UNITED STATES OF AMERICA SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

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ORAL ARGUMENT

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IN THE MATTER OF: :

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SEMINOLE ELECTRIC :

COOPERATIVE : STB Docket

No. NOR 42110

COMPLAINANT :

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-- V. -- :

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CSX TRANSPORTATION:

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DEFENDANT.

Wednesday,

June 30, 2010

Surface Transportation Board

Hearing Room

395 E Street, S.W.

Washington, D.C.

The above-entitled matter came on for hearing, pursuant to notice, at 9:30 a.m.

BEFORE:

DANIEL R. ELLIOTT III Chairman

FRANCIS P. MULVEY Vice Chairman

CHARLES D. NOTTINGHAM

Commissioner

APPEARANCES:

On Behalf of Seminole Electric Cooperative, Complainant:

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On Behalf of CSX Transportation, Inc.,
Defendant:

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9:31 a.m.

and welcome here today. Today we will hear oral arguments in the case of Seminole Electric Cooperative versus CSX

Transportation, NOR 42110. In an effort to move things along, the Board Members will not be making opening remarks this morning. But I wanted to cover a few procedural matters before we begin.

I've asked each party to make a short statement of their arguments. But Counsel should be prepared to answer questions from the Board at any time during your allotted time. I assure you that we have read all of your pleadings and there is no reason to repeat every argument. We have the following time allotments for Counsel.

Complainant Seminole Electric Cooperative has been allotted a total of 20 minutes. Seminole has asked to use 14 minutes for opening and

has asked to reserve six minutes for rebuttal. If you wish to make a change to your reserved rebuttal time, please advise us when you begin your presentation. Counsel for Defendant CSX will be allotted 20 minutes. Both parties have sought leave to make a Power Point presentation, using materials previously placed in the record and have filed these materials in hard copy with opposing Counsel and the Board. We have received no objection to the materials proffered. We will have the pages used today as Power Point slides bound in the transcript of this proceeding.

Speakers, please note that the timing lights are in front of me. You will see a yellow light when you have one minute remaining and a red light when your time has expired. The yellow one-minute light will be accompanied by a single chime and the red light, signifying that your time has expired, will be accompanied by two chimes. Please keep to the time you have been allotted. When

you see the red light and hear the double chime, please finish your thought and take a seat.

In addition, just a reminder to everyone, please turn off your cell phones.

We will now proceed. Counsel for Seminole, please step up to the podium, introduce yourself, indicate if you wish to change your time for rebuttal, and then begin.

MR. DOWD: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. Kelvin Dowd of Slover & Loftus.

It's my privilege to appear on behalf of

Seminole Electric and its members and

consumers. And I do not wish to change the

allotment for my rebuttal. With me at

Counsel's table is Robert Strickland, the

President of the Board of Trustees of Seminole

Electric.

I'd like to begin by addressing briefly the legal standard that should govern the Board's determination of market dominance in the evaluation of CSX's claim of inter-

modal competition. According to CSX, the Board need only decide whether some configuration of water transportation could work. There's no authority cited for this proposition and this is not the applicable test. And, indeed, it would stretch the inquiry to an unrealistic degree. The correct test is whether there are any alternatives sufficiently competitive to bring market discipline to a railroad's pricing. Now the D.C. Circuit has added to that, that even if an alternative is physically available, inquiry must extend to whether it actually imposes a meaningful constraint on pricing. We submit that where an alternative doesn't actually exist, the inquiry should be even sharper and even more skeptical. Now CSX does not claim that an

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Now CSX does not claim that an effective alternative actually exists today.

CSX's argument is that, if Seminole would invest substantially more than \$300 million in equipment and infrastructure, it could create

an alternative. Now the alternative that they propose to create from the principal coal origins for the Seminole Generating Station is an eight-step water delivery system. Now, on brief, CSX has expressed some mystification as to the eight steps. So we have them up on the screen.

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Step one involves a move from the mine to the river by rail or truck. Step two is a transload to barges. Where would the barges come from? According to CSX, we'd buy Step three is a barge movement down the them. river to New Orleans. Step four, another transload to ocean vessel. Where would the vessels come from? We would buy them. Step five, a vessel move around the Florida peninsula to Jacksonville. Step six, a midstream transfer from ocean barges to river barges at Jacksonville.

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Can I ask you about that midstream transfer? Are you aware of any other instances where that type of

transfer is used?

MR. DOWD: There are midstream transfers that take place in the Gulf of Mexico and in the Mississippi River. There are no open ocean midstream transfers. And that's what CSX is proposing here.

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Thank you.

MR. DOWD: Exactly where that
would take place, we don't know. Because
there is no place in the Jacksonville port
area where a midstream transfer of this type
could occur. Step seven is a barge up the St.
Johns river to the Seminole Generating
Station. Where would the barges come from?
Again, we would have to buy them. And the,
finally, step eight would be an unloading and
conveyance system to SGS. Again, the dock,
which does not exist, would have to be built.

CSX's own numbers show that the capital costs for this scheme would significantly exceed \$300 million. And we show that even that is understated.

Now, the Board has considered 1 2 claims that shippers can build their way to 3 competition before. In the West Texas 4 Utilities case and the TMPA case, the Board 5 rejected those claims as not feasible due to 6 The cost of the CSX scheme in this case 7 is over four times higher than earlier cases 8 on a capital costs per annual ton basis. 9 Really, that could be the end of the inquiry. Now, in our evidence, we've 10 11 demonstrated that the CSX plan is not 12 operationally feasible. It's not economically feasible. And there's no evidence that the 13 14 alleged threat has constrained CSX's pricing at all. 15 16 CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Mr. Dowd, in 17 this situation, who do you consider to have

market dominance is here?

MR. DOWD: Well, as the

Complainant in the case, Seminole has the

burden on all key issues, including

the burden of proof to establish whether

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jurisdiction. In our opening evidence, we presented evidence that there was no effective intermodal alternative. In reply, CSX presented considerable testimony and material challenging that. And, on rebuttal, we have responded in kind.

OPENING, the evidence that I saw in there that made this for your argument regarding marked dominance, to me, it seemed like the two arguments that you made are one, that the river is not navigable; and two, that the study that you mentioned -- the 2003 study -- is evidence that the barge option is not feasible. Was there any other evidence in your opening statement or opening submission that would have established that there was a market dominance?

MR. DOWD: Well, you know, I believe our position on opening was not that the St. Johns River is not navigable, but that it is not a navigable waterway that presents

1 an effective competitive option for SGS.

2 CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: And do you

3 believe that still to be the case?

MR. DOWD: That's still the case because the facilities -- the infrastructure that would be necessary, even assuming that the draft of the St. Johns is sufficient to handle coal barges, the infrastructure that would be necessary at the power plant is infeasible as a matter of construction. And there is no place in the Jacksonville area where coal can be transferred from ocean vessels to river barges.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: You, in the past, have used barge transportation to bring coal to the plants. Correct? Before the CSX movements began?

MR. DOWD: Not entirely, sir.

19 VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: That was

20 partly --

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MR. DOWD: For a number of years,

22 Seminole used a barge transport system for a

never delivered coal by water to the plant.

It's never been able to deliver coal by water to the plant.

Throughout the entire time period, 100 percent of the coal has been delivered to the plant by rail, by CSX.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Normally, barges or water transportation is considerably cheaper on a ton mile basis, than railroad transportation or especially truck or other kind of transportation. Are there any potential barge movements that could be used to move down the Mississippi River, as well as along intercostal waterways, that would not require as much transloading as you project? In other words, can you use ocean going barges that might be used on the Mississippi, as well? Or does that technology not quite exist? Do you know?

MR. DOWD: To our knowledge, ocean vessels which draft at 35 feet, can't be operated on the Mississippi River.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Right.

2 Okay.

MR. DOWD: And, from the Illinois
Basin, which is the principal source of coal
for SGS, access to the ocean -- to the
Atlantic ocean -- would involve a rail
movement on CSX.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: The last question I have -- on that map you showed the barge moving through the Gulf of Mexico. And there's been some problems down there now with the oil spill. Do you think that could have any long term effects on the ability to move coal traffic on the Gulf? Or is that a temporary thing? I mean, I know you might not be able to answer that.

MR. DOWD: I'm not an expert on the oil slick in the Gulf of Mexico. But I think that that is an appropriate touch point for the assumptions that CSX makes regarding their system. One of the assumptions they make is that there will never be a delay.

There will never be a storm; never be a wave event; never be a dock closed; never be a ship that's late and has to then sit at anchor and bring a new crew in. All of the many things which are a routine matter of maritime life.

Most of those were assumed away in the scheme that CSX describes. Something like the spill in the Gulf, to the extent that it interfered with shipping, would be yet another example of the kinds of events that would add to the costs.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Thank you.

MR. DOWD: Now, the two principal obstacles, historically, to moving coal by water to SGS are the unavailability of any transfer facilities at Jacksonville and the unavailability of a coal unloading dock at the power plant, itself. Now CSX has proposed a system whereby ocean vessels would approach the Port of Jacksonville and would transfer coal in what they consider to be -- what they call midstream, but it would be done about a

mile and a half northeast of the entrance to Jacksport Harbor. That's in the ocean. you cannot physically transload coal from an ocean vessel to a river barge in the middle of the ocean. River barges are not certified for They could be swamped, even ocean operation. in normal seas. And the cranes that CSX proposes to use are not certified for ocean operation, nor are they usually mounted on barges. They also propose to fleet or store the barges approximately 20 miles away from where the transfer from the ocean vessel would take place. Again, a highly inefficient operation. And you take these facts together and it shows that the scheme they envision simply won't work. And it's significant that no such operation has ever been conducted at Jacksonville.

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Now, on brief, CSX suggests that the transfer could be moved into protected waters -- into the intercoastal waterway. But that won't work either. The intercoastal

waterway can't handle ocean vessels. The intercoastal is dredged to a depth of 12 feet.

Ocean vessels draft 30-35 feet. So whether it's a question of the river barges trying to get out to the ocean to meet the ocean vessel or the ocean vessel trying to get into the intercostal to meet the barges, the system won't work either way.

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: I want to ask you a quick question. Back in 2003, you did this -- I believe your client did this BTG study. And wouldn't you consider that to be, since it wasn't made in anticipation of litigation or during litigation, to be the best evidence of what we have here to show whether the barge is operational -- the barge system would actually work?

MR. DOWD: No, I would not.

Because the BTG draft clearly states, first of all, that it offers no opinion on the feasibility of a barge operation. And secondly, at several key points in the draft,

the authors point out that infrastructure that would be necessary to implement a particular step doesn't exist. And the unavailability of transfer points in Jacksonville was one of the points that's specifically mentioned. Now, I think it's important to put this draft in context. CSX attempts to suggest that a statement by the consultant in 2003 is the equivalent of a conclusion drawn by Seminole It is the case that, for a number Electric. of years, Seminole had experience moving coal part of the way by barge. They have considerable experience and understanding as to what works and what doesn't work when it comes to water transportation. And, when they received the draft that proposed a transfer from ocean vessels to barges in the Port of Jacksonville, when there were no facilities for that, and an unloading operation at SGS, using a dock that can't be built, they concluded to put the draft to one side. no further steps were taken to pursue it.

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1 COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: Mr.

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Dowd, if I could, I'd like to explore with you a little bit and ask you to help us think through what I see as one of the key issues here, which is really what are the boundaries and/or expectations when we think about selfhelp in the case of a shipper. Looking at the record here, you may well have a strong case. I'm not going to speak to the merits here at this moment. But certainly, it's clear to me that your client's not what I would call the poster child of captivity. You are right on a navigable waterway. You are located on a navigable waterway for the very reason of having the barge option. That's clearly spelled out in the environmental permitting documentation when the facility was opened. Your client deserves credit for that. a smart strategic business decision. client relied, in large part, on maritime transportation of commodities for a long time in the past. And you're only three and a half

miles from a competing railroad, Norfolk 1 2 Southern that has trackage rights into the Georgia Pacific Plant. At what point do --3 help us think through why we shouldn't ask 4 5 your client to implement self-help steps to 6 seek competitive options. There are many 7 shippers around the country who would love to 8 be located on a navigable waterway and also 9 three and half miles from a competing We get those cases all the time. 10 railroad. 11 And we usually don't have to spend too much 12 time on the issues that are presented here. But it's difficult, I submit. It's not an 13 14 easy judgment call to know whether a three and a half mile build-out is reasonable or whether 15 16 building a wharf or a pier and the other 17 infrastructure for barging is reasonably. 18 help us think through why -- how we should 19 approach some of the issues I've just 20 discussed. 21 MR. DOWD: Well, Commissioner 22 Nottingham, first of all, I don't believe

there is a poster child for captivity. I

think every situation has to be judged on its

own facts and on its own merits. If a

hypothetical utility had a railroad three

miles away across open desert, they would be

in a considerably different position than a

utility that had a railroad three miles away

across the Everglades.

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The facts of this case are that SGS, when it was permitted, the important consideration was water supply, not water transportation. And its original site certification permit is for rail delivery, not for water delivery. The fact that the power plant is three nautical miles from the river moves into the question of how accessible would river transport be to that facility. And we've shown that it is not accessible, because there is no feasible way to get the coal from the ocean to the river barge. there is no feasible way to get the coal from the river barge to the power plant because

there is no property available for the construction of the kind of large industrial dock facility that you would need in order to unload this coal. And we have photographs of that, which I think have been submitted to the Board. And they're on pages 17 and 19 of our Exhibit 2B1.

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So I think the answer to your question is that there's no bright line rule. The statute speaks of effective competition. The cases have interpreted that as a reasonable, feasible alternative that has a meaningful constraining influence on the railroad's pricing. In this particular case, when the parties were unable to agree to a new contract, the prices were raised by multiples of the former levels and not a single ton of coal was lost by CSX. The financial analysts, in public statements, applaud this litigation as a sign that CSX is aggressively maximizing its market power and aggressively pricing its service. So I think the answer to your

question is that, as the Board has done in the past, you have to look to the specific facts of each case. And the facts of this case, of Seminole Generating Station, is captive to CSX.

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COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: So, If I can just properly understand what you're saying, are you submitting that the Board should expect some self-help, but the selfhelp in this case would be unreasonable -unreasonably too expensive and impractical? In other words, if we change the facts here and said your client was located next to a major interstate highway but, for some strange reasons, the connecting road system just didn't quite reach the driveway of your facility and it was -- there was a 100 yard gap of some unpaved dirt that needed to be improved in order to give you access to the interstate highway, you wouldn't be here saying that the truck option is not even possible to look at, putting aside the cost of

trucking. But, in other words, at what point do we go from the completely easy sort of proverbial open court lay-up of self-help, versus the crossing of the proverbial Andes Mountains with the highway?

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MR. DOWD: Well, I think that there are plenty of examples in the real world of shippers -- utility companies that have constructed facilities in order to access alternative rail service. Certainly, those can be looked to as a template of the kind of cost benefit analysis that a utility does when trying to determine how to best invest their In the case of Seminole Electric, capital. they went to considerable trouble and expense many years ago to use a barge transit system for a portion of the haul, but were never able to avoid the rail service for the delivery. That is, I think, highly significant, even in the face of the repeated references to that prior barge delivery system.

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM:

I'm

sorry. Mr. Chairman, can I just ask one quick question to close that line?

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example?

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Sure.

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: Thanks.

On the issue or question of the three and a half mile distance between your client's facility and the Norfolk Southern served Georgia Pacific plant, I understand your client actually studied that possibility and the costs were far less than this \$300 million that you've referenced for the barge option. Could you elaborate on that or -- without getting into anything that's confidential? And also, put it in context of how much your client is spending per year on coal purchases and transportation, so we have some sense of the relative reasonableness of spending \$60-

MR. DOWD: Well, the idea of a build to Norfolk Southern, I would submit, is not really an issue in this case. Because it

70-80 million versus \$300 million, for

was described as infeasible on opening. was not challenged by CSX on reply. And therefore, the matter should be considered closed. Without getting into confidential information, I can tell you that there was a disqualifying obstacle to that plan in the form of the unavailability of the use of property owned by a third party. And then there was a further obstacle in the need to cross major highways and cross CSX, itself, with a rail line. I can't go into more detail without getting into highly confidential information and we're all trying to avoid that here today.

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VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Well, did
you have any negotiations at all with Norfolk
Southern as to their willingness to enter into
a contract if indeed you decided to pursue
that option? Because, quite frankly, very
often what utilities have done or other firms
that were captive have done is they have
threatened to build out or build in, in order

to provide competition. And that very threat has caused the railroad to re-enter into negotiations and perhaps come up with a more favorable rate to the shipper. So was there any attempt at all at talking to Norfolk Southern? Or was that never advanced?

MR. DOWD: I think that the more recent experience has been that the threat of construction has done nothing to assist a utility in negotiating. It has to be the actual act has to go forward. You have to put the stake in the ground, if you will.

NICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Well, you need to begin doing surveying and that sort of thing or begin to negotiate for the acquisition of property. Wouldn't you have the eminent domain rights? If you're going to begin building to the Norfolk Southern? You would have eminent domain rights as the railroads have, to acquire private property or to cross highways or to cross land owned by other railroads. I mean, those tend not to be

- 1 insurmountable barriers.
- 2 MR. DOWD: Well, Seminole Electric
- 3 is not a railroad. It's a utility.
- 4 VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: No. But
- 5 the railroad you're preparing to build to the
- 6 Norfolk Southern would have eminent domain.
- 7 MR. DOWD: However, there's no --
- 8 there is no real record of existing railroads
- 9 doing that. The record has been to the
- 10 contrary; that the railroads are unwilling to
- 11 undertake construction to encroach on another
- railroad's market share. If the shipper's
- willing to build out, then they're willing to
- 14 serve. But it doesn't go the other way
- 15 around.
- 16 VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Yes, the
- shipper builds out, the shipper creates a
- 18 short-line railroad to connect itself to the
- 19 Norfolk Southern. I understand that. The
- 20 other thing I was going to note is that you
- 21 mentioned about the difficulty of building
- 22 through the Florida Everglades. Is this

project one that would have to go through the Florida Everglades? My understanding is the Florida Everglades are considerably south of where you're talking about.

MR. DOWD: They are. My reference to the Everglades was in response to Commissioner Nottingham's question about is there a standard for what you should be able to build. And I was just trying to point out that it depends on where your three miles go.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Right.

MR. DOWD: If they go in the middle of the desert, it's one thing. If it's over protected wetlands, the Everglades or something else, it would be something entirely different.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Right.

There are no mountain ranges in Florida
either, but nonetheless, let's not talk about
going through the Everglades. So that was my
only question.

MR. DOWD: Okay. Thank you.

1 CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Thank you, very

2 much, Mr. Dowd. You'll have six minutes on

3 rebuttal. And Mr. Moates, please step up to

4 the podium; introduce yourself, Counsel for

5 CSX; and begin. You have 20 minutes, by the

6 way.

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MR. MOATES: Right. Thank you,
Chairman Elliott. May it please the Board, I
am Paul Moates and I am privileged to
represent the Defendant, CSX Transportation,
Inc., here today. With me at Counsel table,
to my immediate left, is Mr. Seth Schwartz,
who is President of Energy Ventures Analysis.
He's the primary author of the expert report
that we put in on reply. And, to his left, is
Mr. Peter Shudtz, who is Vice President of
Federal Regulation for CSX.

Mr. Chairman, I think we have -- I know we have a serious problem here today with this case. And I believe some of your questions of Mr. Dowd foreshadowed that. The problem is stated very simply. In their

complaint, Seminole said two lines -- two sentences about market dominance. They said there are no navigable waterways to the plant and the only way they could ship coal was by rail. We answered and denied that; said that was absolutely untrue. And we'll demonstrate that there are alternatives. Eleven months later, because that's how long it was from the filing of the complaint to their opening of it -- 11 months later, they come in at their opening and filed literally three and a half pages on barge alternatives. It was a little bit more than that. I don't remember, maybe 12-15 under what was called qualitative market dominance. But only three and a half pages dealing with why a barge alternative would not be viable. We came in, as you know in our reply, as we're entitled to do, in our one and only filing that we're permitted to make in a stand-alone cost case, on all issues, and put in what we respectfully submit is a very substantial probative study by Mr. Schwartz

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and his colleagues Mr. Stamberg, supported by lots of other evidence, demonstrating that yes, it is a much longer route and there are transloads and certainly there are issues that need to be dealt with. But this utility knows how to deal with them. This utility, in the history of its plant, has moved more coal to that plant by water than it has by rail. utility spent \$100 million to buy its own private barge fleet when it built that plant. And CSX, you know, in a very aggressive move, essentially helped them buy out of that contract when we first got this business by rail, that helped then with such a good rate package that they were able to get out from their barge contract.

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CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Mr. Moates, I
do have similar concerns about the initial
filing by Seminole, in that it was a little
bit of a skeleton product and I understand, I
think, that is a serious concern for the
Board. Because the process won't work if you

can't respond to the full argument. One question I do have, though, is just by looking at the increase in the rates that came about here, once they asked you to quote the rate, isn't that very strong evidence of market dominance in itself, even without all the evidence?

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MR. MOATES: With respect, no. Because that contract I referred to Why not? that they entered into -- CSX entered into with Seminole to help Seminole buy out of its barge lien, was at a very low rate. And CSX did that consciously. It wanted the business. Over time -- over the period of that contract, that rate got lower and lower, compared to the other utilities in Florida, compared to what the market was doing. By the time their contract expired, they were way below the market in Florida. And CSX attempted to negotiate with them for a new contract, at a higher rate. I won't say it was as high as the rate that's, you know, being challenged

here today. I don't think the Board will be shocked to know that railroads typically will make a better rate in a contract than they will in a common carrier rate, because there are other items in a contract, minimum volumes, sometimes, you know, deals on equipment, deals on scheduling, you know, lots of other things, refunds. So no, I don't, with all respect, think so. Our belief is that we brought their rate up much closer to the market for other Florida utilities, water served and rail served. They're now higher than they were. No doubt about that. But, in our reply evidence, you'll see there's, you know, a chart where we show they went from the very lowest delivery cost for a utility in Florida to about the, you know, the middle of the range.

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CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Doesn't the delivery cost chart, though, really take into consideration the cost of coal also, and, as a result, isn't that not a really good

indicator of whether the rates are high or low?

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Well, your comment is MR. MOATES: accurate. Yes, it does, obviously take into account the cost of the coal. And they have a good deal, apparently, with Alliance, you know, for whatever period of time. And I submit, not as long a period of time as they had said on their evidence. If you'd look, we've referred you twice in brief to the actual contract, which is in the record. Ιt doesn't -- they're not bound to that, as long as they say they are. But yes, they have had a lower coal price. They've done a good job of negotiating for those coal supplies. at the end of the day, they are, you know, in a market too. And they are delivering a product -- electricity, you know, to rate payers in central Florida, and they are, we submit that chart does show that they're not disadvantaged vis-a-vis other utilities.

But you

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY:

would admit that the transportation costs, per se, taking out the cost of the coal, the transportation costs in the proposed contract would be substantially higher than the transportation costs paid by other Florida utilities. Or are you saying that the transportation costs that CSX is asking Seminole to pay are similar to what other Florida utilities are paying to transport coal, taking out of the equation the mining cost of the coal?

MR. MOATES: Mr. Dowd submitted an exhibit he'll no doubt use here in his last six minutes, the last of the charts he put in, that shows mills per ton mile of certain selected utilities. And it shows that Seminole is way far on the right's paying more on a mills per ton basis. Well, first of all, you know, the Board doesn't determine rate reasonableness on a mills per ton mile basis. We all know that. But also, those -- I ask you to look hard at that chart and look at

what those utilities actually are. They're all -- they have contracts. They all have different circumstances under which they negotiated those contracts. Again, the contracts for some of those utilities that are to the left of Seminole, if you can visualize that on the chart, have other kinds of provisions. They get other kinds of benefits and other kinds of concessions. And CSX gets some too, notably certainty of volume and length.

But, if I may, just come back
before I lose it, Chairman Elliott, on the
fundamental fairness point, and this really,
I think is important. They put in, as I said,
three and a half pages on opening on why a
barge alternative wouldn't work. On rebuttal,
they put in 133 pages. And, you know, we have
literally no chance to respond to that, other
than in brief and in my obviously inadequate
efforts here today. I'm not an expert. I'm
not testifying. I'm the lawyer arguing from

the record. Your rules -- and you know very well what they say, you were very clear in your market dominance procedural rules -- to say that a complainant must -- or a party with the burden of proof must put in all of its evidence in its opening case on the issue as to which it has the burden of proof. didn't do that. They didn't come close to doing that. And I submit that if you allow them to get away with that, that you're going to give a signal to other complainants that is not going to be a very helpful and fair one. And again, as you know, railroad, in these cases, has one filing and one filing only on all issues.

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COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: Mr.

Moates, this, in some ways, touches on that point, I believe. Do you believe the Board is prohibited, either procedurally or legally, or for any other reason, from examining the rail option that the three and a half miles I referenced earlier that would connect

Seminole's facility to the Georgia Pacific plant that's served by your competitor? Are we not able or are we not allowed to look at that because there's not enough in the record? And, if so, why isn't there enough in the record on that?

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I think the Board is MR. MOATES: fully within its power to take official notice of things of which it has knowledge, you know, which there is public information. public information, as I recall, about their exploration of a possible build out to Norfolk Southern some years back. We did not make that our case in our market dominance submission. We candidly thought that the water alternative was very real, very viable, and we thought we could well support it. I quess maybe, in a sense, Commissioner Nottingham, you're asking me why didn't we make that argument. And, I guess, the answer is we had to pick and choose our battles. we went with the water option.

1 COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: I worry

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MR. MOATES: In light of your question, maybe I should rethink that.

5 COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: No.

It's just that -- well, I just worry that the Board may be inappropriately handcuffed. may well be in Seminole's interest not to explore the three and half mile build-out on the record. And it may well be in your client's -- CSX's interest not to demonstrate how simple a proposition that may or may not be, because your client's corporate policy may be very opposed to pointing out the ease of So then access to a competing rail service. we're left with a record that strategically is lacking on a very key -- in my view -- a very key area of exploration for the Board. don't seem to know the details here. We have just clarified that it's not the Everglades. It appears to be pretty flat terrain.

know, on the record, that it's only three and

a half miles. We know, on the record, there's been some examination of the feasibility by Seminole of that build-out. The dollar amounts referenced in that examination are far less than the dollar amounts reference in the barge infrastructure build-out. And so, you know, the question is begging to be answered, in my view, from the Board's perspective, you know, how can we better understand that? Because, in my view, a three and a half mile build-out could -- I say could very easily fall within the realm of reasonableness for self-help that we would expect. At the same time, a three and half mile build-out could be the opposite of reasonable, depending on the terrain and the environmental permitting and the costs. But, without more on the record there, it is frustrating. And I guess I would have expected your team to have helped build that record out, perhaps more than I would have expected Seminole to. But, in any event

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MR. MOATES: I'm sorry about the disappointment. I'm sorry, as I'm standing here, that we didn't put in a lot more about that. I can tell you, as you know, that Norfolk Southern is a fabulous terrific railroad. It's a major competitor of CSX.

And I don't think -- it's not our instinct, normally, to try to, if you will, develop new marketing opportunities for the competition. I think they're fully capable of doing that for themselves.

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: I didn't say that. I would add, I guess that, in my view, we shouldn't look in the record for glowing testimonials from Norfolk Southern in a case like this, about how eager they are to serve Seminole. That, to me, is irrelevant. If the line extends to Norfolk Southern's track, on CSX's track, on which Norfolk Southern, in this case, has trackage rights, it doesn't matter whether Norfolk Southern's enthusiastic about that or not. They have a

1 common carrier obligation in that scenario --

2 MR. MOATES: I understand.

quote a rate. And so, I do -- that is one of the things in some of the relevant case law, including the TMPA case, where I do wonder why, in the past, this Board or our predecessor agency have put much stock in the enthusiasm of the -- demonstrated enthusiasm of the purported or proffered competing railroads to provide service. That, to me, is not relevant when there's a common carrier obligation there.

MR. MOATES: Well, I'll say what I think you know. You clearly have the power to direct these parties to submit additional evidence on that issue if you thought that was important. And, listening to you here today, I'm beginning to think it's pretty darn important. So that is within your discretion. And, by the way, you know, I'm not high tech. I don't have Power Point slides. I gave you

hard copy slides that I hope you have. the two things that are up here on the easels, obviously, that's -- this is a blow-up of something you have that's a satellite overhead of the St. Johns, you know, down to their plant, which is here. And the Everglades are way over here somewhere on the floor. So, Vice Chairman Mulvey, you're absolutely right about that. And that is a fuel barge going past the Seminole plant in the "non-navigable waterway" which, you know, we thought a picture speaks a 1000 words. There is, and our evidence shows, there's all kinds of commercial barge traffic on this river today. Are there tows going to utilities? No. They're the only utility up there on the river. But we think we've demonstrated that it is, in fact, very feasible. CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Mr. Moates, let me ask you a quick question, you know, just about the general project itself. I mean,

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we're talking a substantial amount of money

and probably a very complex process. How long do you think or does your expert think that this type of project would take. I mean, is it going to be -- are we talking a year, ten years? I mean, if it's ten years, obviously, the market dominance argument starts to shrink away.

MR. MOATES: It's not ten years and you have a volume. Again, I'm not going to quote from it here, of this BTG report from 2003.

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Yes.

MR. MOATES: They, of course, are very interested in not talking about it and saying it's a draft and we never agreed to it and so forth. And that's true. They didn't go do this. But this is the same consulting firm. They have come in on a rebuttal and put in a very big report that basically undermines most of all the important findings that they made here. And this includes, if you have a chance to look at it, and I strongly urge you

to look at it, and I think from the nods, some of you obviously have, a lot of the issues that they raised for the first time in rebuttal, that we couldn't speak to, are addressed here. One of their own people says that the water outlet is exactly the place where you'd put a dock. You know, that's at page 004785 of the draft. What about the issue of all this permitting? They've raised a lot of that. Pages 4803-4812, this consultant back then addressed that. They didn't say it was infeasible. It would take some time --

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: My question, tonight, isn't as much towards feasibility here as timing.

MR. MOATES: Cost and timing.

CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: If it takes ten years to build it, to get the permitting, and then that would still have CSX with an ability to be market dominant for that ten-year period.

1 MR. MOATES: I wouldn't suggest it

2 happen, you know, in six months.

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CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Right

MR. MOATES: But certainly it

5 | wouldn't be ten years. I'm not the expert.

6 He is, here. But I'm guessing it would take

7 maybe no more than I'm going to say a year and

8 you're going to say a little over one year.

9 Okay. Well, but you know, the reality is too,

10 yes, it's \$300 plus million to go out and buy

all the pieces of that chain. And that is the

way we costed it because they owned their

13 barges before. And we assume that's what

14 they'd want to do. But, obviously, you can

15 lease these assets too. Right now, especially

16 the water industry, would love to have that

17 kind of business. There are lots of barges

18 available. There are tow boats available.

19 The transloading, again, I'm all over the

20 place here, but I've got to be a little bit of

21 a witness. This issue about transloading on

22 the open ocean, that's called the Jacksonville

The U.S. Coast Guard told us anchorage. that's where they would recommend this kind of an operation take place. You know, it isn't in the Bermuda Triangle. It is off the mouth of the St. Johns River. It is out into the beginning of the ocean. But we think that's feasible. On those high wave days, there were 49 of those in 2009. How many days does that leave to be able to do the operation? even probably a little bit more interestingly, again, if you look at this, I love this report, this BTG report, they say at page 004782, if you all have it there and would look at this with me, I really would like you to just take a look at this, if you can. It's page 1-2 of their numbering, 004782 of ours.

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VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: Yes.

MR. MOATES: And look at the second paragraph from the bottom of the page.

It's only three sentences and I'm not going to read it out loud. But that, I submit, is a complete answer to this nonsense about, you

know, there's nowhere to transload. There certainly are. And there are lots of places and there are people who like to do that business, as well.

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On the issue of the conveyor and the right of way, again, on the little exhibits that I hope you have, I'm not going to put them up here, we give you some successive shots from the video that we submitted into evidence that marches you sort of that right of way from the water intake on the bank of the St. Johns, up to their coal pile. And you can see, it's not real wide, but it's -- we think it's wide enough or nearly wide enough for a conveyor. Again, their consultants addressed the relative ease of broadening that easement or, if necessary, purchasing that property. In their brief -they describe at page 13 of their final brief that that is the land that is "already fully occupied." Look at those pictures. Does that land look fully occupied? It isn't. I mean,

it is -- It's mowed beyond the pump house, up all the way to their plant. Can conveyors be used there? Again, look at the last photograph I've given you of their plant.

You'll see conveyors in the plant today, moving coal from the pile to the reclaimer.

They move limestone. There are -- there's common use of conveyors to move coal and transload operations much longer distances than we're proposing be done here.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: One of the things I'm interested in is this transloading in the ocean issue. I mean, Seminole made a case that it really can't be done. And you're saying now that the Coast Guard said that the Jacksonville Anchorage a mile outside of the mouth of the harbor, is okay to transload from ocean going vessels to river barges and that river barges then could safely navigate that part of the ocean into the channel and up the St. Johns River? This is becoming important now, obviously, because of what's happened in

1 the Gulf.

2 MR. MOATES: Yes.

VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: I think
that any new activities that are proposed that
could, in fact, result in any more degradation
of our coastal waterways is to be looked at
with askance. So the question is, is the
certainty that you have that, in fact, this
operation can take place, this transloading
can take place one mile outside of the mouth
of the St. Johns River?

MR. MOATES: Yes. And I'll refer you to our reply evidence. They made this argument about you can't do it out there in their rebuttal, so we haven't been able to come back. But yes, we have work papers behind his report that shows that it was the U.S. Coast Guard that said it's the Jacksonville Anchorage area in primary caps, by the way, is part of the Gulf -- not the Gulf, the Atlantic intracoastal waterway, wherey the would recommend that kind of

transloading be done. If there is a high wave day -- if there is a storm, of course, you know, you would suspend your operations. would bring those barges back inside the mouth of the river and do it, you know, the next calm day. But again, I don't want to lose this point. The page I just referred you to in here, by their consultants, tells you that there are multiple places that it can be done within the river itself, before you get to the City of Jacksonville. And, you know, Mr. Dowd's quote, in the beginning, from his briefs, and he said we have the wrong legal standard and he has the right one. Well, yes. He has the right one. I agree. West Texas sets out the standard and that isn't a That little piece he quoted from standard. was our wrap-up in saying they've thrown all this stuff at us in rebuttal about this isn't feasible, that isn't feasible. And all we said was the Board doesn't need to know precisely how a dock would be designed or what

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path a conveyor would take. You only need to know that it would work. And that's what we've attempted to show. If you need to buy another 50 feet along the easement to expand it to get the leg of the conveyor down, that could be done.

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VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: One followup question on that then. I mean, in this country, and I guess with the technology, the creative ability and the entrepreneurial spirit, you could pretty much do anything. long time ago, a Nobel Prize winning economist wrote an article about the implications for the nation if we never build the railroads. Were the railroads indispensable to U.S. economic development? And he showed that you could actually have built canals all over the whole country and replaced the railroads. Now, the question wasn't whether or not that should have been done. The question was whether it was feasible, whether it could have been done, and what that would have meant to

long-term economic growth. There would have been a cost to the economy, but it was not I think it was about that great of a cost. three percentage points lower in GDP 100 years later. The point being is you can do pretty much anything if you want. So any time a utility says it's captive, a railroad could always point and say well, if you do this, regardless of what it is, it can be done. can always have an alternative. Is there any Is there any limit as to how much the cap? utility would have to pay in order to take advantage of these alternatives? I mean, we have Seminole saying it's going to cost them million. Well, if they could do that \$300 and spend that and they could have a water alternative, is that still a viable option? And how do we determine when spending is too much, in order to take advantage of the alternative? I don't have an easy MR. MOATES:

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test for you.

I can tell you, when they

1 analyzed it for business purposes and not

2 litigation purposes, nobody said it would be

3 too expensive. Would it be expensive? Yes.

4 But don't forget, if they do it, they're out

of their CSX contract. They're not paying

6 that rail. You asked the question earlier,

7 Vice Chairman, what do they spend in a year.

8 I'm told last year it was about \$230 million.

But last year was a really bad year for them.

10 They had a lot of outages at their plant.

11 Their coal deliveries were down. Normally, a

12 year, it's about \$350 million. Annual

revenues for this utility, about \$1.4 billion.

14 It's a big company. It can finance these

15 things. Or, if it prefers to lease them on

the open market, it's capable of doing that,

17 as well.

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My colleagues here remind me, on the issue of the high wave days or, you know, it's not the best day to load the barge in the Jacksonville Anchorage, so you suspend

You

operations, the railroad has to do that.

all know what happened after the hurricanes in the Gulf and what happened to CSX and Norfolk Southern, and you know the very significant damage to the infrastructure and they have to suspend operations. But they find a way to get it done.

Moates, if I could ask you, do you believe that the record before us demonstrates a history of the barge option in the past creating market discipline and enabling a -- as you referred to earlier -- a very, very competitive low rate at the very beginning of CSX's modern day relationship with Seminole? We're told we have in the record a very real example of the barge alternative creating a very meaningful example of market discipline?

MR. MOATES: Mr. Nottingham, I think it's stark. It's real. We can't argue about whether it happened. It happened. They invested \$100 million. They moved coal for years and years on those barges to Port St.

Joseph, by the way, down there on the -- I'm 1 2 not very good at geography -- the Gulf part of 3 the panhandle, I guess, in Florida is where it And it was short haul railed from there. 4 5 We didn't even get to haul from there, by the 6 We got the haul from the short-line 7 railroad that brought it to us at 8 Chattahoochee, I think it was. I'm learning 9 Florida geography. Chattahoochee, Florida. 10 And yes, the railroad sure got the message. 11 And the railroad was very aggressive. 12 you could say in retrospect, too aggressive, 13 in the way they priced that contract for that 14 length of time. But I'm repeating myself. 15 But it's a darn good point. By the time that 16 contract expired, they were way below the 17 And the barge option had done that. market. 18 And, as we renegotiated with them, we were very aware of the fact that that option, you 19 20 know, that they still could go pursue that. 21 COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: So, if 22 you just run the numbers briefly, in general

fashion, you reference about a \$300 million dollar a year coal purchase budget roughly for Seminole. Your contract periods often run ten years. If that fairly common? I don't want to get into business secrets.

MR. MOATES: Full supply or transportation?

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: For transportation and/or either or.

MR. MOATES: Very few ten-year contracts any more. That was more of the norm maybe right after Staggers and into the early '90s. But five year contracts are fairly common for movements of this type. Again, that kind of a contract would certainly come with a volume commitment, quite possibly a liquidated damages provision for failure to meet the volume. It would come with provisions dealing with who provided the equipment. You know, there would be other items of economic importance in that kind of a contract.

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: 1 So what 2 type of percentage savings do you proffer that the Seminole might be able to achieve if they 3 4 were to build out their barge option. Are we 5 talking about ten percent a year? Twenty? 6 Thirty? 7 MR. MOATES: I don't think I can 8 answer that. I have something I think I have 9 in mind. But I'm not sure -- I don't want to 10 say because I'm not sure I'm right. And I'm 11 not sure it's in the record. So it's a great 12 question. 13 CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Thank you, Mr. 14 Moates. 15 MR. MOATES: Thank you. 16 CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Mr. Dowd, you have six minutes on rebuttal. 17 18 MR. DOWD: Thank you, Mr. 19 Chairman. I'll try to move through some of 20 these points as succinctly as I can. First of 21 all, on the question of the submission on

opening and the submission on rebuttal, we

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did, on opening, present evidence -- verified evidence in narrative, that the barge option or the barge hypothetical was not feasible, and that the notion of building to Norfolk Southern, while considered, was also not feasible. On reply, CSX chose not to challenge the issue of intramodal competition. I would submit that the Board's rules and policies are quite clear that that issue is In your decisions, in Duke and in closed. Carolina Power and Light, where you laid out your guidance on the proper scope of rebuttal, it was clearly stated that if a shipper presents credible evidence on opening and that evidence is not challenged by the railroad, the shipper's evidence will be accepted. is not a case of judicial notice. Something like a build-out to another railroad would be very fact specific. It would be an issue in contention. And it's not one that's suitable for decision, based on principles of judicial notice.

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1 CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: What about to

Mr. Moates' point regarding your initial

filing and then having such a substantial

rebuttal filing, not permitting them to really

respond after that? It does raise some

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concerns.

What CSX was not able MR. DOWD: to engage in was surrebuttal. And that's how the rules are organized. Everything that Seminole submitted on rebuttal was in direct response to an argument made by CSX on reply. Market dominance is not the same as stand alone cost. Stand alone cost, the Board has set out a structure and an organization of all the specific components that need to be addressed. And it's very clear to all parties exactly what has to be addressed, in-depth, in each and every case. Market dominance is a legal standard. And there, the appropriate analysis is whether and to what extent what is submitted on rebuttal is new evidence or is it responsive evidence. And, in our case,

everything submitted on rebuttal was in direct response to an argument made by CSXT on reply.

Now, I'd like to touch briefly on this issue of market rates. And I cannot get into details because of confidentiality concerns. But it is in the record and it is not the case that the rates that were initially agreed upon in 1998 were below market rates. And we have evidence in the record in the highly confidential sections, which demonstrate that. And I would refer the Board to that evidence.

Secondly, on the issue of delivered costs into Florida and the notion of Seminole's status vis-a-vis other utilities, it was correctly pointed out that delivered cost does include the cost of the coal. And therefore, it masks the relative rail rates. The chart that we submitted, which is up on the screen today, we didn't select these utilities out of thin air. These are the utilities that CSX selected to do their

delivered cost comparison. And the purpose of this chart is to expose the difference between the two. And, as the D.C. Circuit held in the Coal Exporters decision, if a railroad has the ability to price discriminate in order to secure the economic rents that are made available by other links in the supply chain, that is a classic indicator of monopoly power. And that's what we have here. In terms of the question about the construction of the dock, and I think it's important to differentiate between the dock and the conveyor. CSX spends a lot of time talking about acquiring land and refers to the BTG draft and has, in the photograph, the mowed property. That's all for a conveyor. You don't get to the conveyor unless you can build the dock. And there is no space to build the dock. In terms of time, by comparison, the third unit at the Seminole Generating Station, which is a brownfield site -- it was already set aside for a third unit, it was already a preliminary -- in the site

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plan, it was already preliminarily intended to include a third unit -- and it still took three and a half years to get the permits. And, even then, they didn't get all the permits. And, ultimately, the plan was That's on a brownfield site, right shelved. next door to an existing use. To do something like build a large industrial coal dock on a greefield site in the middle of a residential neighborhood, and we have the photographs that demonstrate that whatever you see from the river, you see trees. You go behind those trees and you see residences. And there are no for sale signs in any of those yards. build a large industrial coal dock on a greenfield site would take, I would assume, considerably longer to get permitted, much less to get it built.

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VICE CHAIRMAN MULVEY: But how is that site zoned today? Is that site zoned residential or zoned industrial or zoned -- we'd have to have changes in the zoning laws

or the zoning laws could accommodate building the dock?

MR. DOWD: Among the regulatory permits that would have to be -- or the regulatory actions that would have to be satisfied in order to attempt to construct a dock like that, is a rezoning. But that may be among the easiest. There are other permits and approvals that would have to be required, including a change in the Putnam County Master Plan and a variety of environmental and other regulatory approvals that would be necessary. All of which would be met with considerable organized community opposition.

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: Mr.

Dowd, let me just try to understand your point a second ago. You pointed out that, did I hear correctly, that to get the permitting necessary to build a new coal fired electric generating plant, it could take a couple years or longer?

MR. DOWD: No. That was to build

1 a third unit at an existing --

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: You're taking about -- basically, you're talking about the Clean Air Act as the driving factor there, is it not, typically?

MR. DOWD: No. I'm sorry. It was also the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, the various county requirements, the Army Corps of Engineers, it was a variety of regulatory hurdles that had to be cleared. And that was for a third unit at a power plant that already had two units. They were simply adding on. What you would be talking about on a dock on the St. Johns River is a brand new industrial facility on a greenfield site, surrounded by residences.

COMMISSIONER NOTTINGHAM: I'm just not sure I follow the comparison. I mean, I'm looking again in the record to see if the comparison is there. But there are docks, and sometimes in that part of the world, they're called wharfs, built every day in Florida.

Building a dock is not necessarily the same thing as building a heavy duty industrial energy generating facility that has extensive potential Clean Air Act ramifications. You're talking about barges pulling up to a dock and unloading some coal onto a conveyor. I just don't -- I'm not quite sure I get your premise a minute ago, that it would be, obviously, in your view, more complicated to build and get permitted a dock than it would be an expansion of your electric generating facility.

MR. DOWD: Well, first, we're not talking about a recreational dock or a wharf for pleasure boats. We have photographs.

They are pages 17 and 18 of our Exhibit 2B1, that show the dock at Plant Crist, which is in Pensacola. And that is not a pleasure wharf.

That's a large industrial facility. There is a photograph of the type of crane that CSX posits could be installed on that dock. It's enormous. It's an enormous piece of equipment. And the comparison that I'm

1	drawing is in the amount of time it would take
2	to get permits to construct an industrial
3	facility like that on a greenfield site,
4	surrounded by residences, as compared to what
5	it took to simply add onto an existing power
6	plant on a brownfield site. The latter took
7	three and a half years. I would submit that
8	to do the former would take considerably
9	longer than that. And that's before you begin
10	construction. I see my time has expired and
11	I thank you.
12	CHAIRMAN ELLIOTT: Yes. Thank
13	you, very much, Mr. Dowd. And thank you, very
14	much, Mr. Moates, for your excellent
15	arguments. We'll take the matter under
16	advisement. And the hearing is now closed.
17	(Whereupon, the hearing was closed
18	at 12:29 a.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

in the matter of:

Seminole Electric Cooperative

V. CSX Transportation STB Docket No. NOR 42110

Before:

United States of America

Surface Transportation Board

Date:

June 30, 2010

Place:

Washington, DC

represents the full and complete proceedings of the aforementioned matter, as reported and reduced to typewriting.

James Salandro

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June 25, 2010

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Cynthia Brown Chief, Section of Administration Office of Proceedings Surface Transportation Board 395 E Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20423 Office of Proceedings

JUN 25 2010

Part of Public Record

Re:

Docket No. 42110, Seminole Electric Cooperative,

Inc. v. CSX Transportation, Inc.

Dear Ms. Brown:

Enclosed for submission to the Board on behalf of Complainant Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc. ("SECI"), please find a disc containing a copy of the PowerPoint slides that counsel for SECI may use during the oral argument scheduled for Wednesday, June 30, 2010. We have also enclosed one (1) paper copy, in color, and ten (10) paper copies, in black and white, of the PowerPoint slides.

The information and materials on the slides all are already part of the record in this proceeding, and none of the slides disclose any information that has been designated as Highly Confidential under the protective order that governs this case. Copies of the slides also are being provided to counsel for CSXT, pursuant to an agreement between the parties.

An additional copy of this letter is also enclosed. Kindly indicate receipt of the enclosed disc and paper copies by time-stamping the extra copy of the letter and returning it to our messenger.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Ms. Cynthia Brown June 25, 2010 Page 2

Respectfully submitted,

Stephanie M. Adams

An Attorney for

Seminole Electric Cooperative, Inc.

Styph M. adeus

Enclosures

cc: Counsel for Defendant CSX Transportation, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 25th day of June, 2010, I caused copies of the enclosed PowerPoint slides for SECI's oral argument to be served by handdelivery on counsel for Defendant CSX Transportation, Inc., as follows:

G. Paul Moates, Esq.
Paul A. Hemmersbaugh, Esq.
Matthew Warren, Esq.
Sidley & Austin LLP
1501 K Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005

Stephanie M. Adams

From CSXT's Closing Brief at 27

one question for the Boards and it has nothing to do with cranes design capacity or local zoning daws of environmental regulations. The question is whether water transportation is a real and wable out on. The Board does not need to decide precisely how a cock

The Board does not need to decide precisely how a dock would be designed or what path a conveyor might take – it need only decide whether some configuration of water transportation could work.

in Florida rely on water transportation supply chains like that a proposed in CSNF's evidence, and the fact that nearby businesses regularly userbarge transportationall'speak to the viability of the barge option. Nothing more is required for the Board to find that a water transportation constitutes an effective competitive option, and therefore that CSNF is not market dominant.

D CSXE Is Not Market Dominant Over Movements Phrough Charleston.

Regardless of the Board's ruling as to CSXT's market dominant over the mine origins, there can be no question that CSXT's not market dominant over movements through Charleston's Charleston's not a mine, and coul shipments do not conginate; at the Port of Charleston. Rather, it coal or percoke ever were trainsported.

From SECI's Closing Brief at 6

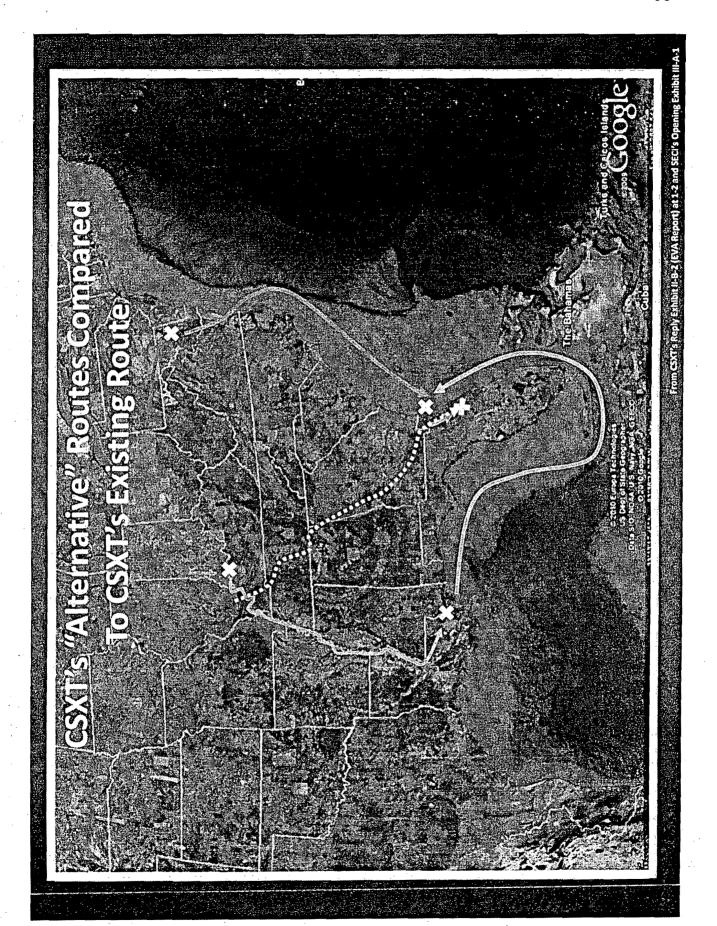
ratio of the challenged rates to the variable cost of the assic service exceeds 180%. 49 USEC \$10707 (d)(1)(A). In this case, there is no dispute that the revenue-variable cost (crive ratios produced by the rates subject to SEC) is Complaint (substantially exceed 180%.

The countaind agency jurison dence concerning the matter of "qualitative" market dominance establishes certain lkey criteria for determining whether and to what extent a rull carrier faces, effective competition." The basic rest is whether eithere are

The basic test is whether "there are any alternatives sufficiently competitive (alone or in combination) to bring market discipline to [a railroad's] pricing." West Texas Utilities, 1 S.T.B. at 645, quoting Metropolitan Edison, 5 I.C.C. 2d at 410.

the shown that the erstwhile competition acts as a true economic constraint on the defendants rate ambinous:

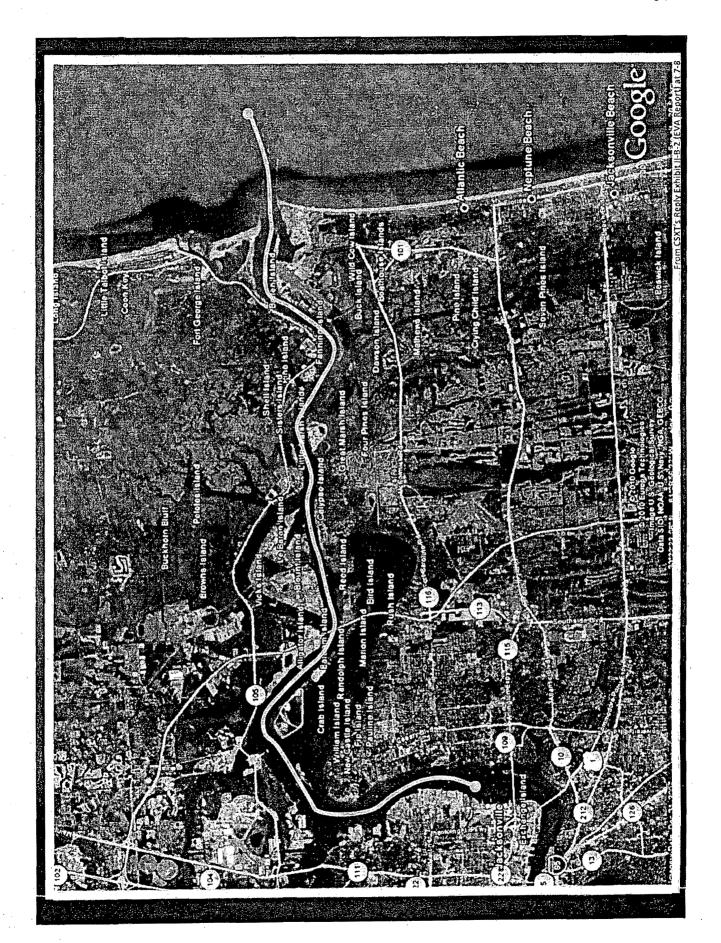
In its ReplotExidence CNN France Lour (2) majors of contention with respective SUCTs Operand presentation on variable costs, (0) "Rebuttal SUCL) adjusted the arrangement operating inputs in response 16 CSNPs juris point and demonstrated that the grounding three CVFacker ment and should be received by the Bhard, see SUCL Report bad (1929).

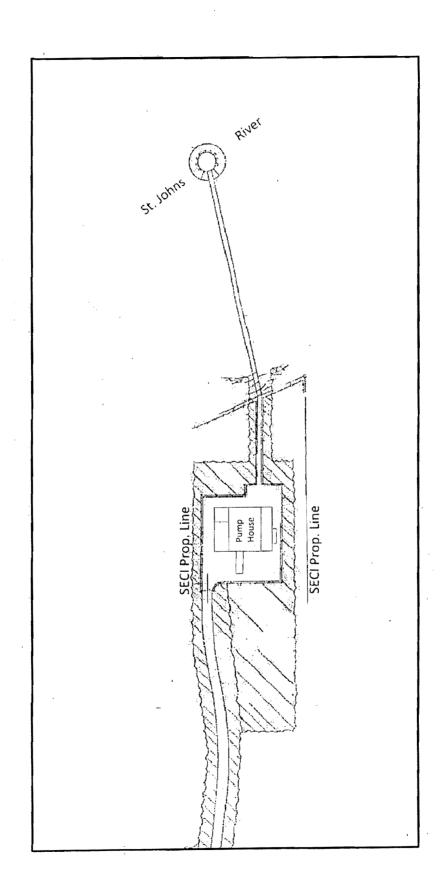


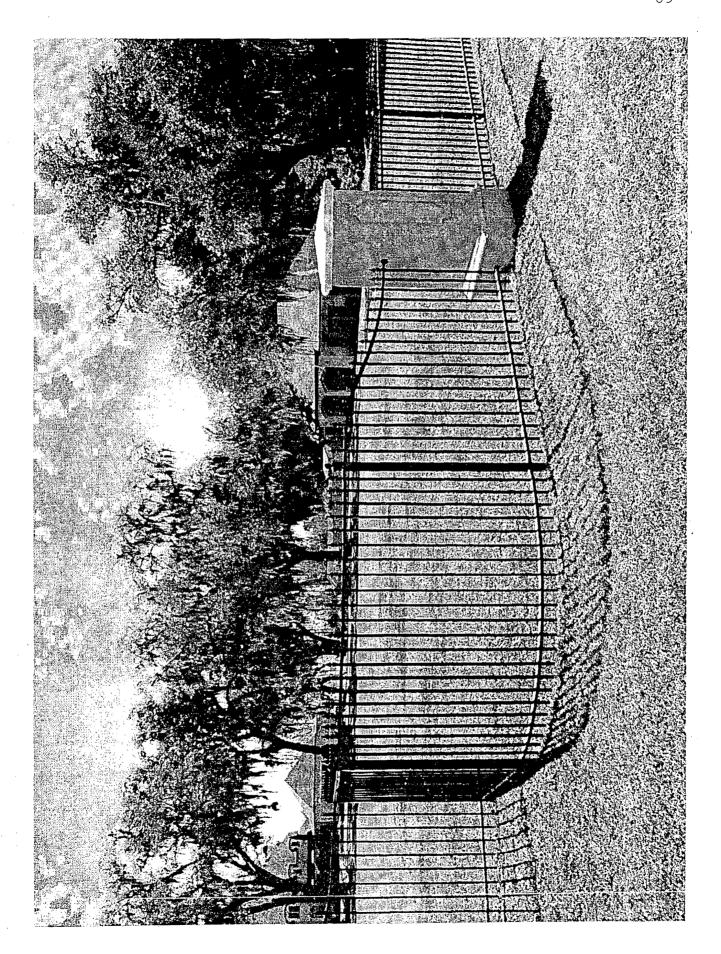
Dr. Sansom's FPSC Testimony

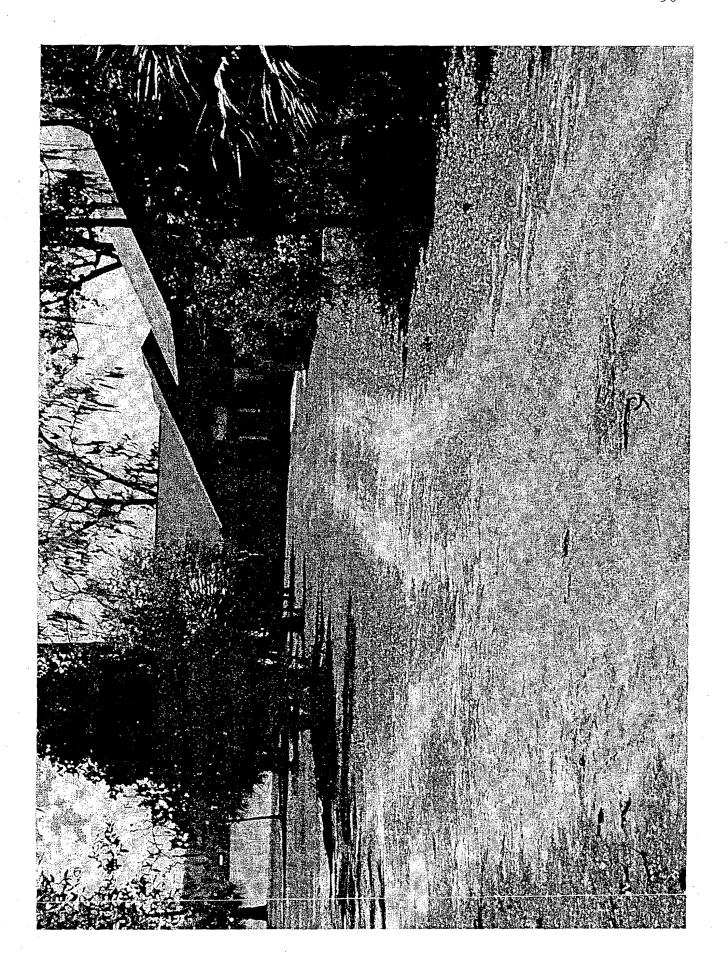
- Q. What is Seminole's situation and approach?
- A. Seminole has a rail-served plant at Palatka, Florida. In 2002 and 2003 Dotiki coal delivered by rail cost Seminole's members less than Dotiki coal delivered by barge to Big Bend. This is shown in the table below and demonstrates that CSXT's service to Palatka, which does not enjoy rail/barge competition, is more efficient and cost-effective by a wide margin for Seminole's members than TECO's water route to Big Bend is to TECO's ratepayers.

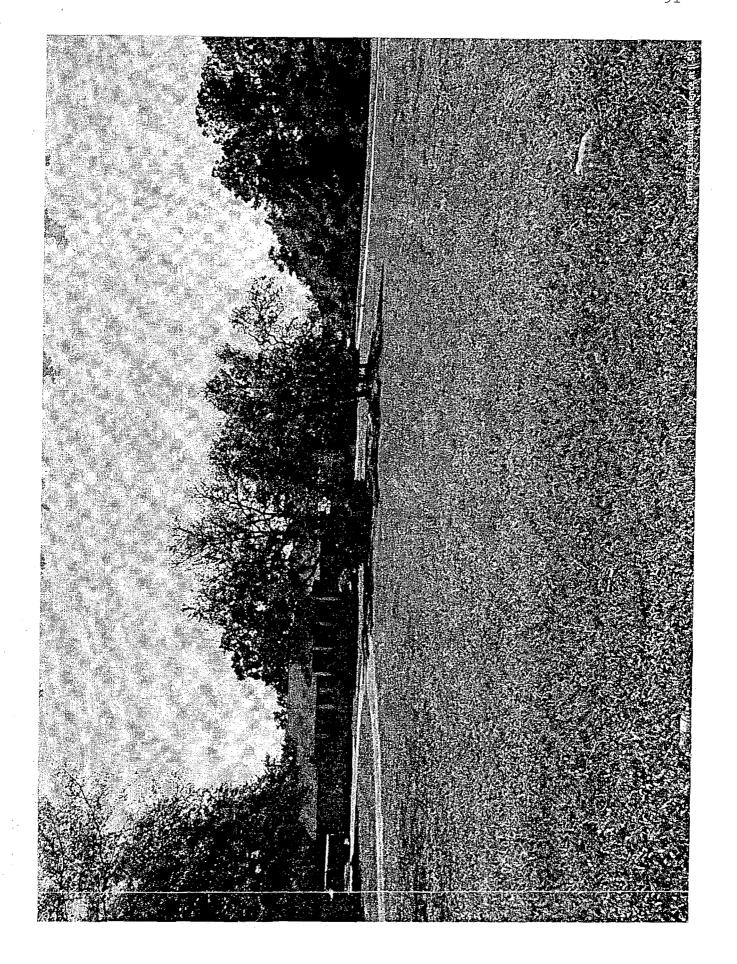
- Q. What, if anything, is noteworthy about this?
- A. This is noteworthy because it demonstrates substantial cost savings via rail, even though Seminole is captive to the CSXT rail system and Big Bend could have rail/water competition.

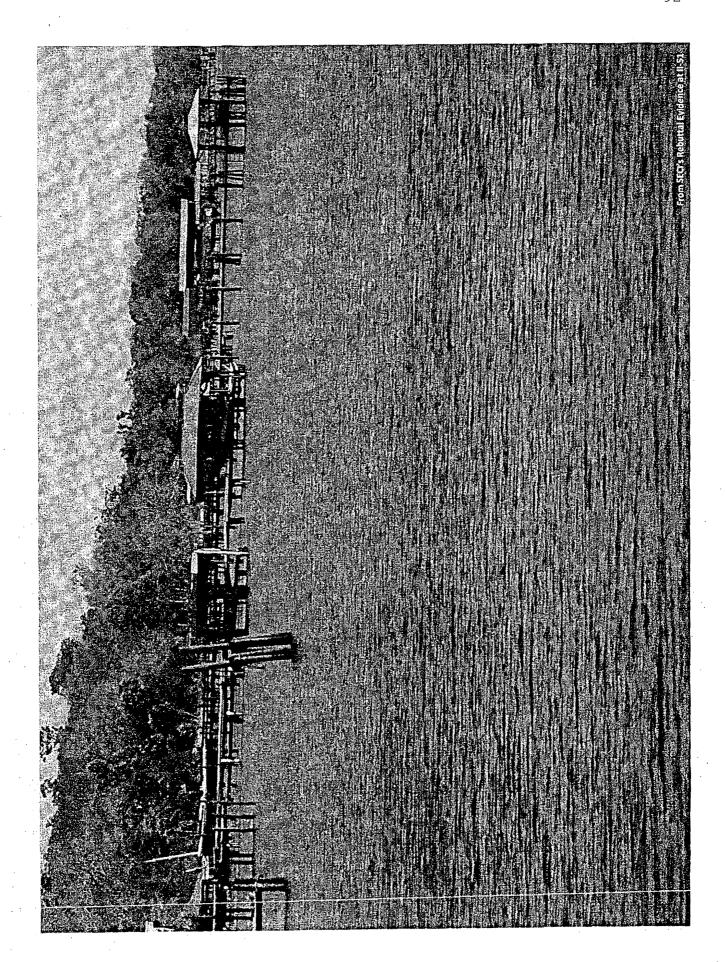












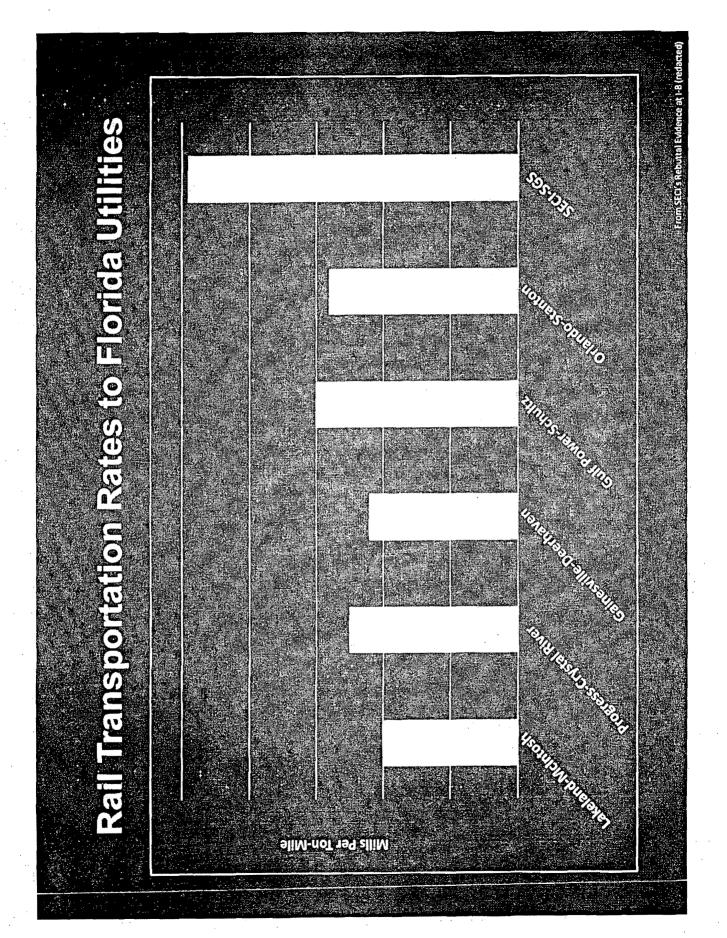
Permitting & Regulatory Requirements

- 1. Amend Puthamicounty's fitture land use map to rezone land parcels next to the river;
- Obtain Putnam county's & Florida D.O.F.S authorization for ceal வோல்லன் undercrossing/overcrossing of C.R. 209 and associated ngm-of-way.
- Seekauithorization from the Siere Board of Intstees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund for use of sovereign state lands for portions of clock system in river. 'n
- 4. Modify existing SGS site certification by Florida Flectrical Power Plant Siting Board,
- Seek air construction permit for new facilities and revision of existing air operation & surface water discharge permits for SGS from FL Dept. of Environmental Protection; Ŋ
- Obtain dredge & fill permit from U.S. Army Corp of Engineers for facilities construction 9

From SECI's Rebuttal Evidence at II-59

WO OOL CAV Selemijs 1500 SVV

- EVA relies on an outdated sourge that does not reflect our ent market conditions
- EVA assumes SECI would incur no additional costs for coal shipments originating at inland barge terminals
- EVA provides no support for assumption that barge rates paid by SECL for river coal transport Would always reflect the low and of pravailing sport rates.
- EVA assumes that coal transfers between fiver and ocean barges could take place.
- EVA assumes GSXT would voluntainly "short-haul" Itself on movements from NAPP mines to ports
- thus underestimating capital & operating costs for required transfer crane capacity EVA underestimates, loading/unloading times avall hygoditetical points of transfer
- EVA ignores costs associated with coal degradation



BEFORE THE SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.

ν.

Complainant,

Docket No. NOR 42110

CSX TRANSPORTATION, INC.

Defendant.

JUN 25 2010

Part of Public Record

ORAL ARGUMENT EXHIBITS OF CSX TRANSPORTATION, INC.

