Current Rail Capacity Issues

Surface Transportation Board
Washington, DC
October 2, 2014
Data are average weekly originations for each month, are not seasonally adjusted, do not include intermodal, and do not include the U.S. operations of CN and CP. Source: AAR
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U.S. Rail Carloads Excluding Coal and Grain

(average weekly originations)

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Recent declines in coal traffic far exceed recent gains in crude oil and associated traffic.

Change in Originated Carloads for Class I RR: (2010 + 2011) vs. (2012 + 2013)

- Coal: -1,964,162
- Crude oil: 546,103
- Crude industrial sand: 247,728
- Paper products: 85,470
- Primary metal products: 70,214
- Cement: 49,474
- Products of petrol. refining: 48,189
- Lumber & wood: 15,157
- Ground earths & minerals: -9,593
- Metallic ores: -11,377
- Food: -56,431
- Waste & scrap: -66,194
- Chemicals: -273,265
- Grain: -472,917

Source: AAR - Freight Commodity Statistics
U.S. Rail Traffic First Half 2013 vs. 2014

Grain: 118,500
Coal: 84,118
Empty shipping containers: 70,263
Crude industrial sand: 41,310
Motor veh. & parts: 24,735
Crude oil: 24,058
Chemicals: 20,949
DDGs: 18,246
Crushed stone: 11,138
Grain mill products: 9,887
Paper products: 9,838
Lumber & wood: 9,345
Cement: 7,212
Primary metal products: 5,872
Waste & scrap: -2,855

*Most intermodal is in this category.

Source: AAR Freight Commodity Statistics
Traffic Growth and Mix Change Has Been a Challenge

- By and large, growth of this magnitude not anticipated.
- Different traffic mix, different locations.
- RRs did not always have resources in the right place to handle it.
- Severe winter, later flooding made things much worse.
Changing Markets = Harder to Plan and Manage Rail Networks

- Different train types
- Different service requirements
- Need for ongoing maintenance
- Traffic volumes not always foreseen
- Traffic mix changes

- Resource limitations
- Need for long lead times
- Regulatory requirements
- Railroads are networks
Four Steps to Increase Capacity

1. Identify and Implement Process Change,
2. Develop and Deploy New or Improved Information Technology,
3. Acquire and Deploy Assets Usable Throughout Network,
4. Plan, Design, Finance, Permit, Acquire, Build and Test Additional Infrastructure.

Steps are not sequential but they are interrelated.
Four Steps to Increase Capacity (1)

1. Identify and Implement Process Change
   • Rework the transportation plan,
   • Update the interchange plan,
   • Rework yard and terminal processing plans,
   • Redesign freight car distribution strategies,
   • Rethink locomotive assignment and deployment,
   • Explore joint facilities opportunities,

Time to deploy – Weeks or months up to a year (+).
Four Steps to Increase Capacity (2)

2. Develop/Deploy New/Improved Information Tech.
   - Dispatching and control systems,
   - “Real time” movement planning technology,
   - Terminal visibility and management systems,
   - Maintenance planning technology,
   - Locomotive distribution systems,
   - Locomotive, freight equipment and track monitoring, fault identification, early detection and diagnostic systems.

Time to deploy – Six months to ten years.
3. Acquire/Deploy Assets Usable Throughout Network

- Trained people,
- Locomotives,
- Additional freight equipment,
- Higher capacity freight equipment,
- High capacity/productivity maintenance machinery.

Time to deploy – Six months to three years.
Four Steps to Increase Capacity (4)

   - Main line, terminal and terminal through route upgrades,
   - New signal and control infrastructure,
   - Locomotive/freight car maintenance/servicing facilities,
   - Intermodal, automotive or transload terminals,
   - Freight classification or unit train servicing capabilities,
   - New bridges or tunnels and/or replacements/upgrades.

Time to deploy – Three years to ten years.
### Where is 2014 Rail Investment Going?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Class</th>
<th>Activity in 2014</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>People</td>
<td>13,300 Added</td>
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<tr>
<td>Locomotives</td>
<td>1,730 Added or Upgraded</td>
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<tr>
<td>Freight Equipment</td>
<td>19,000 Units Added or Upgraded</td>
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<tr>
<td>Infrastructure Capital – Renewal</td>
<td>$6 Billion</td>
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<tr>
<td>Infrastructure Capital - Capacity</td>
<td>$2 Billion</td>
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<tr>
<td>Positive Train Control</td>
<td>$1 Billion (+)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Source: Estimates based on public announcements of rail carriers
Overall Rail Employment

Data in 2010 and later are not directly comparable to data prior to 2010.  Source: STB
More Locomotives

Number of Locomotives in Service

Data are for Class I railroads. Source: AAR
How Does Winter Mess Up Rail Operations?

- Shorter trains
- Snow accumulation
- Frozen track switches
- Rail crews
- Rail customer problems
Chicago Was Epicenter

- Dec. 2013 - March 2014 = coldest four months on record; 26 days at or below zero.
- 82 inches of snow
- Big problem because ~25% of freight rail traffic passes through or near Chicago
How Are Chicago Carriers Preparing Differently in 2014?

- Routing protocols to use alternative gateways.
- Develop and test winter response plans earlier.
- Investment in physical plant in Chicago both through CREATE and individually.
- Trigger Chicago alerts based on performance metrics rather than field estimates.
- Scheduling more maintenance capability.
- Where appropriate, deploy more weather resistant technology.
- Where appropriate, add people.
## CREATE Program Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Freight Railroad Projects</th>
<th>Passenger Projects</th>
<th>Highway / Grade Separation Projects</th>
<th>Other Projects</th>
<th>Project Totals</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Environmental (IDOT Phase I)</td>
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