHIDACEAE). FLOWER: STALK 50 CM TALL, MAY CONTAIN 40 VIHITE FLOWERS SPIRALLY ARRANGED ON THE FLOWERING STALK. ELEVATION

RANGE: about 5000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: FINELY GRAINED, HIGHLY ORGANIC, SATURATED SOILS OF CIENEGAS

NAME: HUACHUCA WATER UMBEL

LILAEOPSIS SCHAFFNERIANA SSP RECURVA

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 16836, 4-3-1995 DESCRIPTION: HERBACEOUS, SEMI-AQUATIC PERENNIAL IN THE PARSLEY FAMILY (UMBELLIFERAE) WITH SLENDER ERECT, HOLLOW, LEAVES THAT GROW FROM THE NODES OF CREEPING RHIZOMES. FLOWER: 3 TO 10 FLOWERED UMBELS ARISE FROM ROOT NODES. RANGE: 3.00-6500 FT.

COUNTIES: PIMA, SANTA CRUZ, COCHISE

HABITAT: CIENEGAS, PERENNIAL LOW GRADIENT STREAMS, WETLANDS

NAME: JAGUAR, UNITED STATES POPULATION

PANTHERA ONCA

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 59 FR 35674; 7-13-94 DESCRIPTION: MUSCULAR CAT WITH RELATIVELY SHORT, MASSIVE LIMBS AND A DEEP-CHESTED BODY. CINNAMON-BUFF IN COLOR WITH BLACK SPOTS.

> ELEVATION RANGE: <8000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCH'SE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: IN ARIZONA, RANGED WIDELY THROUGHOUT A VARIETY OF HABITATS FROM SONORAN DESERT TO CONIFER FORESTS

MOST RECORDS ARE FROM THE MADREAN EVERGREEN-WOODLAND, SHRUB-INVADED SEMI-DESERT GRASSLAND, AND ALONG RIVERS. HISTORIC RANGE IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE EXTENDED BEYOND THE COUNTIES LISTED ABOVE. REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED. THIS SPECIES IS LISTED AS ENDANGERED FROM THE U.S.-MEXICO BORDER SOUTH. LAST CONFIRMED INDIVIDUAL WAS KILLED IN ARIZONA IN 1991, SINCE THEN UNCONFIRMED SIGHTINGS AND TRACKS CONTINUE TO BE REPORTED.

NAME: SONORA TIGER SALAMANDER

AMBYSTOMA TIGRINUM STEBBINSI

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 16836, 04/03/95 DESCRIPTION: 2.6 TO 4.9" SNOUT-VENT LENGTH WITH LIGHT-COLORED BANDS ON A DARK BACKGROUND, AQUATIC LARVAE ARE UNIFORM DARK COLOR WITH PLUME-LIKE GILLS AND TAIN FINS.

ELEVATION RANGE: 4000-6300 FT.

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COURTIES: SANTA CRUZ, COCHISE

HABITAT: STOCK TANKS AND IMPOUNDED CIENEGAS IN SAN RAFAEL VALLEY, HUACHUCA MOUNTAINS

ALSO OCCURS IN THE FOOTHILLS OF THE EAST SLOPE OF THE PATAGONIA MOUNTAINS

CANDIDATE TOTAL= 5

NAME: BLUMER'S DOCK

RUMEX ORTHONEURUS

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: DESCRIPTION: LARGE LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL PLANT IN THE BUCKWHEAT FAMILY THAT CAN REACH 1.2-2.0 METERS. LARGE BR()AD, OVAL SEMI-SUCCULENT LEAVES ARE BRIGHT GREEN. CONSPICOUS SECONDARY VEINS AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE MIDVEIN ELEVATION RANGE: 6500-9000 FT.

COUNTIES: GILA, COCHISE

HABITAT: MID TO HIGH ELEVATION SPRINGS, STREAMS, & WETLANDS WITH MOIST ORGANIC SOILS OR SHADED CANYONS

NAME: LEMMON FLEABANE

ERIGERON LEMMONII

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: DESCRIPTION: A PROSTRATE PERENNIAL IN THE SUNFLOWER FAMILY. STEMS AND LEAVES ARE DENSELY HAIRY. FLOWERS LOOK LIKE SMALL DELICATE DAISIES, WITH WHITE TO LIGHT PURPLE OUTER PETALS AND YELLOW INNER PETALS. RA

ELEVATION RANGE: 1500-6000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE

HABITAT: GROWS IN DENSE CLUMPS IN CREVICES, LEDGES, AND BOULDERS IN CANYON BOTTOMS IN PINE-OAK WOODLAND

NAME: H'JACHUCA SPRINGSNAIL

PYRGULOPSIS THOMPSONI

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: DESCRIPTION: VERY SMALL (1.7-3.2mm) CONICAL SHELL. IDENTIFICATION MUST BE VERIFIED BY CHARARCTERISTICS OF REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS.

> ELEVATION RANGE: 4500-6000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: AQUATIC AREAS, SMALL SPRINGS WITH VEGETATION SLOW TO MODERATE FLOW.

INDIVIDUALS FOUND ON FIRM SUBSTANCES (ROOTS, WOOD, AND ROCKS)

NAME: CHIRICAHUA LEOPARD FROG

RANA CHIRICAHUENSIS

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 59 FR 58996 DESCRIPTION: CREAM COLORED TUBERCULES (spots) ON A DARK BACKGROUND ON THE REAR OF THE THIGH, DORSOLATERAL FOLDS THAT ARE INTERRUPTED AND DEFLECTED MEDIALLY, AND A CALL GIVEN OUT OF ELEVATION

WATER DISTINGUISH THIS SPOTTED FROG FROM OTHER LEOPRD

RANGE: 3000-8300 FT.

RANGE: 5000-5700 FT.

COUNTIES: SANTA CRUZ, APACHE, GILA, PIMA, COCHISE, GREENLEE, GRAHAM, YAVAPAI, COCONINO, NAVAJO

HABITAT: STREAMS, RIVERS, BACKWATERS, PONDS, AND STOCK TANKS THAT ARE FREE FROM INTRODUCED FISH

REQUIRE PERMANENT OR NEARLY PERMANENT WATER SOURCES. POPULATIONS NORTH OF THE GILA RIVER ARE THOUGHT TO BE CLOSELY-RELATED, BUT DISTINCT, UNDESCRIBED SPECIES.

NAME: RAMSEY CANYON LEOPARD FROG

RANA SUBAQUAVOCALIS

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 59 FR 58996 DESCRIPTION: LARGE FROG WITH CREAM-CULORED TUBERCULES (spots) ON A DARK BACKGROUND ON THE REAR OF THE THIGH. TYPICALLY SPOTTED AND GREEN. CALL GIVEN UNDERWATER ELEVATION

COUNTIES: COCHISE

e.

HABITAT: ARTIFICIAL PONDS IN TINKER, BROWN, AND RAMSEY CANYONS ON THE EAST SLOPE OF THE HUACHUCA

LISTED TOTAL= 15

NAME: KEARNEY'S BLUE STAR AMSONIA KEARNEYANA STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 54 FR 2131, 01-19-1989 DESCRIPTION: A HERBACEOUS PERENNIAL IN THE DOGBANE FAMILY (APOCYNACEAE). THICKENED WOODY ROOT AND MANY PUBESCENT (HAIRY) STEMS THAT RARELY BRANCH. FLOWERS:WHITE TERMINAL INFLORESCENCE IN APRIL & MAY. COUNTIES: PIMA

HABITAT: WEST-FACING DRAINAGES IN THE BABOQUIVARI MOUNTAINS.

PLANTS GROW IN STABLE, PARTIALLY SHADED, COARSE ALLUVIUM ALONG A DRY WASH IN THE BABOQUIVARI MOUNTAINS. RANGE IS EXTREMELY LIMITED. PROTECTED BY ARIZONA NATIVE PLANT LAW.

NAME: NICHOL'S TURK'S HEAD CACTUS

ECHINOCACTUS HORIZONTHALONIUS VAR NICHOLII

STATUS: ENDANGEREDCRITICAL HABITAT: NoRECOVERY PLAN: NoCFR: 44 FR 61927, 10-26-1979DESCRIPTION: BLUE-GREEN TO YELLOWISH-GREEN, COLUMNAR, 18 INCHES TALL, 8
INCHES IN DIAMETER. SPINE CLUSTERS HAVE 5 RADIAL & 3 CENTRAL
SPINES; ONE DOWNWARD SHORT; 2 SPINES UPWARD AND RED OR
BASALLY GRAY, FLOWER:PINK FRUIT:WOOLLY WHITEELEVATION
RANGE: 2400-4100 FT.

COUNTIES: PINAL, PIMA, YUMA

HABITAT: SONORAN DESERTSCRUB

FOUND IN UNSHADED MICROSITES IN SONORAN DESERTSCRUB ON DISSECTED ALLUVIAL FANS AT THE FOOT OF LIMESTONE MOUNTAINS AND ON INCLINED TERRACES AND SADDLES ON LIMESTONE MOUNTAINSIDES. NEW POPULATION ON YUMA PROVING GROUNDS.

NAME: PIMA PINEAPPLE CACTUS

CORYPHANTHA SCHEERI ROBUSTISPINA

RANGE: 2300-5000 FT.

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 57 FR 14374, 04-20-1992 DESCRIPTION: HEMISHPERICAL STEMS 4-7 INCHES TALL 3-4 INCHES DIAMETER.

CENTRAL SPINE 1 INCH LONG STRAW COLORED HOOKED

SURROUNDED BY 6-15 RADIAL SPINES. FLOWER: YELLOW SAMON OR ELEVATION RARELY WHITE NARROW FLORAL TUBE. RANGE:

COUNTIES: PIMA, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: SONORAN DESERTSCRUB OR SEMI-DESERT GRASSLAND COMMUNITIES

OCCURS IN ALLUVIAL VALLEYS OR ON HILLSIDES IN ROCKY TO SANDY OR SILTY SOILS. THIS SPECIE CAN BE CONFUSED WITH JUVENILLE BARREL CACTUS (FEROCACTUS). HOWEVER, THE SPINES OF THE LATER ARE FLATTENED, IN CONTRAST WITH THE ROUND CROSS-SECTION OF THE CORYPHANTHA SPINES. ALSO THE AREOLES (SPINE CLUSTERS) OF CORYPHANTHA ARE ON TUBERCULES (BUMPS), WHILE THE AREOLES OF FEROCACTUS ARE ON RIDGES (RIBS).

NAME: JAGUARUNDI FELIS YAGOUAROUNDI TOLTECA STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 41 FR 24054: 06-14-76 TAIL, HEAD SMALL & FLATTENED WITH SHORT ROUNDED EARS. REDDISH-YELLOW OR BLACKISH TO BROWN-GRAY IN COLOR AND WITHOUT SPOTS. ELEVATION COUNTIES: SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, COCHISE HABITAT: CAN BE FOUND IN A VARIETY OF HABITATS (SEE BELOW) SEMI-ARID THORNY FORESTS, DECIDOUS FORESTS, HUMID PRE-MONTANE FORESTS, UPLAND DRY SAVANNAHS, SWAMPY GRASSLANDS, RIPARIAN AREAS, AND DENSE BRUSH. UNCONFIRMED REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED. NO SPECIMENS HAVE BEEN COLLECTED IN NAME: LESSER LONG-NOSED BAT LEPTONYCTERIS CURASOAE YERBABUENAE STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 53 FR 38456, 09-37-88 DESCRIPTION: ELONGATED MUZZLE, SMALL LEAF NOSE, AND LONG TONGUE. YELLOWISH BROWN OR GRAY ABOVE AND CINNAMON BROWN BELOW.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ, GRAHAM, PINAL, MARICOPA

HABITAT: DESERT SCRUB HABITAT WITH AGAVE AND COLUNMNAR CACTI PRESENT AS FOOD PLANTS

TAIL MINUTE AND APPEARS TO BE LACKING. EASILY DISTURBED.

DAY ROOSTS IN CAVES AND ABANDONED TUNNELS. FORAGES AT NIGHT ON NECTAR, POLLEN, AND FRUIT OF PAHICULATE AGAVES AND COLUMNAR CACTI. THIS SPECIES IS MIGRATORY AND IS PRESENT IN ARIZONA . US JALLY FROM APRIL TO SEPTMBER AND SOUTH OF THE BORDER THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR.

CANIS LUPUS BAILEYI

NAME: MEXICAN GRAY WOLF

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-67; 43 DESCRIPTION: LARGE DOG-LIKE CARNIVORE WITH VARYING COLOR, BUT USUALLY A SHADE OF GRAY. DISTINCT WHITE LIP LINE AROUND MOUTH. WEIGH 60-FR 1912, 03-09-78 90 POUNDS.

ELEVATION RANGE: 4,000-12,001FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: CHAPPARAL, WOODLAND, AND FORESTED AREAS. MAY CROSS DESERT AREAS.

HISTORIC RANGE IS CONSIDERED TO BE LARGER THAN THE COUNTIES LISTED ABOVE. UNCONFIRMED REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECEIVED. INDIVIDUALS MAY STILL

LISTED, PROPOSED, AND CANDIDATE CATEGORY-1 SPECIES FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTY: "PIMA"

DESCRIPTION: SMALL CAT WITH SHORT LEGS: SLENDER. ELONGATE BODY: AND LONG

RANGE: 3500-6000 FT.

ELEVATION

RANGE: <6000 FT. NAME: GILA TOPMINNOW

POECILIOPSIS OCCIDENTALIS OCCIDENTALIS

CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967 STATUS: ENDANGERED DESCRIPTION: SMALL (2 INCHES), GUPPY-LIKE, LIVE BEARING, LACKS DARK SPOTS ON ITS FINS. BREEDING MALES ARE JET BLACK WITH YELLOW FINS.

> ELEVATION RANGE: <4500 FT

COUNTIES: GILA, PINAL, GRAHAM, YAVAPAI, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, MARICOPA, LA PAZ

HABITAT: SMALL STREAMS, SPRINGS, AND CIENEGAS VEGETATED SHALLOWS

NAME: AMERICAN PEREGRINE FALCON

FALCO PEREGRINUS ANATUM

STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 35 FR 16047, 10-13-70; 35 DESCRIPTION: A RECLUSIVE, CROW-SIZED FALCON SLATY BLUE ABOVE WHITISH FR 8495, 06-02-70 BELOW WITH FINE DARK BARRING. THE HEAD IS BLACK AND APPEARS TO BE MASKED OR HELMETED. WINGS LONG AND POINTED. LOUD ELEVATION WAILING CALLS ARE GIVEN DURING BREEDING PERIOD. RANGE: 3500-9000 FT.

COUNTIES: MOHAVE COCONINO NAVAJO APACHE SANTA CRUZ MARICOPA COCHISE YAVAPAI GILA PINAL PIMA GREENLEE GRAHAM

HABITAT: CLIFFS AND STEEP TERRAIN USUALLY NEAR WATER OR WOODLANDS WITH ABUNDANT PREY

THIS IS A WIDE RANGING MIGRATORY BIRD THAT USES A VARIETY OF HABITATS. BREEDING BIRDS ARE YEAR-ROUND RESIDENTS. OTHER BIRDS WINTER AND MIGRATE THROUGH ARIZONA. SPECIES IS ENDANGERED FROM REPRODUCTIVE FAILURE FROM PESTICIDES.

NAME: BALD EAGLE

HALIAEETUS LEUCOCEPHALUS

STATUS: THREATENED

CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 60 FR 35999, 07-12-95 DESCRIPTION: LARGE, ADULTS HAVE WHITE HEAD AND TAIL. HEIGHT 28 - 38": WINGSPAN 66 - 96". 1-4 YRS DARK WITH VARYING DEGREES OF MOTTLED BROWN PLUMAGE. FEET BARE OF FEATHERS.

ELEVATION

RANGE: VARIES FT

COUNTIES: YUMA, LA PAZ, MOHAVE, YAVAPAI, MARICOPA, PINAL, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, GILA, GRAHAM

HABITAT: LARGE TREES OR CLIFFS NEAR WATER (RESERVOIRS, RIVERS AND STREAMS) WITH ABUNDANT PREY

SOME BIRDS ARE NESTING RESIDENTS WHILE A LARGER NUMBER WINTERS ALONG RIVERS AND RESERVOIRS. AN ESTIMATED 200 TO 300 BIRDS WINTER IN ARIZONA. ONCE ENDANGERED (32 FR 4001, 03-11-1967; 43 FR 6233, 02-14-78) BECAUSE OF REPRODUCTIVE FAILURES FROM PESTICIDE POISONING AND LOSS OF HABITAT, THIS SPECIES WAS DOWN LISTED TO THREATENED ON AUGUST 11, 1995. ILLEGAL SHOOTING, DISTURBANCE, LOSS OF HABITAT CONTINUES TO BE A PROBLEM.

COLINUS VIRGINIANUS RIDGEWAYI STATUS: ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 35 FR 4001, 03-11-1967, 35 DESCRIPTION: MALES BRICK-RED BREAST AND BLACK HEAD AND THROAT. FEMALES FR 8495, 06-02-70 ARE GENERALLY NONDESCRIPT BUT RESEMBLE OTHER RACES SUCH AS THE TEXAS BOBWHITE. ELEVATION RANGE: 1000-4000 FT.

COUNTIES PIMA

NAME: MASKED BOBWHITE

HABITAT: DESERT GRASSLANDS WITH DIVERSITY OF DENSE NATIVE GRASSES. FORBS AND BRUSH

SPECIES IS CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH ACACIA ANGUSTISSIMA. FORMERLY OCCURRED IN ALTAR AND SANTA CRUZ VALLEYS, AS WELL AS SONORA, MEXICO, PRESENTLY ONLY KNOWN FROM REINTRODUCED POPULATION ON BUENOS AIRES.

NAME: MEXICAN SPOTTED OWL

STRIX OCCIDENTALIS LUCIDA

STATUS: THREATENED CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: Yes CFR: 56 FR 14678, 04-11-91 DESCRIPTION: MEDIUM SIZED WITH DARK EYES AND NO EAR TUFTS. BROWNISH AND HEAVILY SPOTTED WITH WHITE OR BEIGE.

> ELEVATION RANGE: 4100-9000 FT.

COUL ISS MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, YAVAPAI, GRAHAM, GREENLEE, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ, PIMA, PINAL, GILA, MARICOPA

HABITAT: NESTS IN CANYONS AND DENSE FORESTS WITH MULTI-LAYERED FOLIAGE STRUCTURE

GENERALLY NESTS IN OLDER FORESTS OF MIXED CONIFER OR PONDERSA PINE/GAMBEL OAK TYPE. IN CANYONS, AND USE VARIETY OF HABITATS FOR FORAGING. SITES WITH COOL MICROCLIMATES APPEAR TO BE OF IMPORTANCE OR ARE PREFERED.

NAME: SOUTHWESTERN WILLOW FLYCATCHER

EMPIDONAX TRAILLII EXTIMUS

CRITICAL HABITAT: Yes RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 10694, 02-27-95 STATUS: ENDANGERED DESCRIPTION: SMALL PASSERINE (ABOUT 6") GRAYISH-GREEN BACK AND WINGS. WHITISH THROAT, LIGHT OLIVE-GRAY BREAST AND PALE YELLOWISH BELLY, TWO WINGBARS VISIBLE. EYE-RING FAINT OR ABSENT. ELEVATION

RANGE: <8500 FT

COUNTIES: YAVAPAI, GILA, MARICOPA, MOHAVE, COCONINO, NAVAJO, APACHE, PINAL, LA PAZ, GREENLEE, GRAHAM, YUMA, PIMA, COCHISE, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: COTTONWOOD/WILLOW & TAMARISK VEGETATION COMMUNITIES ALONG RIVERS & STREAMS

MIGRATORY RIPARIAN OBLIGATE SPECIES THAT OCCUPIES BREEDING HABITAT FROM LATE APRIL TO SEPTEMBER, DISTRIBUTION WITHIN ITS RANGE IS RESTRICTED TO RIPARIAN CORRIDORS, DIFFICULT TO DISTINGUISH FROM OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EMPIDONAX COMPLEX BY SIGH? ALONE. TRAINING SEMINAR REQUIRED FOR THOSE CONDUCTING FLYCATCHER SURVEYS.

PROPOSED TOTAL= 4

NAME: HUACHUCA WATER UMBEL

LILAEOPSIS SCHAFFNERIANA SSP RECURVA

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 60 FR 16836, 4-3-1995 DESCRIPTION: HERBACEOUS, SEMI-AQUATIC PERENNIAL IN THE PARSLEY FAMILY

(UMBELLIFERAE) WITH SLENDER ERECT, HOLLOW, LEAVES THAT GROW FROM THE NODES OF CREEPING RHIZOMES. FLOWER: 3 TO 10 FLOWERED UMBELS ARISE FROM ROOT NODES.

ELEVATION RANGE: 3500-6500 FT.

COUNTIES: PIMA, SANTA CRUZ, COCHISE

HABITAT: CIENEGAS, PEREINIAL LOW GRADIENT STREAMS, WETLANDS

NAME: SAN XAVIER TALUSSNAIL

SONORELLA EREMITA

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 56 FR 13691, 03-23-1994 DESCRIPTION: LESS THAN ONE INCH (AVE 19 MM), LIGHT BROWN, PILL SHAPED, DARK STRIPE ENCIRCLES OUTER PERIMETER

ELEVATION RANGE: 3850 - 3920 FT.

COUNTIES: PIMA

HABITAT: LIMESTONE TALUS ON NORTHSIDE OF A SINGLE HILL.

NAME: JAGUAR, UNITED STATES POPULATION

PANTHERA ONCA

STATUS: PROPOSED ENDANGERED CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: 59 FR 35574; 7-13-94 DESCRIPTION: MUSCULAR CAT WITH RELATIVELY SHORT, MASSIVE LIMBS AND A DEEP-CHESTED BODY. CINNAMON-BUFF IN COLOR WITH BLACK SPOTS.

> ELEVATION RANGE: <8000 FT.

COUNTIES: COCHISE, PIMA, SANTA CRUZ

HABITAT: IN ARIZONA, RANGED WIDELY THROUGHOUT A VARIETY OF HABITATS FROM SONORAN DESERT TO CONIFER FORESTS

MOST RECORDS ARE FROM THE MADREAN EVERGREEN-WOODLAND, SHRUB-INVADED SEMI-DESERT GRASSLAND. AND ALONG RIVERS. HISTORIC RANGE IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE EXTENDED BEYOND THE COUNTIES LISTED ABOVE. REPORTS OF INDIVIDUALS IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE STATE CONTINUE TO BE RECE. VED. THIS SPECIES IS LISTED AS ENDANGERED FROM THE U.S.-MEXICO BORDER SOUTH, LAST CONFIRMED NIVIDUAL WAS KILLED IN ARIZONA IN 1991, SINCE THEN UNCONFIRMED SIGHTINGS AND TRACKS CONTINUE TO BE REPORTED.

CANDIDATE TOTAL= 4

NAME: ACUNA CACTUS

ECHINOMASTUS ERECTOCENTRUS ACUNENSIS

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: DESCRIPTION: <12 INCHES HIGH SPINE CLUSTERS BORNE ON TUBERCLES, EACH WITH A GROOVE ON THE UPPER SURFACE. 2-3 CENTRAL SPINES AND 12 RADIAL SPINES. FLOWERS PINK TO PURPLE

ELEVATION RANGE: 1300-2000 FT.

COUNTIES: PINAL, PIMA

HABITAT: WELL DRAINED KNOLLS AND GRAVEL RIDGES IN SONORAN DESERT SCRUB

IMMATURE PLANTS DISTINCTLY DIFFERENT FROM MATURE PLANTS. THEY ARE DISC-SHAPED OR SPHERICAL AND HAVE NO CENTRAL SPINES UNTIL THEY ARE ABOUT 1.5 INCHES . RADIAL SPINES ARE DIRTY WHITE WITH MAROON TIPS.

NAME: GENTRY INDIGO BUSH

DALEA TENTACULOIDES

 STATUS: CATEGORY-1
 CRITICAL HABITAT: No
 RECOVERY PLAN: No
 CFR:

 DESCRIPTION: SHRUBBY PERENNIAL IN THE LEGUME FAMILY WITH NUMEROUS STEMS IN OLDER PLANTS, UP TO 6-7 FEET TALL USUALLY LESS. FLOWER: SMALL ROSE-PURPLE APPEAR IN APRIL-JUNE OR SEPT-OCT.
 ELEVATION

COUNTIES: SANTA CRUZ, PIMA

HABITAT: FLOODPLAIN TERRACES IN DRY CANYON RIPARIAN AREAS IN PARTIAL SHADE

NAME: GOODDING ONION

ALLIUM GOODDINGII

STATUS: CATEGORY-1 CRITICAL HABITAT: No RECOVERY PLAN: No CFR: DESCRIPTION: PERENNIAL ONION WITH WIDER LEAVES THAN OTHER ARIZONA ONIONS. FLOWERS RED-PURPLE WITH SIX PETALS ON A SCAPE TALLER THAN THE LEAVES *

ELEVATION RANGE: 7000-9400 FT.

RANGE: 4500

FT

COUNTIES: GREENLEE, APACHE, PIMA

HABITAT: MATURE FORESTS USUALLY ALONG NORTH-TRENDING DRAINAGE BOTTOMS IN MIXED-CONIFER SPRUCE-FIR ZONES

NAME: CHIRICAHUA LEOPARD FROG

RANA CHIRICAHUENSIS

 STATUS: CATEGORY-1
 CRITICAL HABITAT: No
 RECOVERY PLAN: No
 CFR: 59 FR 58996

 DESCRIPTION: CREAM COLORED TUBERCULES (spots) ON A DARK BACKGROUND ON
THE REAR OF THE THIGH, DORSOLATERAL FOLDS THAT ARE
INTERRUPTED AND DEFLECTED MEDIALLY, AND A CALL GIVEN OUT OF
 ELEVATION

WATER DISTINGUISH THIS SPOTTED FROG FROM OTHER LEOPRD RANG

RANGE: 3000-8300 FT.

COUNTIES: SANTA CRUZ, APACHE, GILA, PIMA, COCHISE, GREENLEE, GRAHAM, YAVAPAI, COCONINO, NAVAJO

HABITAT: STREAMS, RIVERS, BACKWATERS, PONDS, AND STOCK TANKS THAT ARE FREE FROM INTRODUCED FISH AND BULLFROGS

REQUIRE PERMANENT OR NEARLY PERMANENT WATER SOURCES. POPULATIONS NORTH OF THE GILA RIVER ARE THOUGHT TO BE CLOSELY-RELATED, BUT DISTINGT, UNDESCRIBED SPECIES.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New Mexico Ecological Services Field Office 2105 Osuna NE Albuquerque, New Mexico 87113 Phone: (505) 761-4525 Fax: (505) 761-4542

October 30, 1995

Cons. #2-22-96-1-014

Mr. Michael S. Huff Dames and Moore Cambric Corporate Center 1790 East River Road, Suite E-300 Tucson, Arizona 85718-5876

Dear Mr. Huff:

This responds to your letter dated October 24, 1995, requesting a list of protected species located within 5 miles of proposed project sites. Your letter also requests information regarding environmental matters or local concerns. The proposed action involves the Doña Ana, Grant, Hildalgo and Luna counties, New Mexico. This letter does not address the other counties that you list as we have already addressed those proposed projects in a letter to Ms. Julie Donsky of your Rolling Meadows, Illinois office.

Enclosed are lists of species that are federally listed as endangered, threatened or are candidates for listing for Doña Ana, Grant, Hildalgo and Luna counties. Due to staffing constraints, we are unable to provide a species list specific to your immediate project area.

Wetlands, riparian vegetation, and the above listed species' sensitive habitat(s) on or near the site should also be protected. If adverse impacts cannot be avoided, we would

We suggest you contact the New Mexico Department of Game and Fish and the New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department, Forestry and Resources Conservation Division for information concerning fish, wildlife, and plants of State concern. If we can be of further assistance, please call Mr. Craig L. Springer of my staff at

Sincerely,

Jennifer Fowler-Prop Field Supervisor

Enclosure

Mr. Michael S. Huff

cc: (wo/enc)

Director, New Mexico Department of Game and Fish, Santa Fe, New Mexico Director, New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Forestry and Resources Conservation Division, Santa Fe, New Mexico

Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species List

Doña Ana County, New Mexico

October 27, 1995

Big free-tailed bat, Nyctinomops macrotis (= Tadarida m., T. molossa), C2 Black-footed ferret, Mustela nigripes, E Desert pocket gopher, Geomys bursarius arenarius, C2 Fringed myotis, Myotis thysanodes, C2 Greater western mastiff bat, Eurnops perotis californicus, C2 Occult little brown bat, Myotis lucifugus occultus, C2 Organ Mountains Colorado chipmunk, Eutamias quadrivittatus australis, C2 Pale Townsend's (=western) big-eared bat, Plecotus townsendii pallescens, C2 Pecos River muskrat, Ondatra zibethicus ripensis, C2 Small-footed myotis, Myotis ciliolabrum, C2 Spotted bat, Euderma maculatum, C2 White Sands woodrat, Neotoma micropus leucophaea, C2 Yuma myotis, Myotis yumanensis, C2 American peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus anatum, E Arctic peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus tundrius, T (S/A) Baird's sparrow, Ammodramus bairdii, C2 Bald eagle, Haliaeetus leucocephalus, T Black tern, Chlodonias niger, C2 Ferruginous hawk, Buteo regalis, C2 Interior least tern, Sterna antillarum, E Loggerhead shrike, Lanius Iudovicianus, C2 Mexican spotted owl, Strix occidentalis lucida, T w/CH

Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species List

Grant County, New Mexico

October 27, 1995

Black-footed ferret, Mustela nigripes, E

Cave myotis, Myotis velifer, C2

Fringed myotis, Myotis thysanodes, C2

Greater western mastiff bat, Eumops perotis californicus, C2

Long-eared myotis, Myotis evotis, C2

Long-legged myotis, Myotis volans, C2

Mexican gray wolf, Canis lupus baileyi, E

Occult little brown bat, Myotis lucifugus occultus, C2

Pale Townsend's (= western) big-eared bat, Plecotus townsendii pallescens, C2

Small-footed myotis, Myotis ciliolabrum, C2

Spotted bat, Euderma maculatum, C2

White-sided jackrabbit, Lepus callotis gaillardi, C2

Yuma myotis, Myotis yumanensis, C2

American peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus anatum, E

Arctic peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus tundrius, T (S/A)

Baird's sparrow, Ammodramus bairdii, C2

Bald eagle, <u>Haliaeetus</u> leucocephalus, T

Brown pelican, Pelecanus occidentalis, E

Ferruginous hawk, Buteo regalis, C2

Loggerhead shrike, Lanius Iudovicianus, C2

Mexican spotted owl, Strix occidentalis lucida, T w/CH

Northern aplomado falcon, Falco femoralis septentrionalis, F

Northern aplomado falcon, Falco femoralis septe..trionalis, E Southwestern willow flycatcher, Empidonax traillii extimus, E w/PCH Western burrowing owl, Athene cunicularia hypugea, C2 White-faced ibis, Plegadis chihi, C2 Whooping crane, Grus americana, E Texas horned lizard, Phrynosoma cornutum, C2 Anthony blister beetle, Lytta mirifica, C2 Doña Ana talussnail, <u>Sonorella todseni</u>, C2 Alamo beardtongue, Penstemon alamosensis, C2 Grama grass cactus, Pediocactus papyracanthus, C2 Mescalero milkwort, Polygala rimulicola var. mescalerorum, C2 Night-blooming cereus, Cereus greggii var. greggii, C2 Nodding cliff daisy, Perityle cernua, C2 Organ Mountain evening primrose, Oenothera organensis, C2 Organ Mountain figwort, Scrophularia laevis, C2 Sand prickly pear, Opuntia arenaria, C2 Sandhill goosefoot, Chenopodium cycloides, C2 Sneed's pincushion cactus, Coryphantha sneedii var. sneedii, E Standley's whitlowgrass, Draba standleyi, C2

Northern goshawk, Accipiter gentilis, C2 Northern gray hawk, Buteo nitidus maximus, C2 Southwestern willow flycatcher, Empidonax traillii extimus, E w/PCH Whooping crane, Grus americana, E Beautiful shiner, Cyprinella formosa, T Chihuahua chub, Gila nigrescens, T Desert sucker, Catostomus clarki, C2 Gila chub, Gila intermedia, C2 Gila topminnow, Poeciliopsis occidentalis, E Gila trout, Oncorhynchus gilae, E Loach minnow, Rhinichthys cobitis, T Longfin dace, Agosia chrysogaster, C2 Roundtail chub, Gila robusta, C2 Sonora sucker, Catostomus insignis, C2 Speckled dace, Rhinichthys osculus (Gila drainage), C2 Spikedace, Meda fulgida, T Mexican garter snake, Thamnophis eques, C2 Narrowhead garter snake, Thamnophis rufipunctatus, C2 Texas horned lizard, Phrynosoma cornutum, C2 Arizona southwestern toad, Bufo microscaphus, C2 Chiricahua leopard frog, Rana chiricahuensis, C1 Lowland leopard frog, Rana yavapaiensis, C2 Gila springsnail, "Fontelicella" gilae, C1 New Mexico hotspring snail, "Fontelicella" thermalis, C1 Shortneck snaggletooth (snail), Gastrocopta dalliana dalliana, C2

Dwarf milkweed, <u>Asclepias uncialis</u>, C2 Grama grass cactus, <u>Pediocactus papyracanthus</u>, C2 Mimbres figwort, <u>Scrophularia macrancha</u>, C1 Night-blooming cereus, <u>Cereus greggii</u> var. <u>greggii</u>, C2 Parish's alkali grass, <u>Puccinellia parishii</u>, PE Pinos Altos flameflower, <u>Talinum humile</u>, C2 Porsild's starwort, <u>Stellaria porsildii</u>, C2 San Carlos wild-buckwheat, <u>Eriogonum capillare</u>, C2 Slender spiderflower, <u>Cleome multicaulis</u>, C2 Wright's dogweed, <u>Adenophyllum wrightii</u>, C2 Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species List

Hidalgo County, New Mexico

October 27, 1995

Arizona shrew, Sorex arizonae, C2

Big free-tailed bat, Nyctinomops macrotis (= Tadarida m., T. molossa), C2

Black-footed ferret, Mustela nigripes, E

California leaf-nosed bat, Macrotus californicus, C2

Cave myotis, Myotis velifer, C2

Fringed myotis, Myotis thysanodes, C2

Greater western mastiff bat, Eumops perotis californicus, C2

Lesser long-nosed bat, Leptonycteris curasoae yerbabuenae, E

Long-legged myotis, Myotis volans, C2

Mearns' southern pocket gopher, Thomomys umbrinus mearnsi, C2

Mexican gray wolf, Canis lupus baileyi, E

Mexican long-nosed bat, Leptonycteris nivalis, E

Mexican long-tongued bat, Choeronycteris mexicana, C2

Occult little brown bat, Myotis lucifugus occultus, C2

Pale Townsend's (=western) big-eared bat, <u>Plecotus</u> townsendii pallescens, C2

Small-footed myotis, Myotis ciliolabrum, C2

Spotted bat, Euderma maculatum, C2

White-sided jackrabbit, Lepus callotis gaillardi, C2

Yellow-nosed cotton rat, Sigmodon ochrognathus, C2

Yuma myotis, Myotis yumanensis, C2

American peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus anatum, E

Arctic peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus tundrius, T (S/A)

Baird's sparrow, Ammodramus bairdii, C2 Bald eagle, Haliaeetus leucocephalus, T Ferruginous hawk, Buteo regalis, C2 Loggerhead shrike, Lanius Iudovicianus, C2 Mexican spotted owl, Strix occidentalis lucida, T w/CH Northern aplomado falcon, Falco femoralis septentrionalis, E Northern goshawk, Accipiter gentilis, C2 Northern gray hawk, Buteo nitidus maximus, C2 Southwestern willow flycatcher, Empidonax traillii extimus, E w/PCH Western burrowing owl, Athene cunicularia hypugea, C2 Desert sucker, Catostomus clarki, C2 Loach minnow, Rhinichthys cobitis, T Longfin dace, Agosia chrysogaster, C2 Roundtail chub, Gila robusta, C2 Sonora sucker, Catostomus insignis, C2 Spikedace, Meda fulgida, T Canyon (giant) spotted whiptail, Cnemidophorus burti, C2 Gray-checkered whiptail, Cnemidophorus dixoni, C2 Mexican garter snake, Thamnophis eques, C2 Narrowhead garter snake, Thamnophis rufipunctatus, C2 New Mexican ridge-nosed rattlesnake, Crotalus willardi obscurus, T Texas horned lizard, Phrynosoma cornutum, C2 Arizona southwestern toad, Bufo microscaphus microscaphus, C2 Chiricahua leopard frog, Rana chiricahuensis, C1 Lowland leopard frog, Rana yavapaiensis, C2
Animas minute moss beetle, <u>Limnebius aridus</u>, C2 Hacheta Grande woodlandsnail, <u>Ashmunella hebardi</u>, C2 Shortneck snaggletooth (snail), <u>Gastrocopta dalliana dalliana</u>, C2 Chiricahua mudflower, <u>Limosella publiflora</u>, C2 Five-leaf scurfpea, <u>Pediomelum pentaphyllum</u>, C2 Grama grass cactus, <u>Pediocactus papyracanthus</u>, C2 Gypsum hotspring aster, <u>Machaeranthera gypsitherma</u>, C2 Limestone rosewood, <u>Vauquelinia californica ssp. pauciflora</u>, C2 Night-blooming cereus, <u>Cereus greggii</u> var. <u>greggii</u>, C2 San Carlos wild-buckwheat, <u>Eriogonum capillare</u>, C2

Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species List

Luna County, New Mexico

October 27, 1995

Black-footed ferret, Mustela nigripes, E Cave myotis, Myotis velifer, C2 Desert pocket gopher, Geomys bursarius arenarius, C2 Fringed myotis, Myotis thysanodes, C2 Greater western mastiff bat, Eumops perotis californicus, C2 Long-legged myotis, Myotis volans, C2 Mexican gray wolf, Canis lupus bailevi, E Pale Townsend's (=western) big-eared bat, <u>Plecotus</u> townsendii pallescens, C2 Spotted bat, Euderma maculatum, C2 White-sided jackrabbit, Lepus callotis gaillardi, C2 American peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus anatum, E Arctic peregrine falcon, Falco peregrinus tundrius, T (S/A) Baird's sparrow, Ammodramus bairdii, C2 Bald eagle, Haliaeetus leucocephalus, T Ferruginous hawk, Buteo regalis, C2 Loggerhead shrike, Lanius Iudovicianus, C2 Mountain plover, Charadrius montanus, C1 Northern aplomado falcon, Falco femoralis septentrionalis, E Northern gray hawk, Buteo nitidus maximus, C2 Southwestern willow flycatcher, Empidonax traillii extimus, E w/PCH Western burrowing owl, Athene cunicularia hypugea, C2 Whooping crane, Grus americana, E

Beautiful shiner, <u>Cyprinella formosa</u>, T Longfin dace, <u>Agosia chrysoqaster</u>, C2 Chiricahua leopard frog, <u>Rana chiricahuensis</u>, C1 Lowland leopard frog, <u>Rana yavapaiensis</u>, C2 Texas horned lizard, <u>Phrynosoma cornutum</u>, C2 Cook's Peak woodlandsnail, <u>Ashmunella macromphala</u>, C2 Cook's Peak woodlandsnail, <u>Oreohelix florida</u>, C2 Florida mountainsnail, <u>Oreohelix florida</u>, C2 Shortneck snaggletooth (snail), <u>Gastrocopta dalliana dalliana</u>, C2 Grama grass cactus, <u>Pediocactus papyracanthus</u>, C2 Mimbres figwort, <u>Scrophularia macrantha</u>, C1 Night-blooming cereus, <u>Cereus greqqii</u> var. <u>greqqii</u>, C2 Sand prickly pear, <u>Opuntia arenaria</u>, C2

E	=	Endangered
PE	-	Proposed Endangered
PE w/CH	=	Proposed Endangered with critical habitat
Т	=	Threatened
PT	=	Proposed Threatened
PT w/CH	=	Proposed Threatened with critical habitat
РСН	=	Proposed critical habitat
C1	=	Category 1 Candidate
C2	=	Category 2 Candidate
S/A	=	Similarity of Appearance



United States Environmental Protection Agency 726 Minnesota Avenue Kansas City, Kansas 66101 Request Acknowledgment

October 18, 1995

Julie Donsky Dames And Moore 1701 Golf Road Suite 1000, One Continental Towers Rolling Meadows, IL 60008

Date of Your Fequest: September 30, 1995 Received: October 18, 1995

SUBJECT:

SPECIFIED INFO LOCATIONS IN KANSAS

The Agency has ten (10) working days to respond to your request. You can expect a reply shortly after expiration of the ten-working day period. Further correspondence on this subject should cite the following Request Identification Number:

07-RIN-01346-95

n. A. usua

Freedom of Information Officer (FOI)



United States Environmental Protection Agency 726 Minnesota Avenue Kansas City, Kansas 66101 Request Acknowledgment

October 18, 1995

Julie Donsky Dames And Moore 1701 Golf Road Suite 1000, One Continental Towers Rolling Meadows,, IL 60008

Date of Your Request:	October 4, 1995	Received:	October 18, 1995	
		and the second s		

SUBJECT:

SPECIFIED INFO LOCATIONS IN KS

The Agency has ten (10) working days to respond to your request. You can expect a reply shortly after expiration of the ten-working day period. Further correspondence on this subject should cite the following Request Identification Number:

07-RIN-01347-95

wona of Miercal

Freedom of Information Officer (FOI)



Natural Resource Conservation Service

Geary Field Office 129 East Main Geary, OK 73040 405/884-2383

Date: November 1, 1995

Project Name: Environmental Report - Concho, Oklahoma Proposed Rail Construction

County: Canadian County, Oklahoma

Location: NE 1/4 Sec. 12, T13N, R8W

There are two soil map units associated with this project. The soil map unit (ShC) Shellabarger Fine Sandy Loam, 3 to 5 Percent Slopes and (PkA) Pond Creek Silt Loam, 0 to 1 Percent Slopes is considered as PRIME FARMLAND and therefore IS SUBJECT to the provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act. Form AD-1006, available at the NRCS county office, will need to be completed to meet provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act.

Jon Hise District Conservationist

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NONTECHNICAL SOILS DESCRIPTION REPORT loamy

Map Symbol	Soil name and description
PkA	Pond Creek silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes THIS DEEP, WELL DRAINED, NEARLY LEVEL SOIL IS ON FLAT TO SLIGHTLY CONVEX AREAS OF TERRACES. THIS SOIL HAS A LOAMY SURFACE LAYER AND A LOAMY SUBSOIL. PERMEABILITY IS MODERATELY SLOW, AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IS HIGH, AND RUNOFF IS SLOW.
ShC	Shellabarger fine sandy loam, 3 to 5 percent slopes THIS DEEP, WELL DRAINED, GENTLY SLOPING SOIL IS ON SIDE SLOPES OF TERRACES. THIS SOIL HAS A LOAMY SURFACE LAYER AND A LOAMY SUBSOIL. PERMEABILITY IS MODERATE, AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IS MEDIUM, AND RUNOFF IS MEDIUM.



Section II-iii-A

1

CANADIAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Prime Farmland

Prime farmland is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops, and is also available for these uses (the land could be cropland, pastureland, rangeland, forest land, or other land, but not urban built-up land or water). It has the soil quality, growing season, and moisture supply needed to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when treated and managed, including water management, according to acceptable farming methods.

In general, prime farmlands have an adequate and dependable water supply from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. They are permeable to water and air. Prime farmlands are not excessively erodible or saturated with water for a long period of time, and they either do not flood frequently or are protected from flooding.

The following list of soil survey map units meet the soil requirements for prime farmland in CANADIAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA. Soils that have limitations, such as a high water table or flooding, may qualify as prime farmland if these limitations are overcome by such measures as drainage or flood control. In the following list, the measures needed to overcome the limitations of a map unit, if any, are shown in parenthesis after the map unit name.

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	Conservation		
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PRIME FARMLAND

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SURVEY AREA- CANADIAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

	Prin	ne
Мар		
Symbol	Code	soil Mapunit Name
BeA	1	BETHANY SILT LOAM, O TO 1 PERCENT SLOPES
BAL	1	BINGER FINE SANDY LOAM, 1 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
Br	1	BREWER SILTY CLAY LOAM
Ca	1	CANADIAN FINE SANDY LOAM
Da	1	SHEE SILL LOOM
GdB	1	GRANDFIELD FINE SANDY LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
GdC	1	GRANDFIELD FINE SANDY LOAM, 3 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
KfB	1	KINGFISHER SILT LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
KfC	1	KINGFISHER SILT LOAM, 3 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
KFA	1	KIRKLAND SILT LAOM, O TO 1 PERCENT SLOPES
KrB	1	KIRKLAND SILT LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
Mc	1	MCLAIN SILTY CLAY LOAM
MsB	1	MINCO SILT LCAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
MSC	1	MINCO SILT LOAM, 3 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
NbC	1	NOBLE FINE SANDY LOAM, 3 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
NrB	1	NORGE SILT LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
NrC	1	NORGE SILT LOAN, 3 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
PkA	1	POND CREEK SILT LOAM, O TO 1 PERCENT SLOPES
Pks	1	PORT CREEK SILT LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
Po	1	PORT SILT LOAM
Ra	1	REINACH VERY FINE SANDY LOAM
RbA	1	RENFROW SILT LOAM, O TO 1 PERCENT SLOPES
RbB	1	RENFROW SILT LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
ShB	1	SHELLABARGER FINE SANDY LOAM, 1 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
ShC	1	SHELLABARGER FINE SANDY LOAM, 3 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES
ła	1	WATCHGA SILTY CLAY
fa		YAHOLA FINE SANDY LOAM

Prime

Farmland

Code Description

.....

1 All areas are prime farmland.

FEDERALLY LISTED, PROPOSED, AND CANDIDATE THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES FOR CANADIAN COUNTY, OKLAHOMA JUNE 20, 1990

SPECIES

CLASSIFICATION

Bald eagle Black-capped vireo Interior least tern Piping plover Whooping crane Peregrine falcon Prairie mole cricket Arkansas River shiner Arkansas River speckled chub Category 2 Candidate White-faced ibis Ferruginous hawk Long-billed curlew Western Snowy plover

Endangered Endangered Endangered Threatened Endangered Endangered Proposed Threatened Category 1 Candidate Category 2 Candidate Category 2 Candidate Category 2 Candidate Category 2 Candidate

FOTG

SECTION I

GEARY FIELD OFFICE



Natural Resource Conservation Service Geary Field Office 129 East Main Geary, OK 73040 405/884-2383

Dames & Moore, Inc. One Continental Towers, 1701 Colf Road, Suite 1000, Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Attention: Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist

Proposed Merger Related Rail Construction OKLAHOMA Concho, Oklahoma Canadian County

We have reviewed your proposed project identified as the CONCHO project, Canadian County, Oklahoma. Based on this review we have determined that prime farmland is present in the proposed project area and therefore is subject to the provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act. Form AD-1006, available at the Natural Resource Conservation Service office, will need to be completed to meet provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act.

Prime farmland is a rapidly diminishing, irreplaceable natural resource. All practicable alternatives should be evaluated in order to minimize adverse impact on these lands.

In order to aid in the evaluations of these alternatives, please find enclosed one copy of the Soil Survey map covering the proposed project area.

Also a list of threatened and endangered species is attached for your information.

We know of no critical habitats within 5 miles.

The Cheyenne and Arapaho tribe has a large number of acres adjoining the project area and should be contacted for response. The Administration office located in Concho, Oklahoma can be contacted for direction. (405) 262-0345.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on these proposed actions early in the planning stage.

Sincerely,

Jon Hise District Conservationist

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Natural Resources Conservation Service Enid Field Office 2309 N 10th Street Enid, OK 73701 405-237-4338

Dames & Moore Inc. One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

October 20, 1995

Julie Donsky,

In response to the request for an environmental assessment for the purposed extending of existing siding by 1200 feet on rail construction in North Enid, Oklahoma.

This purposed extension located within Section 32-T23N-R6W and Section 5-T22N-R6W will involve two soil mapping units considered as PRIME FARMLAND and therefore IS SUBJECT to the provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act. Form AD-1006, available to the NRCS county office, will need to be completed to meet provisions of the Farmland Protection Policy Act.

Wale 2. Han cur. Dale L. Hancock

RECEIVED

District Conservationist

OCT 2 6 1995

JUNTING DEPARTMENT







Natural Resources Conservation Service

State Office 100 USDA Suite 203 Stillwater, OK 74074-2655

October 16, 1995

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

We have reviewed your proposed project identified as Environmental Report for the merger of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads in Oklahoma. Based on this review we have determined that prime farmland is present in the proposed project areas. Prime farmland is a rapidly diminishing, irreplaceable natural resource. All practicable alternatives should be evaluated in order to minimize adverse impact on these lands.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on these proposed actions early in the planning stage.

Sincerely,

D. Forl.

JIMMY G. FORD Director (Soils)

The Natural Resources Conservation Service, formerly the Soil Conservation Service, is an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture



Natural Resources Conservation Service SUU Cariinville -iaza Carlinville, Illinois 62625

October 17. 1995

Julie Donsky, Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore, Inc. One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 100 Rolling Meadows, IL 6000S

Dear Julie:

This letter is in response to your request for environmental information on the proposed construction of a railway "Y" south of Girard in Macoupin County, Illinois. You requested information on; 1) Protected species within 5 miles. 2) Critical habitat within 5 miles. 3) Parks and refuges in the proximity. 4) Other environmental information. 5) Permits/approvals needed. Our comments are as follows:

- There are several plant and animal species listed as threatened or endangered which occur in Macoupin County. We have on file one documented occurrence of an endangered species approximately five miles from this site. The pondhorn mussel (Uniomerus tetralasmus) has been found in the east fork of Otter Creek (see attached map). I see no direct or indirect impacts of this proposed construction on this identified occurrence. The Illinois Department of Natural Resources can provide more information on documented occurrences in the area.
- 2) There are three areas of land adjacent to the track which have been identified as wetlands on the National Wetland Inventory maps (see attached map). The area north of the "Y" is a borrow pit adjacent to the track. There are other wetlands associated with the ditch adjacent to the track. There is also a wetland associated with a tributary of Shearles Branch just south of the "Y". There are areas of trees and native prairie grasses along the existing railway which could be considered valuable habitat.
- There are no documented refuges in the vicinity of this project area.

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- 4) Approximately 14 acres of prime farmland would be directly converted to non-agricultural use by the construction of this "Y".
- 5) Permits may needed from the US Army Corps of Engineers if wetlands are manipulated.

If you have any questions or would like clarification of any of these comments, please contact me at the above address or by phone at 217-854-2628.

Sincerely,

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~ 61 ALL JE Ivin Dozier

District Conservationist

cc. R. McLeese, NRCS SRSS





Natura, Resources 1315 5. 7th. Suise Service

Conservation Kingfisher, OK 73750 405-375-3247

Date: October 30. 1995

Dames & Moore ONE CONTINENTAL TOWERS 1701 GOLF ROAD, SUITE 1000 ROLLING MEADOWS, ILLINOIS 60008

I have reviewed your request for any concerns and information regarding the construction project for the Jacks, OK, siding extension located in Kingfisher, County,

Protected Species Information: There is habitat along the Cimarron River in Kingfisher County for the Interior Least Tern and the Piping Plover which are both on the Oklahoma and Federal List of Endangered Species. The river is within 4 miles of the proposed construction project.

Critical Habitats: The Cimarron River is considered critical habitat for the Interior Least Tern and the Piping Plover. There are also designated wetland areas within 5 miles of the construction site that could possibly be used by Whooping Cranes during their migrations.

Parks and Refuges: There are no parks or refuges within the proximity of the proposed project.

There are Prime Farmland soil mapping units located adjacent to the project area. As long as construction is limited to the easement area, these will not be effected.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call me my office anytime.

Sincerely,

time 1. S James R. Smith

District Conservationist

cc: Jimmy G. Ford - State Soil Scientist - Stillwater, OK

Natural Resources Conservation Service Medford Field Office 121 E. Kretchmar Dr. Medford, OK 73759

November 2, 1995

Ms. Julie Donsky, Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore 1 Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, ILL 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

We have reviewed your proposed project for the merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads on 18-26N-5W and 7-26N-5W in Grant County. Based on this review we have determined that prime farmland is present in the proposed project area. If the new construction is to be completed within your current Right-of-way we do not view this as an impact on Prime farmland In the Grant County Conservation District. Should your construction design go beyond your easement form AD-1006 will need to be completed here.

Prime farmland is a rapidly diminishing, irreplaceable natural resource. All practicable atlernatives should be evaluated in order to minimize adverse impact on these lands.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on these proposed actions early in the planning stage.

Sincerely,

Stive Same HETTIN in fer

Activ

Anthony Boeckman District conservationist



United States

Department of

Agriculture

Soil Conservation Service Parkade Center, Suite 250 601 Business Loop 70 West Columbia, Missouri 65203

October 13, 1995

Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, IL 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

Our office has received your correspondence concerning an Environmental Report for merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads.

Our primary concern is there will be no damage to adjacent farmland where connections are constructed at the Dexter Junction and the Missouri Junction sites in Stoddard County, Missouri.

If you have questions or need additional information, please contact Kenneth Vogt, Assistant State Soil Scientist (Correlation) at 314/876-0907.

Sincerely,

ver a d

ROGER A. HANSEN State Conservationist

The Soil Conservation Service is an agency of the Department of Agriculture

AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

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Natural Resources Conservation Service 3737 Government Street Alexandria, Louisiana 71302

October 19, 1995

Ms. Julie Donsky Environmental Scientist Dames and Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

RE: Solicitation of Views Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads Merger

We received your letter of September 30, 1995, requesting our comments on the above referenced project.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), formerly the Soil Conservation Service (SCS), has no current projects that would affect or be affected by this project.

We wish you well in your rail construction efforts. Feel free to call on our agency if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

Donald W. Gohmert State Conservationist

cc: Bruce M. Lehto, Area Conservationist, NRCS, Crowley, LA

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AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER



Natural Resources Conservation Service

760 South Broadway Salina, Kansas 67401-4642 913-823-4500 / FAX 913-823-4540

October 24, 1995

Ms. Julic Donsky, Environmental Scientist Dames and Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky:

Thank your for the opportunity to review the plans for the merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads.

The merger of the railroads within the state of Kansas should have no effect on prime farmlands. However, if federal funds are utilized in the removal of lands from outside of the railroads existing boundaries and if those soils are prime farmlands or of statewide importance, then a Form AD-1006 will need to be completed and returned to this office. If the latter occurs, you will need to outline and determine acreages from those areas on county base maps so we can determine if there are any negative impacts to important farmlands as defined by the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA).

If I can be of further assistance, please let me know.

Sincerely,

ACTING FOR

James N. Habiger State Conservationist

Enclosure

The Natural Resources Conservation Service, formerly the Soil Conservation Service, works hand-in-hand with the American people to conserve natural resources on private lands.

Natural Resources Conservation Service

1550 East Main Salem, Illinois 62881

October 24, 1995

Julie Donsky, Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky,

This correspondence is in response to your letter to the State Conservationist for the USDA-NRCS (formerly the Soil Conservation Service) in Illinois dated September 30, 1995. Fer your request our office has reviewed information available for sites #35 and #36 located near Salem in Marion County. Our comments are as follows:

Protected Species Information: State and federal lists of threatened and endangered species for Marion County and a brief description for each species are being sent to you under separate cover. Our office does not maintain a record of siting for these species. Additional information may be available from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources or the Illinois Natural History Survey. If needed our office can provide the names and addresses of contacts for these agencies.

Listing of Critical Habitats: Known critical habitat areas within five miles of the sites include forested wetlands on bottomland and upland sites. Several jurisdictional wetlands are also located within the areas designated for sites #35 and #36.

Location of parks and refuges: Bryan Memorial and Tully Parks, which are operated by the City of Salem, are located to the south and west of site #35 and to the north and west of site #36. The Salem Moose Lodge maintains a park facility adjacent to site #35. Site #36 is located near a golf course operated by the Salem Country Club.

Known permitting/approval authorities:

1.) Salem, City of

2.) Illinois Department of Transportation - Springfield

3.) Illinois EPA - Springfield

4.) U.S. Army Corp. of Engineers - St. Louis District

5.) Illinois State Historic Preservation Officer - Springfield

Other information: Prior experience has shown railroad right of way sites to contain unique plant species and communities. An example is the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Prairie located in Marion County between Odin and Farina. If you wish to consider this potential in your evaluation, assistance is available from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources through a Natural Heritage Biologist.

If you require any further assistance or information please contact our office at (618) 548-1337 or at the address shown above.

Sincerely,

Tony Antonacci District Conservationist

cc: Bob McLeese, NRCS - Champaign w/out attachments
Marion County SWCD - w/out attachments

The United State Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in its programs on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, disability, political beliefs and marital or familial status. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs). Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (braille, large print, audictape, etc.) should contact the USDA Office of Communications at (202) 720-5881 (voice) or (202) 720-7808 (TED). To file a complaint, write the Socratary of Agriculture, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C., 20250, or call (202) 720-7327 (voice) or (202) 720-1127 (TED). USDA is an equal opportunity employer.

The Natural Resources Conservation Service, formerly the Soil Conservation Service, le an agency of the



United States

Agriculture

Department of

Natural Resources Conservation Service 40 Adloff Lane - Duite =" Springfield, IL 62703

October 6, 1995

Julie Donsky Dames & Moore, Inc. One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Road, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, IL 60008

Dear Julie,

I have reviewed your proposal sent on September 30 regarding the merger related rail construction for the Union Facific and Southern Pacific Railroads in Sangamon County. Since there will be no adverse affects to the natural resource base of the county, I have no comment concerning this proposal. If you need any other information, feel free to contact our office at (217)492-4015.

Sincerely,

wort Chadarch Theresa M. hadwick

District Conservationist

cc:Bob McLeese, USDA NRCS

The Natural Resource's Conservation Service, formerly the Soil Conservation Service, is an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service

1550 East Main Salem, Illinois 62881

October 24, 1995

Julie Donsky, Environmental Scientist Dames & Moore One Continental Towers 1701 Golf Poad, Suite 1000 Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Dear Ms. Donsky,

This correspondence is in response to your letter to the State Conservationist for the USDA-NRCS (formerly the Soil Conservation Service) in Illinois dated September 30, 1995. Per your request our office has reviewed information available for sites #35 and #36 located near Salem in Marion County. Our comments are as follows:

Protected Species Information: State and federal lists of threatened and endangered species for Marion County and a brief description for each species are being sent to you under separate cover. Our office does not maintain a record of siting for these species. Additional information may be available from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources or the Illinois Natural History Survey. If needed our office can provide the names and addresses of contacts for these agencies.

Listing of Critical Habitats: Known critical habitat areas within five miles of the sites include forested wetlands on bottomland and upland sites. Several jurisdictional wetlands are also located within the areas designated forsites #35 and #36.

Location of parks and refuges: Bryan Memorial and Tully Parks, which are operated by the City of Salem, are located to the south and west of site #35 and to the north and west of site #36. The Salem Moose Lodge maintains a park facility adjacent to site #35. Site #36 is located near a golf course operated by the Salem Country Club.

Known permitting/approval authorities:

1.) Salem, City of

- 2.) Illinois Department of Transportation Springfield
- 3.) Illinois EPA Springfield
- 4.) U.S. Army Corp. of Engineers St. Louis District

5.) Illinois State Historic Preservation Officer -Springfield

Other information: Prior experience has shown railroad right of way sites to contain unique plant species and communities. An example is the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Prairie located in Marion County between Odin and Farina. If you wish to consider this potential in your evaluation, assistance is available from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources through a Natural Heritage Biologist.

If you require any further assistance or information please contact our office at (618) 548-1337 or at the address shown above.

Sincerely,

Anne

Tony Antonacci District Conservationist

cc: Bob McLeese, NRCS - Champaign w/out attachments Marion County SWCD - w/out attachments

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SEC 1-IL Tech Guide Threatened and Endangered Species

Marion County Federal Endangered and Threatened Species List

INDIANA BAT (E) MYOTIS SODALIS

E = Endangered, T = Threatened

The above list of Federal endangered and threatened species was updated May 1992. It does not include state listed endangered and threatened species. For state listings contact the Illinois Division of Natural Heritage, Endangered Species Protection Board.

Attached are fact sheets for each species listed above.

Marion County State Endangered and Threatened Species List

The following list of State endangered and threatened species was provided by the Illinois Department of Conservation Division of Natural Heritage and the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Board, November, 1991. Since this information changes frequently updated list for specific projects should be obtained from the Board. State Listing column: LT = Threatened listing, LE = Endangered listing.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON	STATE LISTING
ASIO FLAMMEUS BARTRAMIA LONGICAUDA CIRCUS CYANEUS TYMPANUCHUS CUPIDO VILLOSA LIENOSA SABATIA CAMPESTRIS UNIOMERUS TETRALASMUS ACCIPITER COOPERII LANIUS LUDOVICIANUS TRIFOLIUM REFLEXUM	SHORT-EARED OWL UPLAND SANDPIPER NORTHERN HARRIER GREATER PRAIRIE-CHICKEN LITTLE SPECTACLE CASE MUSSEL PRAIRIE PINK PONDHORN COOPER'S HAWK LOGGERHEAD SHRIKE BUFFALO CLOVER	LE LE LE LE LT LE LE

INDIANA BAT

Myotis sodalis (Miller and Allen)

Order: Chiroptera Family: Vespertilionidae

Description: A medium-size myotis, closely resembling the little brown bat (<u>Myotis lucifugus</u>) but differing in coloration, the fur being a dull grayish chestnut rather than bronze, with the basal portion of the hairs of the back dull lead colored; coloration of underparts pinkish to cinnamon, hind feet smaller and more delicate than in M. lucifugus; calcar strongly keeled.

Distribution: Midwest and eastern United States from the western edge of Ozark region in Oklahoma to central Vermont, to southern Wisconsin, and as far south as northern Florida. Distribution is associated with major cavernous limestone areas and areas just north of cave regions. (Hall, 1962).

Former Distribution: Probably about the same, although there is evidence that many caves within the range of the species have been abandoned since 1950.

Status: Endangered. Decreasing in numbers.

Estimated numbers: About 500,000.

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Breeding rate in the wild: Usually a single young in late June.

Reasons for decline: Commercialization of caves in which Indiana bats roost. Wanton destruction of large numbers of Indiana bats by vandals. (John S. Hall reported in personal communication, 1965, that a few years ago two boys killed about 10,000 <u>Myotis sodalis</u> in Carter Cave, Kentucky, in just a few minutes.) Roosts being disturbed by increasing numbers of spelunkers and others seeking recreation. Disturbances during bat banding programs. Colonies frequently raided for laboratory experimental animals. Insecticide poisoning may possibly be new threat. The species has a fairly restricted geographic range and shows a high degree of aggregation in the winter, when over 90 per cent of the estimated population occurs in only four caves. This high degree of aggregation makes the species very vulnerable.

Protective measures already taken: American Society of Mammalogists appointed a committee in the fall of 1963 to investigate the problem of reduction in bat populations; resolution approved by American Society of Mammalogists on June 17, 1964, that removal of bats from caves be discouraged except for scientific research and that molestation of bats in roosts or other unnecessary disturbance be discontinued. Construction of a gate across entrance to Carter Cave, Kentucky, where over 100,000

SCS-IL, August, 1992

Accipiter cooperii (Bonaparte)

COOPER'S HAWK



ACCIPITRIDAE

Status: Endangered in Illinois

Present Distribution: One of the 3 North American accipiters, the Cooper's hawk breeds from British Columbia, central Saskatchewan and Nova Scotia south to Baja California, Northern Mexico and the southeastern U.S., Wintering birds occurnorth to southern New England and British Columbia. In Illinois this species is a rare summer resident and an uncommon migrant and winter resident (Bohler, 1989).

Former Illinois Distribution: This woodland ranter was formerly considered to be relatively common throughout all the wooded partiens of the state (Ridgway 1889).

Habitat: The Cooper's hawk prefers mature deciduous forests but also occurs in open woodland and forest edge. The nest consists of a bulky platform of sticks and twigs usually placed near the trunk in a tall tree.

Reason for Status: Continental populations of the Cooper's hawk have recently stabilized following a severe decline during the 1970s, probably due to the banning of DDT (Ehrlich et al. 1988). However, the Illinois breeding population is still very low with recent nesting known from only 21 Illinois counties.

Management Recommendations: The preservation of large forest trees for nest sites and the protection of known nesting areas from human disturbance would be the most beneficial management for this species in Illinois.

Asio flammeus (Pontoppidan)

SHORT-EARED OWL



STRIGIDAE

Status: Endangered in Illinois

Present Distribution: In North America, short-eared owls breed locally from Alaska and northern Canada south to New Jersey and California. They winter from the southern part of their breeding range to as far south as Guatemala. This owl is a rare summer resident and an uncommon migrant and winter resident throughout the state (Bohlen 1989). In 1990 this species nested at 5 locations in Jasper, Lee, Marion and McLean counties, the first accumented nesting in the state since 1973.

Former Illinois Distribution: Cory.(1909) believed this owl nested in Cook County, and Ford (1956) emphasized an erratic nesting behavior in Illinois. Sporadic nesting probably formerly occurred across the nonhern half of Illinois wherever appropriate habitat was available. Wintering birds have apparently always been locally common in Illinois.

Habitat: The short-eared owl nests on the ground in open country including prairies, meadows, marshes, savanna and dunes. In Illinois the short-eared owl may prefer wet prairie habitats (Birkenholz 1975). However, recent nesting also has occurred in agricultural set-aside land. Nearly all of the recent nest records for Illinois are from grassland areas at least 50 ha in size.

Reason for Status: Destruction of grassland and wetland habitat have probably been the primary factors creating the precarious status of this owl as a breeding species in Illinois. The extremely low breeding population and erratic nesting behavior make the short-eared owls' continued presence unpredictable even in known nesting areas.

Management R: commendations: Since most recent nesting of this species in Illinois is from large grassland areas, the preservation of large blocks of prairie and marsh habitat appear essential. Further research may show that specific management techniques, such as prescribed burning, influence nesting behavior.

Bartramia longicauda (Bechstein)

UPLAND SANDPIPER



SCOLOPACIDAE

Status: Endancered in Illincis

Present Distribution: This grassland species breeds from Alaska and central Canada to the central U.S., and winters in southern South America. It occurs as an uncommon summer resident and migrant throughout Illinois (Bohlen 1980). Former Illinois Distribution: The upland sandpiper was once a very common

summer resident throughout Illinois (Neison 1876b, Ridgway 1895, Ford 1956). However, it was hunted nearly to extinction before it was given protection (Ridgway 1915).

Habitat: In Illinois the upland sandpiper usually inhabits prairies, pastureland and hayfields with an average grass height less than 30 cm (Graber and Graber 1963, Buhnerkempke and Westemeier 1988). However, late spring burns and drought may allow this species to utilize areas of normally taller grasses. Grasslands adjacent to airports also are sometimes utilized by this species in Illinois (Becker 1980).

Reason for Status: The upland sandpiper has shown some signs of a weak recovery but is still scarce when compared to early records. The continued loss and fragmentation of grassland habitat (pasture, hayfields, and upland prairie) continues to threaten this species' survival in Illinois.

Management Recommendations: Preservation and proper management of large grassland areas are critical for this species. Prescribed burning or mowing is essential in order to provide suitable nesting areas. A reduction in disturbance levels in pastures and hayfields also would benefit this species.

Bartramia longicauda (Upland Sandpiper)



Circus cyaneus Linnaeus

ORTHERN HARRIER



ACCIPITRIDAE

Status: Endangered in 11.no s

Present Distribution: The northern harrier nests from Alaska, the Mackensee District, and Newfoundland south to Virginia and northern Mexico and winters south from British Columbia, Wisconsin, and New Brunswick. It is an occasional summer resident and a common migrant and winter resident in open country throughout Illinois (Bohlen 1989).

Former Illinois Distribution: Ridgway (1889) described the northern harrier as a species of very extensive distribution in Illinois, but also noted that very nucle was known about it habits.

Habitat: In Illinois, harriers are most often observed during migration as they hunt over pastures and fallow fields. Nesting is usually restricted to relatively large undisturbed grasslands and marshes. Most harrier nests in Illinois occur in grasslands at least 60 ha in size and include a variety of cover types such as preirie grasses, brome, timothy, and fallow fields and even wheat fields. The nest is usually placed on the ground in a mound of dead reeds or grasses (Bull and Farrand 1977).

Reason for Status: As a breeding bird, this species is rare in Illinois. Destruction of marsh and prairie nest habitat probably led to the decline of its once wide distribution. The population decline, present status, and habitat of this species parallel those of the short-cared owl.

Management Recommendations: Preservation of large blocks of prairie and marsh habitat are essential for this species. Further research into nesting behavior as it relates to prairie management also would be beneficial in protecting this species.

Lanius Iudovicianus Linnaeus

LOGGERHEAD SHRIKE



LANICAE

Status: Threatened in Illinois

Present Distribution: The loggerhead shrike breeds from southern Canada south to southern Florida, the Gulf Coast, and southern Mexico. Wintering birds occur north to Virginia, the Midwest, and northern California. The loggerhead shrike is a common resident in the southern third of Illinois and an uncommon migrant and summer resident elsewhere in the state.

Former Illinois Distribution: Prior to 1900 the shrike was distributed statewide, adapting to osage orange hedgerows for nesting and feeding. With the elimination of the hedgerows, the central and northern Illinois populations declined steadily and were almost entirely eliminated by 1972 (Graber et al. 1973).

Habitat: In the Midwest, loggerhead shrikes inhabit open, agricultural areas interspersed with grassland habitat (Brooks and Temple 1990a). Most of the nests found in Illinois are in osage orange, honey locust, red cedar and rose.

Reason for Status: Shrike populations in Illinois declined dramatically between the 1950s and the early 1970s (Graber et al. 1973). Shrikes remain relatively uncommon in Illinois but the population is apparently stable and possibly even currently increasing in some parts of the state

Management Recommendations: The primary management needs of the leggerhead shrike in Illinois are the preservation of hedgerows and other thomy species, interspersed with large, open grassland areas. Brocks and Tempie (1990b), however, suggest that recent shrike declines in the upper Midwest may be due to low overwinter survival caused by factors outside their breeding range.