Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2016	Reporting Week:	Date Week Began: Date Week Ended:	11/26/2016 12/2/2016
1. System-Average Train Speed Reporting Week				
Intermodal	34.4	Methodology:	AAR train speed measu	re. Calculated by dividing train-miles by tot
Grain unit	24.2	hours from origin to destination, less intermed		
Coal unit	27.5		-	train categories: yard, local, passenger,
Automotive unit	28.1		foreign, and maintenand	
Crude oil unit	26.1			-
Ethanol unit	24.7			242214
Manifest	24.1			
All Other	21.5			ENTERED
2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours Excluding Cars on R				Office of Proceedings December 7, 2016 Part of
				December 7, 2016
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar			December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5	Methodology:		December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 44.7	Methodology:	specified terminal location	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX 3 Houston (Englewood), TX	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 44.7 41.5	Methodology:	specified terminal locati release, or interchange	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer receipt. Ends with train departure, customer
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX 3 Houston (Englewood), TX 4 Livonia, LA	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 40.5 41.5 43.2	Methodology:	specified terminal locati release, or interchange placement (actual or co	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer receipt. Ends with train departure, custome nstructive), interchange offering or delivery
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX 3 Houston (Englewood), TX 4 Livonia, LA 5 North Little Rock, AR	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 44.7 41.5 43.2 38.6	Methodology:	specified terminal locati release, or interchange placement (actual or co Excludes cars that move	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer receipt. Ends with train departure, customer nstructive), interchange offering or delivery e through a terminal on run-through trains.
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Du Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX 3 Houston (Englewood), TX 4 Livonia, LA 5 North Little Rock, AR 6 North Platte East, NE	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 44.7 41.5 43.2 38.6 39.1	Methodology:	specified terminal locati release, or interchange placement (actual or co Excludes cars that move Also excludes stored ca	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer receipt. Ends with train departure, custome nstructive), interchange offering or delivery
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Dy Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX 3 Houston (Englewood), TX 4 Livonia, LA 5 North Little Rock, AR 6 North Platte East, NE 7 North Platte West, NE	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 40.5 41.5 43.2 38.6 39.1 33.6	Methodology:	specified terminal locati release, or interchange placement (actual or co Excludes cars that move	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer receipt. Ends with train departure, customer nstructive), interchange offering or delivery e through a terminal on run-through trains.
Hours Excluding Cars on R System Average 2. Weekly Average Terminal Du Hours for 10 Largest Terminal Capacity 1 Chicago (Proviso), IL 2 Fort Worth, TX 3 Houston (Englewood), TX 4 Livonia, LA 5 North Little Rock, AR 6 North Platte East, NE	un Through Trains 36.0 well Time Measured in Is In Terms Of Railcar 40.5 44.7 41.5 43.2 38.6 39.1	Methodology:	specified terminal locati release, or interchange placement (actual or co Excludes cars that move Also excludes stored ca	December 7, 2016 Part of Public Record sure. Average hours a car resides at the ion. Begins with train arrival, customer receipt. Ends with train departure, customer nstructive), interchange offering or delivery e through a terminal on run-through trains.

		-	Date Week Began:	11/26/2016		
Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2016	Reporting Week:	Date Week Ended:	12/2/2016		
3. Total Cars On Line by Ca	r Type for the Reporting		-	<u>. </u>		
Wee	k					
Box	23,465	Methodology:	AAR cars on line meas	ure. Calculated by AAR u	sing Railinc data. Average daily inventory of all freight cars in revenue fleet	
Covered hopper	111,082		regardless of location or status. Includes cars located on shortline railroads, cars delivered to customer facilities a			
Gondola	10,623		cars. Excludes maintenance of way cars. Articulated cars are counted as a single unit.			
Intermodal	14,264					
Multilevel (automotive)	11,838					
Open hopper	40,200					
Tank	69,840					
Other	13,559					
Total	294,871					
4. Weekly Average Dwel	II Time at Origin for Unit					
Train Shipments Measured in Hours						
Grain	16.8	Methodology:	Measured at origin, from	m customer release to tra	in departure. Release time is based on the last cut of five or more cars.	
Coal	5.8		Includes trains transpo	rting both loaded and emp	oty freight cars. Excludes trains received in interchange from another	
Automotive	17.3		railroad and intermodal trains.			
Crude Oil	10.3					

	5. Weekly Total Number of Trains Held Short of Destination or Scheduled Interchange for Longer than 6 Hours by Train Type and Cause						
	Cause						
Train Type	Crow	Locomotive power	Track maintenance Ma	Mechanical Issue		Other	
Crew	Crew	Locomotive power	Track maintenance	wechanical issue	Number	Briefly Explain Cause	Total
Intermodal	0	1	1	0	4		6
Grain unit	1	3	0	0	18		22
Coal unit	2	1	1	0	16		20
Automotive unit	0	0	0	0	3	Customer, Foreign Road, Incidents/Weather, Other	3
Crude oil unit	0	0	0	0	0		0
Ethanol unit	1	1	0	0	0		2
Other unit	1	1	0	0	12		14
All other trains	2	7	1	0	12		22
Total	7	14	3	0	65		89

Methodology:

Ethanol

All Other Unit Trains

Cumulative weekly number, based on daily snapshots of active trains held for more than six consecutive hours. No train is counted more than once each week. Excludes yard and local trains.

6. Weekly	Total Number of Loaded and	Empty Cars in Revenue	e Service That Have Not M	loved In:	
	Greater Tha	n 120 Hours	Greater Than 48 but Less than or Equal to 120 Hours		
	Loaded	Empty	Loaded	Empty	
Intermodal	60	22	635	90	
Grain	127	178	1,040	933	
Coal	275	94	720	921	
Crude Oil	9	23	19	56	
Ethanol	17	36	364	720	
Automotive	66	98	2,282	904	
All Other	2,740	3,024	25,034	21,185	

27.5

13.9

Methodology: Cumulative weekly number, based on daily snapshots of freight cars in revenue service that have not moved for 48+ hours. Begins with pull from customer facility or interchange receipt, and ends with car placement at customer facility or interchange delivery. Excludes cars in hold status (constructively placed, stored, bad order, offered in interchange, etc.). Excludes empty cars not billed to a specific consignee, non-revenue car movements, and cars billed to Union Pacific Railroad. Excludes cars with no events reported during the past 28 days. Articulated cars are counted as a single unit. No car is counted more than once each week per car cycle.

			Date Week Damm	
Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2016	Reporting Week:	Date Week Began:	11/26/2016
			Date Week Ended:	12/2/2016
	oaded and billed, reported by State, aggregated for the follo			
			(cowpeas, lentils, or lupines). "Total grain cars loaded and	
			lly, please separately report the total cars loaded and billed	
in shuttle service (or dedicate	ed train service) versus total cars loaded and billed in all oth	er ordering systems, including private cars.		
Instruction: Please enter "0" i	if no data is being reported for a field.			
State	Total Grain Cars Loaded and Billed For All Ordering	Total Grain Cars Loaded and Billed For Shuttle /	Total Grain Cars Loaded and Billed For Ordering Systems	
	Systems	Dedicated Train Service Ordering Systems	Other Than Shuttle / Dedicated Train Service	
AZ	35	0	35	
AR	0	0	0	
CA	24	0	24	
СО	340	219	121	
ID	1,366	957	409	
IL I	382	185	197	
IA	454	329	125	
KS	2,128	1,643	485	
LA	1	0	1	
MN	632	433	199	
MO	233	110	123	
МТ	13	0	13	
NE	872	652	220	
NV	0	0	0	
NM	0	0	0	
OK	143	110	33	
OR	13	0	13	
TN	0	0	0	
TX	156	218	-62	
UT	1	0	1	
WA	9	0	9	
WI	317	188	129	
WY	0	0	0	
Total	7,119	5,044	2,075	

Methodology:

Number of grain cars loaded and billed each week by state and type of train service. A carload is counted when the loaded car is released by UP's customer or received in interchange from another railroad. State is based on UP origin. Shuttle / dedicated train service includes cars moving on grain shuttle trains. Other than shuttle / dedicated train service includes all other cars moving on unit grain trains or manifest service.

Railroad: Union Pacific	Year: 2016	Poporting Wook:	Date Week Began:	11/26/2016
Railload. Officit Facilic	fear: 2016	Reporting Week:	Date Week Ended:	12/2/2016

8. For the aggregated STCCs in item 7, report by State the following: a. running total number of outstanding car orders (a car order equals one car); b. average number of days late for all outstanding car orders; c. total number of new car orders received during the past week; d. total number of car orders filled during the past week; and e. number of orders cancelled, respectively, by shipper and railroad during the past week.

State	a. Running Total Number of Outstanding Car Orders	b. Average Number of Days Late For All Outstanding Grain Car Orders	c. Number of New Car Orders	d. Number of Car Orders Filled	e.1. Number of Orders Canceled By Shipper	e.2. Number of Orders Canceled By Railroad
AZ	25	0	50	82	0	0
AR	1	0	0	0	0	0
CA	102	0	3	0	0	0
CO	72	0	0	6	0	0
ID	207	0	59	76	0	0
IL	0	0	0	0	0	0
IA	2	0	2	12	0	0
KS	536	6	51	295	0	0
LA	0	0	0	0	0	0
MN	63	0	24	33	0	0
MO	17	0	12	108	0	0
MT	27	0	0	11	0	0
NE	579	0	353	259	0	0
NV	0	0	0	1	0	0
NM	0	0	0	0	0	0
ОК	523	2	220	28	0	0
OR	25	0	7	1	0	0
TN	0	0	0	0	0	0
ТХ	0	0	75	0	0	0
UT	10	0	0	11	0	0
WA	25	0	19	0	0	0
WI	236	0	0	16	0	0
WY	5	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	2,455	2	875	939	0	0

Methodology:

Per the tariff, Union Pacific accepts grain orders for half-month periods. <u>Outstanding orders</u> include unfilled guaranteed orders from prior half-month periods plus all unfilled guaranteed orders for the current half. <u>Average number of days late for outstanding orders</u>: For any outstanding orders from prior half-month periods, we calculate the number of days past the end of the half that the cars were ordered for. <u>New car orders</u> are requests received during the reporting period for the next half-month period and beyond. <u>Car orders filled</u> are the number of empty cars delivered to customers for loading during the reporting period. For offline customers, orders are filled when cars are delivered or offered in interchange to the connecting carrier. The data in columns a and b is calculated from a snapshot of outstanding car orders taken every Monday. The data in columns c, d, and e is based on a reporting period that spans Sunday through Saturday. This metric excludes cars in UP's shuttle train program because those cars are controlled by the shuttle operator.

Railroad: Union Pacific	Veers 2046 Benerting Weeks	Date Week Began:	11/26/2016		
Railfoad: Union Pacific	fear: 2016	Year: 2016 Reporting Week:		12/2/2016	
	or Grain Shuttle (Or Dedicate ated To Reflect The Previou		, Ву		
Region Trip Performance (Please Specify Previous Four Weeks Destination Region)					
AR/TX		3.7	-		
CA/AZ		2.9			
Gulf		3.1			
Mexico	1.8				
PNW		6.6			
Other Domestic		10.3			

Methodology:

Average trips per shuttle set per month = 720 hours per month / (Average loaded cycle hours + Average empty cycle hours). A loaded cycle is measured from loaded release to empty release. An empty cycle is measured from empty release to loaded release. The average cycle times are calculated for all cycles that closed during the 4-week reporting period. Measure includes routine inspection and preventative maintenance.

10. Average Daily Coal Unit Train Loadings vs. Plan for the Reporting Week By Coal Production Region				
Region Loadings Average Current Week				
Powder River Basin 17.6				
Illinois Basin 0.3				
Uinta Basin	4.3			

Methodology: Average daily count of loaded coal trains released by the mines.