Omaha, Nebraska 68179

November 26, 2014

237122

## Via E-Filing

Ms. Cynthia T. Brown Chief, Section of Administration Office of Proceedings Surface Transportation Board 395 E Street, SW Washington, D.C. 20024 ENTERED
Office of Proceedings
November 26, 2014
Part of
Public Record

Re: STB Ex Parte No. 724 (Sub-No. 3), United States Rail Service Issues—Data Collection

Dear Ms. Brown:

In response to the Board's October 8, 2014 order in the above-captioned docket, Union Pacific Railroad Company voluntarily submits the attached weekly data report.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Respectfully,

Jeremy M. Berman

Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2014	Departing Week	Date Week Began:	11/15/2014
Railroad: Union Pacific	fear: 2014	Reporting Week:	Date Week Ended:	11/21/2014
,	Speed by Train Type for the Week (MPH)			
Intermodal	29.1			
Grain unit	20.4			
Coal unit	23.9			
Automotive unit	23.3			
Crude oil unit	18.8			
Ethanol unit	18.5			
Manifest	19.8			
All Other	19.8			

Methodology:

AAR train speed measure. Calculated by dividing train-miles by total hours from origin to destination, less intermediate terminal time. Excludes the following train categories: yard, local, passenger, foreign, and maintenance of way.

Weekly Average Terminal Dwell Time Measured in Hours Excluding Cars on Run Through Trains

System Average 31.7

2. Weekly Average Terminal Hours for 10 Largest Termin Capaci	als In Terms Of Railcar
1 Chicago (Proviso), IL	41.6
2 Fort Worth, TX	36.2
3 Houston (Englewood), TX	32.1
4 Livonia, LA	30.7
5 North Little Rock, AR	34.6
6 North Platte East, NE	39.7
7 North Platte West, NE	68.5
8 Pine Bluff, AR	30.3
9 Roseville, CA	29.9
10 West Colton, CA	30.1

Methodology:

AAR terminal dwell measure. Average hours a car resides at the specified terminal location. Begins with train arrival, customer release, or interchange receipt. Ends with train departure, customer placement (actual or constructive), interchange offering or delivery. Excludes cars that move through a terminal on run-through trains. Also excludes stored cars, bad ordered cars, and maintenance of way cars

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Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2014	Reporting Week:	Date Week Ended:	11/21/2014
3. Total Cars On Line by Car Type for the Reporting Week				
Box	22,093			
Covered hopper	104,558			
Gondola	11,826			
Intermodal	14,250			
Multilevel (automotive)	12,621			
Open hopper	47,259			
Tank	69,559			
Other	14,709			
Total	296,875			

Methodology:

AAR cars on line measure. Calculated by AAR using Railinc data. Average daily inventory of all freight cars in revenue fleet regardless of location or status. Includes cars located on shortline railroads, cars delivered to customer facilities and stored cars. Excludes maintenance of way cars. Articulated cars are counted as a single unit.

Weekly Average Dwell Time at Origin for Unit Train Shipments Measured in Hours					
Grain	19.2				
Coal	4.2				
Automotive	Under Development				
Crude Oil	13.9				
Ethanol	32.7				
All Other Unit Trains	12.7				

Methodology:

Measured at origin, from customer release to train departure. Release time is based on the last cut of five or more cars. Includes trains transporting both loaded and empty freight cars. Excludes trains received in interchange from another railroad and intermodal trains. Union Pacific is implementing a process to report origin dwell time for automotive trains, but we are unable to provide reliable information at this time.

#### 5. Weekly Total Number of Trains Held Short of Destination or Scheduled Interchange for Longer than 6 Hours by Train Type and Cause

				Cause			
Train Type	Crew	Locomotive power	Track maintenance	Mechanical Issue		Total	
	Crew	Locomotive power			Number	Briefly Explain Cause	Total
Intermodal	1	1	6	2	4		14
Grain unit	8	4	5	2	23		42
Coal unit	8	4	5	1	37		55
Automotive unit	1	1	4	2	7		15
Crude oil unit	0	0	3	0	0	Customer, Foreign Road, Incidents/Weather, Other	3
Ethanol unit	0	4	1	0	1		6
Other unit	4	6	1	0	10		21
All other trains	9	32	15	3	93		152
Total	31	52	40	10	175		308

Methodology:

Cumulative weekly number, based on daily snapshots of active trains held for more than six consecutive hours. No train is counted more than once each week. Excludes yard and local trains.

6. Weekly	Total Number of Loaded and	Empty Cars in Revenue	Service That Have Not M	loved In:
	Greater Than	n 120 Hours	Greater Than 48 or Equal to	
	Loaded	Empty	Loaded	Empty
Intermodal	135	12	521	26
Grain	166	94	801	858
Coal	160	72	643	436
Crude Oil	18	221	94	329
Ethanol	58	70	301	205
Automotive	29	88	925	594
All Other	2,298	2,677	14,558	12,953

Methodology:

Cumulative weekly number, based on daily snapshots of freight cars in revenue service that have not moved for 48+ hours. Begins with pull from customer facility or interchange receipt, and ends with car placement at customer facility or interchange delivery. Excludes cars in hold status (constructively placed, stored, bad order, offered in interchange, etc.). Excludes empty cars not billed to a specific consignee, non-revenue car movements, and cars billed to Union Pacific Railroad. Excludes cars with no events reported during the past 28 days. Articulated cars are counted as a single unit. No car is counted more than once each week per car cycle.

Railroad: Union Pacific Year: 2014	Year: 2014	Reporting Week:	Date Week Began:	11/15/2014
Railroad: Union Pacific	1 ear. 2014	Reporting Week.	Date Week Ended:	11/21/2014

7. Weekly total grain cars loaded and billed, reported by State, aggregated for the following Standard Transportation Commodity Codes (STCCs): 01131 (barley), 01132 (corn), 01133 (oats), 01135 (rye), 01136 (sorghum grains), 01137 (wheat), 01139 (grain, not elsewhere classified), 01144 (soybeans), 01341 (beans, dry), 01342 (peas, dry), and 01343 (cowpeas, lentils, or lupines). "Total grain cars loaded and billed" includes cars in shuttle service; dedicated train service; reservation, lottery, open and other ordering systems; and, private cars. Additionally, please separately report the total cars loaded and billed in shuttle service (or dedicated train service) versus total cars loaded and billed in all other ordering systems, including private cars.

Instruction: Please enter "0" if no data is being reported for a field.

State	Total Grain Cars Loaded and Billed For All Ordering Systems	Total Grain Cars Loaded and Billed For Shuttle / Dedicated Train Service Ordering Systems	Total Grain Cars Loaded and Billed For Ordering Systems Other Than Shuttle / Dedicated Train Service
AZ	45	0	45
AR	2	0	2
CA	52	0	52
CO	51	0	51
ID	1,551	828	723
IL	193	150	43
IA	321	321	0
KS	1,457	1,304	153
LA	68	0	68
MN	545	321	224
MO	584	540	44
MT	24	0	24
NE	2,596	1,819	777
NV	0	0	0
NM	0	0	0
ок	129	0	129
OR	8	0	8
TN	0	0	0
TX	14	0	14
UT	1	0	1
WA	10	0	10
WI	86	0	86
WY	35	0	35
Total	7,772	5,283	2,489

Methodology:

Number of grain cars loaded and billed each week by state and type of train service. A carload is counted when the loaded car is released by UP's customer or received in interchange from another railroad. State is based on UP origin. Shuttle / dedicated train service includes cars moving on grain shuttle trains. Other than shuttle / dedicated train service includes all other cars moving on unit grain trains or manifest service.

Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2014	Reporting Week:	Date Week Began:	11/15/2014
Kalifoad. Offion Facilic	Teal. 2014	Reporting Week.	Date Week Ended:	11/21/2014

8. For the aggregated STCCs in item 7, report by State the following: a. running total number of outstanding car orders (a car order equals one car); b. average number of days late for all outstanding car orders; c. total number of new car orders received during the past week; d. total number of car orders filled during the past week.

State	a. Running Total Number of Outstanding Car Orders	b. Average Number of Days Late For All Outstanding Grain Car Orders	c. Number of New Car Orders	d. Number of Car Orders Filled	e.1. Number of Orders Canceled By Shipper	e.2. Number of Orders Canceled By Railroad
AZ	230	5	25	35	0	0
AR	47	6	0	1	0	0
CA	207	5	158	29	0	0
CO	82	40	101	14	0	0
ID	491	3	345	142	18	0
IL	513	15	85	33	0	0
IA	7	23	0	12	0	0
KS	960	17	256	66	0	0
LA	0	0	0	22	0	0
MN	97	7	90	38	0	0
MO	329	16	25	16	0	0
MT	68	3	45	13	0	0
NE	3,038	16	466	455	0	0
NV	0	0	0	0	0	0
NM	0	0	0	0	0	0
OK	518	14	100	121	0	0
OR	66	0	15	5	0	0
TN	0	0	0	0	0	0
TX	217	13	15	15	0	0
UT	25	0	34	9	0	0
WA	19	11	16	10	0	0
WI	47	6	75	12	50	0
WY	17	22	0	23	0	0
TOTAL	6,978	14	1,851	1,071	68	0

Methodology:

Per the tariff, Union Pacific accepts grain orders for half-month periods. <u>Outstanding orders</u> include unfilled guaranteed orders from prior half-month periods plus all unfilled guaranteed orders for the current half. <u>Average number of days late for outstanding orders</u>: For any outstanding orders from prior half-month periods, we calculate the number of days past the end of the half that the cars were ordered for. <u>New car orders</u> are requests received during the reporting period for the next half-month period and beyond. <u>Car orders filled</u> are the number of empty cars delivered to customers for loading during the reporting period. For offline customers, orders are filled when cars are delivered or offered in interchange to the connecting carrier. The data in columns a and b is calculated from a snapshot of outstanding car orders taken every Monday. The data in columns c, d, and e is based on a reporting period that spans Sunday through Saturday. This metric excludes cars in UP's shuttle train program because those cars are controlled by the shuttle operator.

Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2014	Reporting Week:	Date Week Began:	11/15/2014
Railroad: Union Pacific	1 edi. 2014	Reporting week:	Date Week Ended:	11/21/2014

	ain Shuttle (Or Dedicated Grain Train) Round Trip To Reflect The Previous Four Weeks	ps, By
Region (Please Specify Destination Region)	Trip Performance Previous Four Weeks	
AR/TX	3.8	
CA/AZ	3.0	
Gulf	2.6	
Mexico	1.8	
PNW	3.4	
Other Domestic	4.5	

Methodology:

Average trips per shuttle set per month = 720 hours per month / (Average loaded cycle hours + Average empty cycle hours). A loaded cycle is measured from loaded release to empty release. An empty cycle is measured from empty release to loaded release. The average cycle times are calculated for all cycles that closed during the 4-week reporting period. Union Pacific currently has two shuttle sets dedicated to a routine inspection and preventative maintenance program. That shop time is included in our measure.

10. Average Daily Coal Unit Train Loadings vs. Plan for the Reporting Week By Coal Production Region	
Region	Loadings Average Current Week
Powder River Basin	28.9
Illinois Basin	0.4
Uinta Basin	6.7

Methodology: Average daily count of loaded coal trains released by the mines